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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Soviet Loses Battle For Big Power Veto

BLOW AT U. N. CORNER-STONE, WARNS DELEGATE

Security Council Postpones Decision On Indian Complaint On S. Africa's Request

PARIS, Sept. 24 (Reuter): The United Nations today rejected by 47 votes to six a Soviet proposal to exclude from the General Assembly agenda a discussion of the Great Powers' Veto rights in the Security Council.

M. JAKOB MALIK, THE SOVIET DELEGATE, WARNED THAT "DIRE CONSEQUENCES" MIGHT RESULT FROM THE "ATTEMPT TO DESTROY THE PRINCIPLE OF THE UNANIMITY OF THE BIG-FIVE"—THE VETO.

"It would represent a blow at the cornerstone of the United Nations", he said.

ADMISSION OF NEW MEMBERS

M. Malik also lost his proposal to remove from the agenda the question of admission of new members—including Ceylon and Italy—by 29 votes to 16 with ten abstentions.

This time the Soviet Delegate was supported by France, Belgium, Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Australia, Canada, Pakistan and as well as the Eastern European States. Britain and the United States were among those against.

PAKISTAN SUPPORTS RUSSIA

Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, chief Pakistan Delegate, argued that the Assembly must reject the item if a recommendation to reject were received from the Security Council.

Most of those supporting Russia did so on the grounds that it would be unconstitutional for the Assembly to discuss the admission of new members. Some of the speakers said they were keen supporters of the applications involved—Ceylon, Italy, Eire, Portugal, Finland and the Transjordan.

M. Malik was also heavily defeated in his attempt to strike off the agenda: The report of the Balkans Commission, charging Greece's three northern neighbours with helping Greek guerillas—by 44 votes to six.

A proposal to establish a permanent "Little Assembly" was defeated by 46 to six.

Discussion of the Little Assembly's suggestions for promoting international co-operation by 47 to six; report of the United Nations Korea Commission—by 47 to six.

A Chilean resolution charging the Soviet Union with violating fundamental human rights in preventing Soviet wives joining their husbands overseas—by 36 to seven, with 17 abstentions.

Without making a formal motion, Faris Bey el Khouri, of Syria, urged that the General Assembly should make no recommendations on Count Bernadotte's report on Palestine unless formally asked to do so by the Security Council.

INDO-S. AFRICAN DISPUTE

The Assembly agreed without opposition to a South African request to postpone until later, a decision on whether to take up the Indian complaint about treatment of Indians in South Africa.

The session adjourned until tomorrow morning.

S. AFRICA RENEWS THREAT OF WITHDRAWAL

Tolerance Must Replace Ideological Warfare, Pleads Chinese Delegate

PARIS, Sept. 24 (Reuter): South Africa today warned the United Nations that it might have to consider withdrawing from the organisation unless it changed the road it had been travelling for the past two years.

Mr. Eric Louw, South African Minister of Economic Affairs, told the General Assembly that there was a "growing volume of opinion "in South Africa which was beginning to doubt whether membership of the United Nations was compatible with South Africa's national interests.

Other speakers at this morning's session were the delegates of China Burma, Turkey and Denmark.

PLEA FOR TOLERANCE

Dr. Wang Shih-Chieh (China) told the General Assembly it was falsely assumed that the peoples of the world must choose between Capitalism and Communism. "If world pease is to be preserved, tolerance must replace the present ideological warfare," he said.

S. AFRICA'S MAIN COMPLAINTS

South Africa's main complaints against the work of the United Nations so far were:

(1) Disillusion with the work of the Security Council because of its continual "dissension.". (2) The smaller powers have lost their faith in the ability of the Big Powers, with their right to veto, to maintain international peace. (3) The United Nations has attempted to interfere in matters of domestic jurisdiction.

TWO DEPUTY MINISTERS?

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Sept. 24.

Appointment of two Deputy Ministers is regarded imminent here and an announcement is likely to be made early next week. One of them will be Mr. Satyanarain Sinha, who is being promoted but would continue to function as the Chief Whip. The second Deputy Minister is expected to assist some Minister holding bigger portfolio, such as Railways or Communications.

Bombay To Go Ahead With Prohibition

POONA, September 24. (A. P. I.): The Bombay Government's prohibition policy would be pursued according to plan and would not be affected by the reported directive of the Government of India asking Provincial Governments to go slow with their policies of Prohibition and abolition of Zamindari system, it was learnt here today.

It was pointed out that the Bombay Government's programme of land reform and Prohibition would not force the provinces to seek financial assistance of the Centre in its implementation.

Contribute To Gandhi Memorial Fund

APPEAL TO BOMBAY CITIZENS

The following appeal to the citizens of Bombay has been issued by the Gandhi National Memorial Fund (Bombay Committee):—

The citizens of Bombay are aware that in order to further the the manifold constructive activities which give a concrete form to the ideals of Mahatma Gandhi, the Father of the Nation, a Gandhi National Memorial Fund is being collected throughout the length and breadth of the country. The Central Committee of the Fund has appointed a Committee for the city of Bombay to take the necessary steps for collecting the Fund in the city. As a first step in that direction, the Bombay Committee decided to approach the various firms and offices in the city with a view to enlist their co-operation and assistance in the work of collecting money for the Fund. The Committee has already approached a large number of firms and offices and it is pleased to announce that it has received co-operation from them in abundant measure.

The Bombay Committee desires that every citizen of Bombay should share the national responsibility of collecting the Fund, by contributing generously to it. The Committee has divided itself into seven ward Committees through which it proposes to approach every citizen for contribution to the Gandhi Fund. These ward Committees will commence their work on the 25th September, 1948, which marks the beginning of the Gandhi Jayanti Celebrations. These ward Committees will function in co-operation with the Congress District Committees during the Gandhi Jayanti celebrations which last upto 9th October, 1948. Thereafter they will continue to work independently.

The Bombay Committee appeals to the citizens of Bombay to contribute generously to the Fund, in keeping with the traditions of this "Urbs Prima Indis", it will be greatly appreciated if every citizen makes it a point to contribute at least 10 days' income to the Fund.

Ratilal M. Gandhi, Bhawanji A. Khimji, Shantikumar N. Morarji, Abid Ali Jafferbhoy, B. N. Maheshwari, P. K. Sawant, G. D. Ambekar, Jt. Hon. Secretaries (BOMBAY COMMITTEE), Gandhi National Memorial Fund, C/o. Indian Merchants' Chamber, Back Bay Reclamation, Fort, Bombay.

Mr. Kishenlal, Captain of the Indian Hockey team which arrived by the "Circasia" last evening being greeted by Mr. J. C. Maitra, Vice-President of the Indian Hockey Federation.

WELCOME HOME TO HOCKEY HEROES

Bombay Accords Rousing Reception

A cordial "welcome home" on behalf of the citizens of Bombay, was extended to the members of the Indian Olympic Hockey Team, the world champions, when they disembarked from the M. V. "Circassia", at the Mole Station, Ballard Pier, on Friday evening, by Mr. Nathalal Parekh and Mr. Purshottom Thakkar of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee.

Accompanying heroes were also members of the Indian Olympic Soccers and Olympic teams.

In their smart light blue blazers with gold badges bearing the inscription "India" and grey flannels, all the men looked hale and hearty.

There were touching scenes on the quayside when the boys met their relatives and friends who had come there for the third time since yesterday to receive them. Twice they had to return disappointed, on account of the treacherous weather which upset the ship's berthing schedule.

Kishenlal, the Captain of the hockey team smiled happily as he proudly led the visitors down the gangway of the gleaming white luxury liner on to the shores of the motherland.

Here, both on the quayside as well as inside the Mole, large crowds had thronged to welcome the boys. They were cheered from all directions as they hurriedly walked down to their waiting relatives and friends for a brief reunion, for, soon they were hustled into waiting conveyances to be in time for the Bombay Municipal Corporation's civic reception, which for the first time in the history of the Corporation has been accorded to a victorious Indian sporting side.

Earlier when a representative of the

(Continued on Page 7.)

BIGGEST STRIKE IN FRENCH HISTORY

PARIS, Sept. 24 (Reuter): France's industry, communications and transport were completely paralysed this afternoon when five to six million organised workers downed tools promptly at four o'clock in answer to the two-hour general strike call of the major trade union federations.

DESPITE NIZAM'S CABLE

Security Council To Consider Complaint Next Week

PARIS, Sept. 24, (Reuter): Hyderabad's complaint against India will be considered by the United Nations Security Council next week despite the Nizam's telegram withdrawing the appeal it was disclosed here today.

The Securty Council may then drop the whole matter or follow the precedent established when Persia made a complaint against Russia in 1946 and later withdrew it.

It remains to be seen, therefore, what certain members of the Security Council will have to say when the Nizam's withdrawal of his complaint is laid before them.

Dr. Jose Ace, Argentina's representative was very critical of India when the matter was raised this week but he would have to get six other delegates to support him if he wanted to keep in on the agnda.

Mirza Ismail And Sultan Ahmed At Delhi

NEW DELHI, Sept. 24 (API): Sir Mirza Ismai, former Prime Minister of Hyderabad, and Sir Sultan Ahmed arrived here today.

It is not known if it would be possible for Sir Mirza Ismail to visit Hyderabad at present, as normal communications have not yet been restored.

CARE-TAKER GOVERNMENT FOR HYDERABAD?

New Delhi Talks On Administrative Set-Up: Round-Up Of Razakars Continues

NEW DELHI, Sept 24 (UPI): The present series of high-level talks on immediate administrative set-up of Hyderabad, as well as its political future, are expected to conclude by Monday when decisions on certain specific administrative issues are expected to emerge.

On the political plane, discussions are reported to be centering round the question of the setting up of a care-taker Government in the State as early as possible and composition thereof.

STATE CONGRESS PROPOSALS

The question of new administrative set up in Hyderabad and formation of a Constituent Assembly as proposed by the Government of India, were examined exhaustively this evening by the Committee of Action of the Hyderabad State Congress, at a meeting held here under the presidency by Swami Ramananda Tirtha.

The Council, as was stated by Swami Ramananda Tirtha after the meeting, is of the opinion that a Government on democratic basis should be set up in Hyderabad as early as possible.

ROUND-UP OF RAZAKARS CONTINUES

POONA, Sept. 2 (API): "Indian troops entered Gulbarga at 2 p.m. yesterday and started clearing the town and adjoining areas of Razakars", states a press "communique" issued from the Southern Command this evening.

No Strike Today In Municipal Hospitals

BOMBAY, Friday

Staff of the Municipal Hospitals in the city will not go on strike tomorrow it was decided at a meeting held this evening at Naigaum. Mr. Abidali Jafferbhai presided.

Mr. Asoka Mehta and Mr. M Harris who addressed the gathering, advised the hospital staff against the strike decision taken earlier, and asked them to accept adjudication.

Gradual Recontrol Of All Foodgrains

INDIA GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCES POLICY

Monopoly Of Procurement And Distribution Again

NEW DELHI, SEPT. 24 (UPI): THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA'S DECISION TO REIMPOSE CONTROL GRADUALLY OVER THE PRICES, PROCUREMENT AND DISTRIBUTION OF ALL FOODGRAINS WAS ANNOUNCED BY MR. JAIRAMDAS DAULATRM, FOOD MINISTER, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, AT A PRESS CONFERENCE IN NEW DELHI TODAY.

The Government's objective, said the Food Minister, would be to achieve under Central direction and co-ordination at any rate by October, 1949, the position regarding monopoly procurement and rationing which existed in November, 1947. He also indicated that further steps required for the achievement of uniformity of standards during 1950 in the matter of rationing and procurement would be considered in July, 1949, and that the Central Government would determine from time to time how far a departure from the standard of achievement was expedient or necessary for any particular area.

Explaining the new food policy, the Food Minister said: "The decision regarding control of foodgrains has been taken as part of a programme of action to deal with the present economic situation and the threat of inflation. The control of cotton and cloth was the first step. The control of food is the second step. The control of a few more of essential commodities and certain other steps to deal with the problem of inflation are yet to follow".

The various measures announced today, he said, had been approved by the provincial and States Premiers and Food Ministers who met in conference in New Delhi last week.

PLAN OF CONTROL

Announcing that the grains to be controlled are rice, wheat, jowar, bajra, maize, barley, gram and ragi where it is important, the Food Minister stated that the plan of control envisages the following measures:

(A) The surplus areas, the deficit areas and the self-sufficient areas will remain cordoned off. No movement of the above mentioned grains will be permitted from one Province or State to another except on Government to Government basis. The Government will also have full power of control over the movement of these grains within a Province or State.

(B) In the surplus areas the surpluses will be procured from cultivators through an agency appointed by Government at prices approved by the Central Government. All these grain surpluses together with grains from overseas imported by the Central Government will be distributed by the latter in accordance with its basic plan of distribution to different deficit areas.

(C) To secure information of wholesale stocks and their movements, all those engaged in the purchase, sale or storage of foodgrains will be required to obtain a license and to submit periodical reports of their grain purchases, sales and stocks; and

(D) To minimise hoarding by consumers, to restore confidence and to ensure an equitable distribution of available supplies, rationing will be enforced.

PROCUREMENT AND PRICES

The Food Minister added: "The basic aim of controls is to prevent high prices and to utilise internal production to the maximum advantage. It has been decided, therefore, that there must be maximum procurement of internal production in each administrative area, province or state. The details of the method of procurement have, for the time being, been left to the provinces. But all Governments will declare a price at which they will have the power to requisition grain stocks or produce compulsorily. The prices which will be fived should apply for the whole crop year. It is the policy of the Government of India to reduce the procurement prices gradually to a reasonable level which is fair to both the consumer and the producer."

SUPPLY TO PRODUCERS OF FOODGRAINS

The Food Minister added that to implement the decision taken regarding control of foodgrains, Provincial Governments had to make arrangements to supply other commodities like cloth, kerosene, iron and steel and cement to producers of foodgrains.

In order to encourage procurement the Centre would give to the Provincial and State Governments a bonus of 8 annas per maund procured.

In addition, an equal bonus would be payable on quantities exported by

(Continued on Page 7.)

Textile Body's Decisions: Page 9

FREQUENT SHOWERS FOR CITY TODAY?

Gale Warning For Cutch And West Saurashtra

BOMBAY, Friday.

The cyclonic storm which hit Bombay on Thursday evening, abated early this morning.

At the peak of its fury it took a toll of three barges, whose crew had very narrow escapes and only managed to reach safety because the vessels were moored close to the quayside. The launch "Marguerite" and a country craft which found themselves at the mercy of the lashing waves were rescued by Port Trust Tugs.

At Versova a fishing craft was reported to have capsized. However late this evening, the Andheri Police received information that the craft had not capsized as reported earlier, but had managed to reach safely to Manori Creek in a damaged condition. All four fisherman who had put out to sea in it were safe, and had reached Manori Island at 6 a.m. today.

TANSA LAKE LEVEL

Upto 8 a.m. this morning the Hydraulic Engineers Department reports, that only 32 cents of rain had fallen in the Tansa Lake area. The water level had come up by about three inches, but was still about thirty inches below normal.

The Santa Cruz Weather Forecasting Bureau records that the cyclone on the Arabian Sea has become severe and was centred this evening close to the coast near Veraval. Veraval reports a gale from 12 noon to 4 p.m. after which no observations were received due to the breakdown of communications.

The severe cyclone is expected to move north-westwards close to the Kathiawar coast in the course of the night. Gale warning has been issued for West Saurashtra and Cutch. Frequent showers, at times heavy, are expected in Bombay City and Suburbs. Heavy showers are also expected in North Konkan, Gujerat and Saurashtra.

Between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. today Colaba recorded 1/2 inch of rain, Santa Cruz 1/4 inch and Juhu 1/2 inch.

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Wanted a Hotel Manager (either sex) at Juhu. Apply Box N 9575 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced Graduate Proof Readers with good command over English-language. Apply in own handwriting with certificates to the Manager, "Bombay Chronicle" Fort, Bombay, between 2 p.m. and 4 p.m.

Applications are invited from influential and respectable gentlemen for the post of District Organisers on a salary of Rs. 250/- per month plus commission for selling shares and 5 years Investment Certificates. Please write to Bengal Improvement Trust Ltd 7A, Clive Row, Calcutta. 1134

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Astrological Readings prepared with expert knowledge. To answer any five questions Rs. 5. Ten years' Reading by periods and subperiods Rs. 7. Life-Reading Rs. 20. State correct birth-time, place and date of birth in communication, with remittance by P.O. The Eastern Astrological Service, Post Box 35A, Bombay—1. 9571

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For Sale at Bargain Prices, one 46 Buick super excellent condition, with moderate mileage. Another 47 Vauxhal Fourteen done about six thousand miles. Tele 22564. 9570

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PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS CO: LTD.

(In voluntary Liquidation)

LOST SHARE CERTIFICATE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that share Certificate No 38723 in respect of five ordinary shares No 210459 to 210463 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co. Ltd (In voluntary Liquidation) standing in the name of Manmohandas Pranjivan has been lost mislaid or destroyed.

Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their registered office Electric House, Bombay No 1 within one month from the date hereof otherwise a duplicate Share Certificate will be issued in respect thereof.

Dated. 25-9-1948

(9577)

THE BHARAT SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company "GOOL MANSION" Homji Street Fort Bombay on SATURDAY the 25th day of September 1948 at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business

1. To receive and adopt the DIRECTORS' REPORT and Audited Balance sheet and PROFIT and LOSS account made upto 31st March, 1948.
2. To sanction the declaration of a dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but who being eligible offer themselves for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditor or Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix his or their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from THURSDAY, the 9th day of September, 1948 to THURSDAY the 30th day of September 1948 both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.
PURSHOTAM GOVINDJI & CO.
Managing Agents.

Bombay, 25th August, 1948.

N.B. Dividend if sanctioned as recommended by the Directors will be paid on and after Thursday the 30th day of September, 1948, between 12 Noon and 3 P.M. (S.T.). Dividend warrants will be posted to the last registered address of the Shareholders.

1199

THE MANMAR MFG. CO., LTD.

NOTICE

60TH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Coy will be held at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) on TUESDAY, 19-10-'48 at Coy's registered office 17, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay to transact the business stated in the notice posted.

TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from 5-10-'48 to 19-10-'48 both days inclusive.

(Sd.) MAGANLAL D. KHAKHAR,
Chairman.

(1588)

UNITED STATE OF SAURASHTRA

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TENDERS are invited for the purchase and removal of the following stores located at JAMNAGAR

No.	Description of Stores.	Approx. Quantity.
1	Brandy	19 992 Bottles.
2	Gin	1.23.888 Bottles.
3	Whisky	1 644 Bottles.
4	Vermouth	20.820 Bottles.
5	Red wine	88.940 Bottles.
6	Rum	6.035 Bottles.
7	Claret	4.284 Bottles.
8	White wine	65.452 Bottles.
9	Hock	10.040 Bottles.
10	Bitters	7.992 Bottles.
11	Sherry	33.540 Bottles.
12	Liquors	19.610 Bottles.
	Total	3.97.237 Bottles.

Last Date of tenders: 5 p.m. on 6th October 1948.

Public opening of tenders: 11 a.m. on 8th October 1948.

Offers to remain open till 22nd October 1948.

Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit equal to 10 per cent of the total price offered.

Tender form giving details and terms and conditions of sale with permit to view at site can be obtained from the Collector, Halar District, Jamnagar on payment of Rs. 5/- per set in cash money order postal order.

COLLECTOR,
Halar District.
1516

NOTICE

WANTED 3 Chevrolet Chassis 195" wheel base and 2 trucks of 175" wheel base both being able to carry 3 ton loads. Delivery by January, 1949, contact General Manager, Bk. S. Railway, Bikaner by 15th October 1948. Tele: Bikrail: Trunk Phone: Bikaner 5.

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Make fortune—A perfect system for getting daily cotton calculations both sides charges Rs. 30/- thirty only. Latest cotton calculation one side only Rs. 10/- ten only. Joshi Fulgalliwalla, Amad Big, Golpitha, Bombay—4. (9576)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 8-11-1948, preferably from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan, for the post of Professor of Applied Mechanics, College of Engineering, Poona, in the Bombay Educational Service, Class I. PAY:— Rs. 300-1100 PLUS dearness allowance, if admissible. Higher starting pay admissible to candidates with exceptionally good qualifications. AGE:— Not more than 35 years on 1-1-1949, relaxable in the case of Bombay Government servants. QUALIFICATIONS: (1) Preferably a 1st class degree in Civil Engineering of a recognised University. (2) Minimum 5 years' practical experience in the design and execution of steel and reinforced concrete structures. Membership of Professional institutions and research will be additional qualifications. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 3½ annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1 - payable to the Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay, who will also supply full details on request.

(1577)

NOTICE.

OFFERS ARE INVITED from Licensed Fish Salesmen for the sale of fish landed for sale by auction by Trawlers owned by the Government of India in Bombay.

Fish will be landed in Princes, Victoria, or the Sassoon Dock and is to be discharged from the Trawler and loaded on Lorries, transported to the Market and iced as found necessary. Cost of Transport Ice etc. will be met by this Department.

Offers must contain the following information:—

1. Commission charges on sale of fish.
2. Coolie hire charges for transferring fish from Trawler to lorries, and unloading lorries at the Market. (Rate per coolie).
3. Cost of Ice per 300 lb. block to be supplied as necessary according to total weight of fish.

The following conditions must be observed:—

1. Fish to be sold at the best available price in the presence of an Officer from this Department.
2. The Gross Sale proceeds to be credited in the office of the undersigned within 24 hours of the sale.
3. Cost of Transport, Dock charges and other incidental expenses will be paid by this Department.
4. The successful Contractor will be required to furnish a Cash Security of Rs. 2000/- which will be refunded on satisfactory completion of the contract.
5. Contract will be for a period of one year from date of acceptance.

Offers giving full details should reach the undersigned by Monday 4th October 1948. Any offers received after that date will not be considered.

MAJOR R. J. RAINE.
Superintendent
Engineer-in-Charge.
Deep Sea Fishing
Station, Bombay.

Botawala Chambers,
Sir P. Mehta Road,
Bombay, 23-9-1948.

1578

NOTICE.

PERSONS who are residents of the Province of Orissa or are domiciled there and are at present bona-fide students of any College or University in any of the following subjects will please communicate with the undersigned with particulars mentioned below:—

2. A few stipends may be made available to the boys who have good academic standing and would be prepared to enter into agreement to serve the Government for a stipulated number of years. Such agreement should also be executed by their guardians. Testimonials regarding academic standing from teachers and for means of the parents from a gazetted officer of the district or sub-division where the applicant resides should accompany the application.

SUBJECTS:—

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Percentage.
Present occupation of the father or guardian.
Age.
Name of Institutions where student.
Class in which you are.
Degree or diploma for which you are preparing.
How many years necessary to complete the course.
Past University results.
(class and marks in different subjects at University Examination Test Passed with date.)
Marks obtained in the last annual class examination of your institute or College.
Amount of College fees.
Any other fees.
Average monthly expenditure of the student excluding tuition fees.

3 Application with full particulars should reach the undersigned before 15th October 1948.

DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES,
Orissa, Cuttack.
1590

PUBLIC NOTICES

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

Advertisement No. 50.

APPLICATIONS invited for the undermentioned posts from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or citizens of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Women eligible. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates. Particulars and application forms from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House, Post Box No. 186, New Delhi. When applying for forms candidates must specify the name of the post. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7/8/- (Rs. 1/14/- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 23rd October, 1948. The Commission may, at their discretion, remit the prescribed application fee where they are satisfied that the applicant is a BONA FIDE refugee and is not in a position to pay the prescribed fee. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Separate application with separate fee required for each category of posts. Candidates from outside India are not required to pay any application fee and may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

1. 21 PERMANENT ASSISTANT AERODROME OFFICERS IN THE CIVIL AVIATION DIRECTORATE. Seven vacancies reserved for Scheduled Castes candidates. Such of these vacancies as cannot be filled by suitable candidates belonging to these castes will be treated as unreserved. AGE:— Preferably between 20 and 35 years. PAY:— Rs. 275-25-500-E.B.-30-650-E.B.-30-800. Subject to Government approval, higher initial pay up to a maximum of Rs. 350/- may be granted to specially well-qualified and experienced candidates. QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL: A candidate must — (i) hold or have held a commissioned rank in the R.I.A.F. with training in flying or training and experience in Flying Control, OR (ii) hold or have held a commissioned rank in the Executive Branch of the R.I.N. with watch keeping experience, OR (iii) hold or have held a Mate's or Master's certificate with watch keeping experience in the Mercantile Marine, OR (iv) hold or have held a pilot's licence and have had not less than 1,000 hours' flying experience as pilot, OR (v) be a Graduate of a recognised university, who holds or has held a pilot's licence or has had substantial experience of Flying Control or Aircraft Operations, OR (vi) be a Graduate in Engineering of a recognised University, preferably one who holds a post-graduate Diploma or Certificate of Proficiency in Aeronautical Engineering of an Indian or Foreign Institution. NOTE:— (a) Preference will be given to an experienced pilot or Navigator. (b) In categories (i), (ii) and (iii), preference will be given to Graduates of recognised universities or ex-"DUFFERIN" candidates. DESIRABLE: (i) Land Surveying. (ii) Knowledge of European languages.

2. ONE DIRECTOR OF REGULATIONS AND INFORMATION, CIVIL AVIATION DIRECTORATE. The post is permanent but will be filled in an officiating capacity at present. AGE:— Preferably between 30 and 45 years; relaxable for permanent Government servants. PAY:— Rs. 1300-60-1600-100-1700. QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL — (i) First or second class degree of a recognised University. (ii) Not less than 10 years experience in a responsible capacity in a Government or Commercial Organisation. (iii) Sound knowledge of — (a) Aviation Law. (b) International Conventions relating to Civil Aviation, and International Air Transport agreements. (c) The work of the International Civil Aviation Organisation in the technical, economic and legal fields, and experience in at least one of these fields. (iv) Experience in the preparation of Aviation Reports and publications or of Aeronautical maps and charts. DESIRABLE:— (a) Knowledge of a modern European language besides English. (b) Administrative experience in connection with air navigation or air transport. (c) Experience of work and procedure at International Conferences.

3. ONE TEMPORARY ASSISTANT SECRETARY, INDIAN PHARMACOPOEIA COMMITTEE, MINISTRY OF HEALTH. AGE:— Preferably below 35 years, relaxable in the case of candidates with exceptionally high qualifications. No age limit for Government servants. PAY:— Rs. 350-350-380-380-30-590-E.B.-30-770-40-850. Higher initial pay up to a maximum of Rs. 500/- may be granted for a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. QUALIFICATIONS: — (a) Post-Graduate Degree in Chemistry or Pharmaceutical Chemistry of an Indian or Foreign University. (b) Training in drug research or testing of drugs or manufacture of drugs. (c) Experience in compilation and editing of Scientific literature. (d) Ability to draft correspondence.

4. ONE PERMANENT DEPUTY DIRECTOR, CENTRAL DRUGS LABORATORY, under the Ministry of Health. AGE:— Preferably below 40 years, relaxable in exceptional cases. The maximum age limit will not apply to Government servants. PAY:— Rs. 800-40-1000-1000-1050 -1050-1100-1100 -1150-50-1300. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 1000/- may be granted as a special case to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL: (a) Doctorate Degree in Science or Medicine of an Indian or Foreign University and must be in active participation of research in Pharmaceutical or Pharmaceological or Biochemical or Bacteriological subjects. (b) At least five years' training in laboratory methods pertaining to any of the above subjects. DESIRABLE:— Administrative Experience and organising ability.

5. ELEVEN ASSISTANT ENGINEERS IN THE CENTRAL WATERPOWER IRRIGATION AND NAVIGATION COMMISSION. Posts temporary but are likely to continue for an indefinite period. Two posts reserved for Scheduled Castes candidates but may be treated as unreserved if no such suitable candidates are available. AGE:— Preferably below 25 years. May be relaxed in case of Government servants and men with practical experience. PAY:— Rs. 275-25-500-E.B.-30-650-E.B.-30-800 plus a compensatory allowance of Rs. 75/- to officers posted to work in Nepal. Higher initial pay up to Rs. 650/- may be granted to specially well-qualified and experienced candidates. QUALIFICATIONS:— ESSENTIAL — Candidates must:— (i) Have passed Sections 'A' and 'B' of the Associate Membership Examination of the Institution of Engineers (India) or any other educational qualifications recognised by that institution as exempting from passing these Sections. OR (ii) Have obtained an Engineering Degree of a recognised University, OR (iii) Have passed the Associateship Examination of the City and Guilds Institute (Imperial College of Science and Technology, South Kensington) in Civil Engineering, OR (iv) Have obtained a Diploma of Faraday House, London, OR (v) Have passed the Associate Examination of the Bengal Engineering College in Mechanical Engineering, OR (vi) Have obtained the B.E. Degree of Aligarh Muslim University. DESIRABLE:— Qualification in Departmental professional and Accounts Examinations. Experienced hands will be preferred.

6. ASSISTANT SOLICITORS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW, NEW DELHI. In partial modification of item 5 of advertisement No. 39, it is notified for general information that the number of vacancies has now been increased from one to two. Both posts temporary but one likely to be made permanent in due course. Age limits are also amended to read as follows. Preferably between 30 and 40 years for direct recruits; for government servants preferably between 32 and 45 years. Closing date for receipt of applications extended from 11th September, to 23 October, 1948. Candidates who have already applied in response to the earlier advertisement need not apply again. Their previous applications will be considered.

(1579)

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

AN EXAMINATION for entry into the Inter Services Wing of the Armed Forces Academy at Dehra Dun, for the course commencing in July, 1949, will be held in January, 1949 at Allahabad, Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi, Madras and Nagpur. Candidates who qualify at the Examination will appear before a Services Selection Board for final selection. AGE:— Candidates must have been born not earlier than the 2nd July, 1932 and not later than the 1st July, 1934. EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATION—Matriculation or equivalent. Application forms and full particulars from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House, P.B. No. 186, New Delhi. Last date for the receipt of applications by the Federal Public Service Commission 23rd October, 1948. (1580)

SPRAY-PAINTING

of

Refrigerators, Furniture, Etc., done at your House.

MOTOR CARS Spray-painted at moderate charges.

Write to:—

GUARANTEE SPRAY PAINTING WORKS,
Garden View, Dadyseth Road,
CHOWPATTY.

(1576)

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD. BOMBAY.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy numbered 135654 on the life of Ambalal Dwarwadas Shah of Sansoli, District Panchmahals a fresh policy in lieu thereof will be issued unless objection is lodged with the Company within one month from this date.

Bombay 24th September, 1948.
ROSHANLAL,
(1600) General Manager.

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD. BOMBAY.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy numbered 155604 on the life of Ochhavlal Girdharlal Parikh of Kalol, District Panchmahals a fresh policy in lieu thereof will be issued unless objection is lodged with the company within one month from this date.

Bombay, 24th September, 1948.
ROSHANLAL,
General Manager.
(1601)

HABIB INSURANCE CO. LTD.

Mr. NOORMAHOMED ISMAIL is no longer in the service of the Company. The Power of Attorney issued in his favour is hereby revoked. He has no authority to represent the Company in any manner whatsoever.

Bombay, 23rd Sept. 1948.

(9578)

PUBLIC NOTICES

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES

NOTICE.

ANY FIRM requiring capital equipment from abroad, irrespective of value, should have the details registered with the Development Officers concerned in the Directorate General of Industries and Supplies. Unless this is done, it becomes practically impossible for this Directorate General to give timely help or assistance.

Firms, who have already placed orders but are finding difficulty in obtaining supplies, should also give details of their requirements, so that some help can be given to them.

Firms should also state if their capital issue has been sanctioned or not. The approximate value of the equipment should also be indicated together with the country of origin.

J. C. GHOSH,
Director General of
Industries and Supplies
(1549)

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY

TENDER NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the Controller of Stores' Office, East Indian Railway, 17 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta upto noon on 3rd November, 1948.

Tender number SP/F/EB1/DG-209 for supply of Division Plate to Drg. No. DG-209-15250 Nos.

Tender forms with full particulars may be obtained from the office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 17 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by money order.

Copy of drawing No. DG 209 may be purchased from the office of the Dy. Chief Mechanical Engineer, Lilloah, at As. 8/- per copy on production of the receipt granted by the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta. Firms outside Calcutta should remit the cost of the drawing to the Dy. Chief Mechanical Engineer, E.I. Railway, Lilloah direct by money order.

No refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in Controller of Stores' Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Controller of Stores' room by the Tenderer or his representatives. Tenderers and representatives may present themselves at the time of opening of the tender in the room of Deputy Controller of Stores.

CONTROLLER OF STORES
1581

TRADE MARK CAUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 'NEOCURO' INTERNATIONAL of Neyyoor, are the Sole Owners of the following Trade Marks and claim the exclusive right to use these Trade Marks in respect of their products:—

'NEOCURO' PYORRHOEA SPECIFIC: 'OZONA': 'OZONA' (RE): 'PIMPLOZA': 'PROSCABI': 'PIGMENTROPIA': 'BERYL': 'RESTORA': 'RESTORA (HG) 'TIDI': TIDI (WA) 'NEOZONE': 'CITRAL': 'SPA':

The labelling of any products with the above names and/or dealing in, or the selling of any products labelled with the above names which are not the products of 'NEOCURO' INTERNATIONAL is an infringement of the Trade Mark rights, and every person guilty of such infringement is liable to prosecution according to the law.

Dated: 20-9-1948.
'NEOCURO' INTERNATIONAL:
Neyyoor.
(9568)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. COMMITTEE.

OLD GARDNER 4 L.W. DIESEL ENGINES FOR DISPOSAL

SEALED TENDERS are invited by the Chief Storekeeper up to noon on Monday, the 4th October 1948, for the purchase of a number of Engines removed from Buses.

Tender forms with Schedule showing the condition of the engines are available on personal application only, from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1.

(1575)

G.I.P. RAILWAY

THE LEVEL CROSSING GATE No. 64 at Miles 117/3 E.S. between Shivaji Nagar and Kirkee will be CLOSED to road traffic between 18/- and 4/- hours on the 1st and 2nd October, 1948.

(1602)

G.I.P. RAILWAY TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay, V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m. on 4-10-1948 for the supply of pure ghee at the Railway grainshops on Poona Division. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Assistant Controller Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, at Poona. (1595)

G.I.P. RAILWAY TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m. on 29-9-1948 for the supply of Pure Groundnut oil at the Railway's grainshops at Kalyan, Thakurli, Dombivli, Thana, Karjat, Neral, Kasara, Vasind and Bassein Road. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. (1596)

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED before 5 p.m. on 29th September 1948, from Country Craft Operators for Transport of Foodgrains, including Pulses, Cattlefeed, Gunny Bags, etc., by Country Craft during the ensuing Country Craft season 1948-49. The estimated tonnage of Food grains may be about 40,000 or more. Movements will be between the following Coastal Ports:— Viz.,

Bombay and Kathiawar Ports.
Bombay and Gujrat Ports.
Bombay and all ports including Creek Ports in Kolaba.
Thana and Ratnagiri Districts.
Bombay and Marma-Goa.
Bombay and Kanara upto and including the port of Bhatkal and vice versa.

Between above ports or ports in each district.

Tender documents can be obtained from the undersigned on any working day during office hours.

The Director of Civil Supplies (Accounts) is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

A. K. RAMAN
Director of Civil Supplies (Accounts), and Joint Secretary to Government,

New India Assurance Building,
Mahatma Gandhi Road,
Fort, BOMBAY-1.

(1589)

THE CITY OF BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1888,

As modified up to date

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to Section 297 (1) (b) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as modified up to date, that the undersigned proposes to apply to the Municipal Corporation at their Meeting to be held on the 4th day of November, 1948 or on such day thereafter as the said application can conveniently be disposed of, for authority to prescribe a fresh line, in substitution for the existing regular line of the street, in respect of each of the following streets namely :

(1) GIRGAUM ROAD BETWEEN DHOBI TALAO & SANDHURST ROAD
(2) Jackaria Bunder Road, Sewri Road and Golanji Hill Road between Jackaria Bunder Road No. 4 and the 130' Road No. 15 in Scheme No. 57.
(3) WALKESHWAR ROAD BETWEEN (B & C) POLICE CHOWKEY & C. S. 151.

A plan of each of the said public streets showing the existing regular line of the street and the fresh line proposed to be prescribed in substitution therefor as aforesaid, is deposited at the Office of the City Engineer, Municipality, and can be inspected by any person desiring to do so, at any time during office hours.

Every person desirous of making any representation to the Corporation or of bringing before the Corporation any objection respecting the said proposal may do so, by letter addressed to the Municipal Secretary at the Municipal Office, and delivered at the said office not less than three clear days before the day of such meeting.

Dated this 24th day of September, 1948.

B. K. PATEL
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay

(1593)

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Civil Suit No. 185 of 1943

Application No. 361/1947

A shop styled as VAGHMAL AMICHAND PARMAR by VAGHMAL DHANRUPAJI MARWARI ... ... Plaintiff.

V/S

GANGUBAI, widow and another .... Defendants

WHEREAS in pursuance of a Warrant of sale of immovable property, dated the 6th day of August, 1948, the Sheriff has been directed to sell by public auction at the instance of the Plaintiff all the right title and interest of the 2nd defendant in his personal capacity and as heir and legal representative of the deceased 1st defendant in the following property:

All that piece of land with dwelling house thereon situate at Fergusson Road, Lower Parel, Bombay, admeasuring 1150 Square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 2A/12134, D/12285, 12316, New Survey Nos. 1B/2816, 1B/2815, 4B/2815 and Cadastral Survey No. 254 of Lower Parel Division and Municipal G Ward Nos. 2097(2A) (2B) and 2097(3) and Street Nos. 448E, 448, 448A, at 448E.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having rights in or charges or claims on the abovenamed property (other than claims involving an objection to the attachment or seeking the removal of the same) that they should on or before the 3rd day of November 1948 lodge in my office an affidavit verified by oath or solemn affirmation of such rights, claims or charges.

Dated this 22nd day of September, 1948.

(Sd.) A. KIRTIKAR
Commissioner.
(1598)

(For Further Notices See Page 3)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on **Monday**, the 4th October, 1948, at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business —

1. Interpellations.

2. Letter from the Honorary General Secretary, Anjuman-i-Mussalmanan, Mazgaon — Thanking the Corporation for sanctioning a grant-in-aid of the institution.

3. Letter from Mr. M. D. Desai, Advocate, on behalf of his clients, Messrs. Shantilal Muldeo and Badrinarayan Muldeo—Claiming increased rent in respect of their clients' premises let out to Gujarati School at Wadala.

4. Letters from the Chairman, Private Primary Schools Committee—Regarding the reduction made by the Schools Committee in the grants-in-aid to private primary schools.

5-32. Letters from the authorities of the (5) Society for the Rehabilitation of Disabled and Crippled Children; (6) King George V Memorial, (7) Rescue Home for Indian Women Umerkhadi conducted by the Bombay Presidency Women's Council (8) Government After-Care Hostel for lads from the certified schools and the Borstal School, (9) Adams-Wylie Memorial Hospital; (10) Shri Bal Vyayam Mandir, Tardeo Road; (11) Bombay Sanitary Association; (12) Hindmata Seva Mandal (13) Bhagini Samaj T. N. Malvi Bal Mandir; (14) Society for the Protection of Children in Western India; (15) Vijaya Bharat Seva Mandal (Jacob Circle, Arthur Road); (16) Depressed Classes Education League; (17) Ashasthan (Parel, Bhoiwada), (18) Bombay Physical Culture Association, (19) Vande Mataram Seva Mandal, Parel; (20) Bombay Handwork Education Society, (21) Shree Samarth Vyayam Mandir, Dadar; (22) Bhagini Samaj, Mhaskar Kanya Arogya Mandir, Dadar, (23) Agri Sewa Sangh; (24) Naigaum Social Service Society, (25) Bombay Institution for Deaf and Mutes; (26) Anjuman-i-Nizamal Muslimeen; (27) Dispensary conducted by Mr. Hakim Mahomed Bakherali Mahomed Siddique; (28) Hindu Women's Rescue Home Society; (29) Bharatiya Sangh, (30) Bombay City Ambulance Corps; (31) Ramdas Vyayam Mandir; and (32) Satara District Mahar Seva Sangh—Applying for grants-in-aid of their respective institutions for the year 1949-50.

33-35. Letters from the authorities of the (33) King George V Memorial; (34) Children's Aid Society; and (35) Bombay Presidency Women's Council—Forwarding for information copies of the Annual Reports, etc., of their respective institutions.

36. Letter from Mr. N. H. Tata, President of the Indian Hockey Federation—Thanking the Corporation for their decision to give a civic reception to the Olympic Indian Hockey Team on their return to India.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

37. Recommending sanction to a Budget transfer

38. Recommending additional grant to carry out repairs to the Maruti Temple structure at Sukhlaji Street Chawls.

39. Regarding the revision of the special pay granted to teachers and peons under the Schools Committee working in the scheme for the distribution of milk to the under-nourished needy children attending Municipal Schools.

40. Recommending additional grant to recoup the advance made to Dr. R. G Dhavagude in connection with his tour to the United Kingdom, etc

41. Recommending additional grant to meet the cost of the purchase of a new Typewriter for the Building Branch of the City Engineer's Department.

42. Regarding the fixing of pay of an Assistant Engineer appointed in connection with the Vaitarna-cum-Tansa Scheme

43 Recommending an additional grant to meet the cost of two electric surgical units required for the K.E.M. Hospital.

44. Recommending an additional grant to meet the cost of providing a corrugated iron sheet partition wall at the Hindu Cemetery at Bhoiwada

45. Recommending an additional grant to meet the excess in the cost of the erection of Mandaps, etc., in connection with the last General Elections.

46. Regarding the work of providing an additional washing place at the Municipal Commissioner's bungalow, etc

47. Recommending an additional grant to meet the cost of shifting certain Working Tables in the Experimental Physiology Class Room of the Seth G. S M College

48. Recommending an additional grant to meet the cost of replacing certain oil driven pumps by electric driven pumps at a pumping station at Sewri-Wadala.

49. Recommending additional grant to meet the cost of repairs to certain stalls at the Erskine Road Market.

50. Regarding the revised estimates for the work of carrying out additions and alterations to a store room at the Mahaluxmi Siding for providing a canteen etc

51. Regarding the question of deferring the work of the construction of Service Reservoirs at Worli and Rowli Hills and of laying new inlet trunk mains at the existing Service Reservoirs, etc.

52. Regarding the Municipal Chief Auditor's report on the examination of the ledgers and other books of the Assessment and Collection Department, and the Commissioner's report thereon.

53. Regarding the amendment of the Municipal Service Regulations relating to the provision of residence to Municipal employees and the fixing of standard rent in respect thereof.

54. Regarding a contract for the work of constructing certain bridges, etc., in connection with the Vaitarna-cum-Tansa scheme.

55. Recommending additional grant to meet the excess expenditure for normal repairs under certain service heads.

56. Regarding appropriation of funds to meet the cost of constructing a timber shed in the Central Stores at DeLisle Road.

57 Regarding the creation of certain temporary staff.

58. Regarding the discontinuance of the levy of Town Duty on indigenous butter

59. Regarding the judgment of the Privy Council in respect of the rights of the Corporation to lay water mains through Government lands, etc.

60 Regarding the question of amending the Municipal Act, with a view to increasing the financial powers of the Municipal Commissioner, etc

61. Regarding the creation of the post of a Deputy Executive Health Officer, etc.

62 Regarding the amendment of Rule No 5 of the Municipal Service Regulations for new entrants so as to allow the staff in inferior service to accumulate leave upto 80 days.

63. Recommending additional grant to meet the cost of renewing certain storage tanks of the drinking water troughs at DeLisle Road Sheep Market.

64. Recommending additional grant to meet the cost on account of the continuance of the measures taken for prevention of epidemics of small-pox, etc.

65. Reporting that under Section 38-B of the Municipal Act, the question of the revision of the grades of the posts of Office Superintendent and the Superintendent of Accounts in the Schools Committee's Office has been referred to the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee for report.

66. Regarding certain demands of the Fire Brigade Employees and the Commissioner's report thereon.

67. Regarding a contract for the work of the fabrication of steel pipes, etc., for the Vaitarna-cum-Tansa Scheme.

Resolutions of the Improvements Committee.—

68. Regarding grant of permission to the lessee of a plot in Marine Lines Estate to extend one of his existing motor garages.

69. Regarding the revised layout of certain plots in Scheme 27, Sydenham Road Estate.

70. Regarding permission to the lessees of certain plots in Colaba Reclamation Estate, to construct a portico on the compulsory open space of the plots.

71. Regarding the Commissioner's report about the delay caused in handing over possession of a plot in Scheme 37, Sydenham Road Estate.

72 Regarding the question of the lay out and application for lease of certain plots at Worli Estate.

73. Regarding the sub-division of a certain plot at Worli Estate, etc.

74 Regarding the transfer of a plot in Sewri Wadala (South) Estate.

75 Regarding the question of the layout of a plot in Nowrojee Hill Estate, etc.

Resolutions of the Special Committees—

76 Regarding the amendment of the Bombay Prevention of Adulteration of Articles of Food Rules relating to the use of colouring matter in food-stuffs.

77. Regarding permission to a professor of Seth G. S M. College to enjoy the leave due to him before the expiry of the term of extension of service granted to him.

78. Regarding the amendment of Rule 4 of the Bombay Prevention of Adulteration of Articles of Food Rules pertaining to the appointment and qualifications of Inspectors

79. Regarding the question of increasing the Municipal Contribution to the Nowrosjee Wadia Maternity Home

80 Regarding a proposal for contituing to accept the liability for the lighting arrangement at the Hindu Burning and Burial ground at Queen's Road.

81. Regarding the question of undertaking legislation for compulsory acquisition of slum areas without payment in cash but on co-operative lines, etc

82. Regarding a letter from Messrs Sunkersett and Vaidya, Solicitors, on behalf of client Mr. R A. Gole, contending the legality of the quotations in respect of certain work forming part of Vaitarna-CUM-Tansa Scheme

83 Forwarding a letter from Messrs Modv & Co. Solicitors, on behalf of their client, Mr. Manilal G. Patel for payment of certain bills.

Communications from the Commissioner—

84 Forwarding the Monthly Chemical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.

85-86. Reporting on applications for gratuity from or on behalf of ex-Municipal employees.

87. Regarding the deputation of the Curator, Victoria and Albert Museum, to the annual meeting of Museums' Association of India to be held at Delhi.

88. Forwarding quarterly statements regarding the cleansing of drains and sewers in the City.

89. Regarding a proposal for making certain temporary additions to a building on certain plots at Wellington Lines Estate.

90. Regarding a proposal to increase the building area, etc., of certain plots in Scheme 6, Sion-Matunga Estate.

91. Regarding the sale of empty asphalt drums cut into plates.

92. Regarding the important decisions taken by the B. E. S. & T. Committee during August 1948.

93. Forwarding a quarterly statement of motor vehicles taxed and exempted.

94. Regarding the condonation of the breach of a Building Rule in the construction of a building on certain plots in Scheme 29, Nowroji Hill Estate.

95. Reporting that no case of breeding of Malaria carrying mosquito was found during August 1948.

96 Government letter—Regarding permission to dispense with the printing and publication of registers of non-attending children of school-going age during 1947-48.

Letters from the General Manager, B.E.S. & T. Committee—

97. Reporting on the question of regulating the queues of passengers waiting for buses at Bus Stops.

98-101. Reporting details about the provision made in the Budget of the B. E. S. & T. Committee for 1948-49 for (98) Advertising Commission, etc., (99) Transformers and cwitchgears, etc., (100) 100 New Buses and (101) 20 new static substations.

102-103. Reporting on the question of (102) providing a bus-stand at the corner of Viegas Street, Chira Bazar and Girgaum Road, and (103) constructing a tram-shelter at J. J. Hospital.

104-105. Letters from (104) Mr. R. D. Patil and (105) Mr. Devji Rattansey—Applying for leave of absence from the meetings of the Corporation.

Letters from the Municipal Secretary—

106. Submitting a statement of references pending before the Committees of the Corporation.

107. Submitting a list of Resolutions calling for reports from the Commissioner which have not been received.

108. Submitting a statement of Interpellations remaining unreplied to by the Commissioner.

109. Confirmation of the Special Committees' Proceedings.

110. Schools Committee's letters —Forwarding printed copies of the Committee's Proceedings.

Notices of Motions—

111-113. From Mr. Dinker D. Desai—For (111) obtaining a report from the Commissioner, relating to certain remarks made by the Industrial Tribunal, Bombay, in the award in the dispute between the Municipality and its sweepers, etc.; (112) inviting the attention of the B.E.S. & T. Committee to the judgment delivered by a Presidency Magistrate in the case of picking pockets in a seatless tram car; and (113) extending the Scheme for the supply of milk to under-nourished and needy children attending municipal schools so as to supply milk to every child attending a Municipal School, etc.

114-116. From Dr. D. G. Tendulkar—For (114) paving the 15 feet wide road around the Traffic Island at Poibavdi; (115) introducing stainless steel vessels for the use of the patients in Municipal Hospitals; and (116) requesting the Commissioner of Police to post a Policeman to regulate traffic at the junction of King Edward Road and the Hospital Avenue Road to prevent accidents occurring thereat.

117. From Mr. S. P. Nadkarni—For shifting the Tramway Lines at the Bori Bunder Junction, towards Bhatia Baug so as to make adequate roadspace available to other vehicular Traffic.

118. From Mr. S. V. Sovani, seconded by Mrs. Maniben N. Desai—For renaming Kandewadi Street after the late Mr. K. P. Khadilkar.

119. From Mr. Ganpatishankar N Desai—For requesting the Commissioner of Police to prohibit the entry of heavy motor vehicles into the 2nd Bhoiwada Lane, Bhuleshwar with a view to ease the traffic congestion thereat.

120-121. From Miss P. N. Nariman—For representing to the G.I.P. Railway Authorities to (120) extend the overbridge at the Koliwada Railway Station towards the east, etc., and (121) provide adequate number of washing places, etc., at certain huts at Sion and Kurla Stations.

122. From Mr. D. M. Shinde—For widening and repairing the road leading from Sion to Dharavi.

123. From Mr. V. S. Velinkar, seconded by Mr. Rohit M. Dave—For requesting the B. E. S. & T. Committee to prepare their Budget in a particular form.

124-125. From Mr. B. K. Gholap—For (124) increasing the number of street lamps at 1st Koli Lane and Rajwadkar Street, Colaba, and (125) increasing the number of water taps at the Junction of Koli Galli and Rajwadkar Street, Colaba.

126-128. From Mr. M. Madhavan—For (126) taking over Sion Tank for maintaining it as a Municipal Swimming Pool; (127) requesting the G.I.P. Railway authorities to provide an additional booking office at Bhandarkar Road, etc., and (128) providing shelters at "D" Route Bus Stands at Khodadad Circle and at King's Circle.

129. From Mr. S. M. Thakre—For providing a canopy shed at Carnac Bunder Tram Junction for the convenience of Tramway passengers.

130. From Dr. B. P. Divgi—For enforcing strictly the licence conditions pertaining to eating houses, etc., in view of the wide prevalance of typhoid in the City.

131. From Mr. R. D. Bhandare—For representing to Government to restore the rates of the tuition fees in Schools and Colleges to the former level.

132. From Mr. A. N. Nazmi—For renaming Connaught Road as Patanwalla Road.

133-134. From Mr. Homi J. H. Talyerkhan—For (133) publishing a Municipal Magazine to keep the public informed about Municipal affairs, etc., and (134) exploring methods for prevention of the wastage of water caused by water taps being left unclosed by careless tenants.

135-136. From Dr. M. N. Birje—For (135) moving the Commissioner of Police to grant more licences for taxis plying for hire in the City and (136) representing to Government to make T.A.B. Vaccination compulsory for all residents and visitors to the City.

137-139. From Dr. D. B. Kulkarni—For (137) erecting sheds for a Vegetable Market, etc., on the extension of Morbaug Road adjoining G. S. Medical College Ground, etc., (138) providing a suitable place for the deposit of refuse in F Ward; and (139) extending the 'N' Route Bus Service from 'Sat Rasta' to Lalbaug.

140. From Mr. S. P. Nadkarni—For introducing Non-Stop Buses on long distance routes during the rush periods in the morning and evening.

141-142. From Mr. Jehangir D. Daruwala—For (141) obtaining a report from the Commissioner regarding the two weirs constructed on Vaitarna River and Tasu Nalla, etc., and (142) requesting the Commissioner to take steps for invitation of tenders for all works and supplies costing over Rs. 3,000, except when the supplies are of a proprietory articles, etc.

143. From Mr. S. Nadkarni—For taking steps to permit the use of Motor Cycles with side cars as public conveyances, etc.

By Order of His Worship
the Mayor,
B. V. MODY,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 24th September, 1948.

(1594)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. NOORMAHOMED ADAM has contracted to sell to our clients the undermentioned properties. All persons having any claim against or to the said properties by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 19, Nanabhoy Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE

ALL THAT piece or parcel of leasencld land or ground admeasuring 506 square yards or thereabouts, situate at Naigaum, being Plot No. 151 of the Naigaum Estate Scneme 60 of the Corporation in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay and bounded, on the East by Plot No. 150 on the North by proposed 40' feet Road and on the South by Parel Convent Schcol and which bears Cadastral Survey No. 791 of Dadar Naigaum Division together with the building under construction and to be hereafter erected and completed thereon assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F Ward No. 729(1) and Street No. 89.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Leasehold land or ground admeasuring 506 square yards or thereabouts, situate at Naigaum being Plot No. 152 of the Naigaum Estate Scheme 60 of the Corporation in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay and bounded, on the East by Plot No. 153 on the West by Plot No. 151, on the North by proposed 40' feet Road and on the South by Parel Convent School and which bears Cadastral Survey No. 790 of Dadar Naigaum Division together with the building under construction and to be hereafter erected and completed thereon assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F Ward No. 729(1A) and Street No. 89AA.

Dated this 24th day of September, 1948.

MOTICHAND AND DEVIDAS
Purchasers Attorneys

PUBLIC NOTICES

OUDH TIRHUT RAILWAY

TENDER NO. AIR CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT/22/48

CONTROLLER OF STORES, O. T. Railway, Gorakhpur invites sealed tenders on the prescribed form for the supply of 2 sets Portable Air Conditioner 3/4 ton capacity or near about suitable for 220 volt D. C. supply in general use. Tender forms can be had from Controller of Stores, O. T. Railway Gorakhpur on payment in cash or by money order (not refundable) of rupees three. The above tender number must be quoted in the relative money order. Tenders must reach the office of Controller of Stores, Gorakhpur before 15-11-48 on which date no tender will be sold. These will be opened the next day at 3 p.m.

(1591)

NOTICE

WANTED an Engineering Assistant on the scale of Rs. 200-20-300 p.m., in the Works Engineering Department of the Tata Iron and Steel Co. Ltd., Jamshedpur. Candidates should be graduates in Civil Engineering with good knowledge of reinforced concrete work. Men with experience in Drawing Office work in R. C. firm will be preferred.

Applications stating qualifications, experience and age should reach the Asstt. Director of Personnel (Employments), the Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd., Jamshedpur on or before the 7th October, 1948.

(1592)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SIDDICK HAJI ABDULLA of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant by his Constituted Attorney Esmail Hasham has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from all encumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, possession, mortgage, sale, exchange, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date of publication hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land, containing by admeasurement 554 square yards or thereabouts, situate on and being Plot No. 48 of the Soparibaug Estate of the Board in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, bounded on the East by a Road twenty feet in width, on the South by Plot No. 61 on the said Estate leased to Rahimbhoy Cassumbhoy, on the West by Plot No. 47 of the said Estate leased to Khimji Assur Virji and on the North by a road twenty-six feet in width which piece of land forms portion of the lands and bears New Survey No. 2587 and part of Cadastral Survey No. 143/74 of Parel-Sewree Division and assessed by the Municipality under "F" Ward No. 577 (2) Street No. 6A and now under "F" Ward No. 578 (1AA) and Street No. 2.

This 24th day of September, 1948

PARVIZ K. MAZAGONWALLA
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(1597)

AUCTION SALES

IMPORTANT TO PRIVATE BUYERS OF JEWELLERY AND JEWELLERY MERCHANTS.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., under instructions from Messrs Unvala & Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiff in Suit No. 1893 of 1948 (Maneckjee J. Tutna v/s. Manek Kaikhushru Surdas & Ors) and pursuant to the order made in the above suit will sell by Public Auction on account and at the risk of the defendants in the said Suit.

THURSDAY: the 30th day of September 1948 at 3-30 P.M. at their Sale Room.

Valuable diamond, ruby and emerald old set Jewellery, pearl bangles, necklaces, and gold ornaments.

The jewellery will be on view two days before the sale from 11-30 A.M. to 5 P.M.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
123, Medows Street, Fort.

PALACE
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
TODAY to MONDAY!
Her life was changed by a kiss she didn't want! Did she deserve the Brand unfaithful?
Greer Garson and Robert Mitchum together for the first time in M-G-M's
'DESIRE ME'
with RICHARD HART
Tomorrow Morning at 10-30 a.m.
Paul Muni in his Greatest Role....in
"THE LIFE OF EMILE ZOLA"
TUESDAY to THURSDAY!
Red Skelton and Virginia O'Brien in a hilarious comedy.... .....
'MERTON of the MOVIES'

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 3 CHEVROLET MOTOR TRUCKS, 5 tons 44-45 Models, in running order, on Monday, 27th Inst. at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at 72, Medows Street, Fort, under instructions from the party concerned.

Terms: 25 per cent cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT CAVEL CROSS LANE, GAIWADI, KALBADEVI.

M/s GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from M/s Nandlal & Co., Attorneys for M/s Chimanlal Harijivandas Vajani and ors. Mortgagees and on account and at risk of Bai Shahjadidevi Shyamshanker Jaymangal Upadhyay the Mortgagor pursuant to power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage dated 13-1-47, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned valuable immovable property on Friday 8-10-48 at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of perpetual Fazandari Land with dwelling house at Gaiwadi, Cavel Cross Lane No. 6 Dr. Viegas Street, admeasuring 97 2/9 Sq. Yds. or thereabouts bearing New Survey No. 132, C. S. No. 777 of Bhuleshwar Division, Municipal C Ward No. 3885, Street No. 159 (3) Dr. Viegas Street.

For further particulars apply to M/s Nandlal & Co., Solicitors, Cama Chambers, Fort or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE VALUABLE PROPERTY AT BHANDARI STREET.

M/s GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from M/s Chandrasen & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees and on a/c and at risk of Chandulal Morarji the mortgagor in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the Indentures of Transfer of Mortgage of 30-1-46 & further charge of 30-1-46 2nd Further Charge of 1-2-46 and 3rd Further Charge of 5-6-1946 sell by Public Auction the undermentioned immovable Property on Saturday, 16-10-48 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

A piece of land of quit and ground rent tenure with dwelling house at Bhandari Street, admeasuring about 142/9 Sq. Yds. and according to the collector's Bill 127 Sq. Yds. in the Extract of the Survey Report, New No. 9035 New Survey No. 4896 Cadastral Survey No. 3030 of Bhuleshwar Division and Municipal 'E' Ward No. 7515 and Street No. 94.

For further particulars please apply to M/s Chandrasen & Co. Solicitors, at Alli Chambers, Fort, or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE TOMORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. Property of B. Turner Esq., and others at Chowpatty sea face near Vianellis Restaurant of complete household and office furniture, Mirror door steel almirah, safe, typewriter, singer machine, Eng. large ice box, Elec. table fan, zoola sofa cabinet, partition, dining roll top writing and dressing table, chairs, show case, Chesterfield, almirah, bed, Columbia latest port, gramophone, etc., (S. TAX.) Tel. 40213. EASTERN AUCTION CO.

"The Northern Lights of Bombay"
AURORA
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.
TODAY to MONDAY
They Love in Defiance of a World that calls them outcasts!
DENNIS MORGAN and an exciting New Star VIVECA LINDFORS in
'To The Victor'
with Victor Francen, Bruce Bennette
Tomorrow Morning at 10-30 A.M.
DOUBLE PROGRAMME!
"RAIDERS OF THE SOUTH" &
RAINBOW OVER THE ROCKIES"
TUESDAY to THURSDAY!
James Cagney & Humphrey Bogart in
"THE OKLAHOMA KID"

EDWARD
KALBADEVI ROAD
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
FILMISTAN'S SILVER JUBILEE HIT
SINDOOR
KISHORE SHAHU, SHAMIM, PAKO
Also showing
INDEPENDENCE ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATIONS
Tomorrow Sun. Morn. at 10 a.m.
SPY SMASHER
(WHOLE SERIAL)

LAUGH & GROW FAT
Here's a recipe.....
Furnished by comedy
GREAT INDIA PICTURES
PARAI-AAG
MUNAWAR SULTANA, MADHUBALA, ULHAS
Director: NAJAM NAQVI
8TH WEEK
LAMINGTON
Daily 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
Sun. Mat. at 1-15 p.m.
Booking 10 to 11-30 and 4-30 to 6.

Opening on FRIDAY, 25TH OCT.,
SILVER-JUBILEES
EVERYWHERE!!!
—You'll love to see and hear, golden-voiced
NOORJEHAN
IN
SHAUKAT ART'S MUSICAL HIT!
'Jugnu'
with DILEEP KUMAR, SHASHIKALA, LATIKA & G. MOHAMED
Directed by: SHAUKAT HUSEIN
NEXT FRIDAY AT CAPITOL
(Adv. Bkgs. from Monday: 9-30 to 11-30, 2-30 to 5-30)
(A BHARAT Release)

FILMCHITRA CORPORATION
ACHIEVED A SENSATIONAL SUCCESS WITH THEIR MAIDEN SOCIAL—
LAKHPATI
Starring: YOUR FAVOURITE STARS
CENTRAL
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sunday Mat. 1 p.m.
Reservation: 10 to 12, 4 to 6

WHO COMMITTED THIS BLUNDER?
MOTHER OR SOCIETY? See it for yourself in RAJKAMAL'S

Starring:
DEWAN SHARAR
PARSHURAM
SUMAN
K. DATE
ARUNADEVI
UMESH SHARMA
BHOOL
Directed by V. AVDHOOT
Story: DEWAN SHARAR
COMING SOON AT New West End

2ND HOUSEFULL WEEK AT THREE THEATRES

LIGHT OF LOVE...

ENKINDLED IN THE LONELY MAIDEN'S HEART BY A DARING YOUNG MAN BRINGS HAPPINESS TO A LOST SOUL!

MEHBOOB
Productions Ltd.'s
Star-Studded Musical

Anokhi Ada

Starring:
NASEEM
SURENDRA
ZEB QURESHI, CUCKOO,
& ABOVE ALL
PREM ADIB

Produced and Directed By:
MEHBOOB

Music: NAUSHAD

Photography: FAREDOON IRANI

Sound: KAUSHIK

Screenplay and Dialogues:
AGHA JANI KASHMIREE

(A JAYSINH RELEASE)

Simultaneously running at
EXCELSIOR
(Plans for Reservation Open)
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
SUPER
Adv. Bookings: 9-30 to 11-30 a.m.
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Sundays and Holidays at 12-30
BROADWAY
DADAR
(Adv. Bookings: 4 to 6 p.m.)
Daily: 4, 6-45 and 9-30 p.m.
Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 1 p.m.

IDEAS Spell PROGRESS...
NOTIONS Make NATIONS...
See How An idea Is Put Into PRACTICAL APPEALING SHAPE in R. K. FILMS' MOST CREATIVE PICTURE OF THE DAY.

AAG

NARGIS, KAMINI KAUSHAL, NIGAR, KAMAL KAPOOR, PREMNATH and RAJ KAPOOR

Producer-Director: RAJ KAPOOR
Story: INDERRAJ
Music: RAM GANGULI
Camera: V. N. REDDY

3 THIRD WEEK

OPERA HOUSE
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Sun. Mat. at 1 p.m.
Booking 9-30 to 12-30 and 3 to 6-30
A JAISINH Release
A JAISINH Release.

Delhi's Rousing Reception to "SHAHEED"
3 THEATRES PAY 52,000 FOR First WEEK!
FILMISTAN'S
GRAND SCREEN TRIUMPH OF THE YEAR

SHAHEED

Starring:
KAMINI KAUSHAL,
DILIP KUMAR

Daily 3 shows: 3, 6-15, 9-30
Sunday Matinee 12 noon
Book in Advance: 10 to 12 and 4 to 6

ROXY

THE WORDS ON EVERYONE'S LIPS—
Jai Hanuman
RANJIT'S Grand Mythological
2ND "HOUSE-FULL" WEEK AT
MAJESTIC
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Sun. Matinee 12-30
Booking 10 to 11-30 and 5 to 6

A THRILLING
PORTRAIT OF
RAW AND ROBUST
PEOPLE!

RAJKAMAL'S
DARING
SOCIAL

BANWASI

Daily 4, 6-45, 9-30 p.m.
Sun., Holi. 1-15 p.m.

6TH WEEK AT NEW WEST END

ON THE INDIAN SCREEN

WHAT'S WHERE in Bombay

Central

"Lakhpati", starring Leela Chitnis, Sapru and Sulochana Chatterji.

Taj

"Jeene-Do", starring Menaka, Shanta and Harish.

Excelsior-Super-Broadway

"Anokhi Ada," starring Naseem, Surendra and Prem Adib.

Majestic

"Jai Hanuman", starring P. Kailas, Babu Raje, Nirupa Roy, Keshav Purohit and S. N. Tripathi.

Royal Opera House

"Aag", starring Raj Kapoor, Nargis, Kamini Kaushal, Kamal Kapoor and Premlata.

Roxy

"Shaheed," starring Chandra Mohan and Leela Chitnis, Kamini Kaushal and Dilipkumar.

Minerva

"Baghdad ka Chor", starring Sabu.

Imperial

"Pyar ki Jeet," starring Suraiya, Manorama and Rehman.

Lamington

"Banwasi", starring Shobharani, Gyana, Vishwas, Nana Pasikar.

New West End

"Parai-Aag", starring Munawar and Madhubala.

Novelty

"Sajan", starring Ashok Kumar and Rehana.

Kamal

"Majboor", starring Munawar Sultana, Shyam, Indu and Sohan.

Sulochana Chatterji

Lakhpati
At The Central

LAKHPATI, a production of FILM CHITRA CORPORATION, was released this week at the Central. There are no heroes and heroines in this picture nor does it pretend to present great tragedy. Instead it deals with the life of an average family of the middle classes and without dramitic flourishes it succeeds in creating so poignant and realistic a portrayal of the day of day problem of its main character that interest in the picture never palls.

Qamar Jalalabadi's songs, and the excellent acting of OM PRAKASH and BABY TABASSUM are the main attractions in this productions. Leela Chitnis, Sulochana Chatterji, Sapru and Rajan Hasher share in the acting honours.

"Anokhi Ada"
At The Excelsior—Super—Broadway

Mehboob Productions Ltd's starstudded musical "ANOKHI ADA", continues at three theatres — Excelsior, Super and Broadway, released through

Naseem

Messrs. Jaysinh Pictures Ltd.

In "ANOKHI ADA", Producer-Director Mehboob presents a heart-rendering romance of a girl, victimised by fate and society, and a rich young boy of the town. The girl is hopelessly in love with the boy, but as misfortune would have it, rosy dreamworld of their love comes crumbling down like a house of cards. Then there enters in her life a sauve and sophisticated college Professor of Philosophy who takes to making love to her. Naseem, supported by Surendra and Prem Adib, Screenplay and dialogues by Aga Jani Kashmiri adds to the lustre of "ANOKHI ADA".

"Jeene Do"
At The Taj

Jai Hind Chitra's "JEENE DO", a maiden production is now being shown at the Taj Talkies. The film provides entertainment and is thought provoking. It deals with the pitiable conditions of the poor and is a plea for establishing a social system in

Menaka Devi

which human values will prevail. Good music, directed by Shaukat Hussein, and lively dialouges are the most notable features of this production.

Under the direction of Adi F. Keeka and K. A. Majid the chief actors—MENAKA, HARISH, PANNALAL, and SHANTA KUNVAR give convincing and realistic performances.

"Parai Aag"
At The Lamington

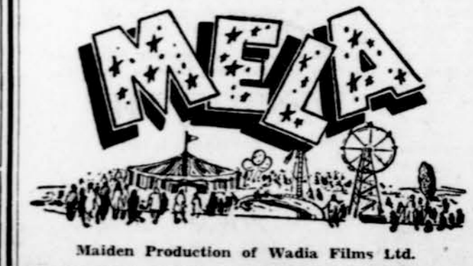
How young folks can use their wits to get out of a tight corner in which they find themselves, furnishes tons of laughter to the audiences in "Parai Aag" which enters now into 8 weeks' run at Lamingtan.

"Parai Aag" is all about the marriage of two girls. Two prospective bridegrooms find themselves in each other's places and have to put up a big show. Their attempts to appear 'natural' furnishes so many 'comic' situations. The two young girls also find themselves in a fix. They misunderstand each other, but it is left to the young men to clear this misunderstanding. Against this love story, runs the character of an old man (the father of one of the girls) whose mistake has landed these four young souls in trouble.

Munawar Sultana and Madhubala have given vivacious performances as the two young girls, while Ulhas and Sheri appear as the two yong men. A. Shah (Shikarpuri) gives us laughs from beginning to the end.

NEPTUNE
Opp. Bandra St. Phone: 89419
Daily 4, 7 & 10 P.M.
Matinee: Sunday 1 P.M.
Now Showing! PIONEER PICTURE
CHANDRASHEKHAR
Kanan Devi, Ashok Kumar.

ON ITS WAY!



Maiden Production of Wadia Films Ltd.

A LIBERTY PICTURES Release.

THE FILM ABOUT WHICH FILM CIRCLES HAVE BEEN TALKING IN HUSHED WHISPERS!

*

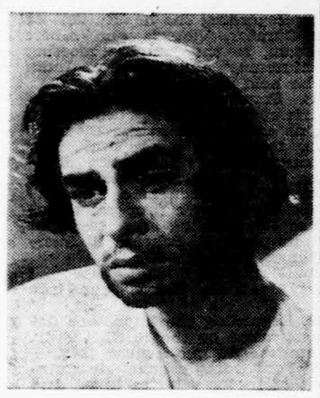
NARGIS
DILIP KUMAR
JEEVAN

and
a whole village!

Directed by:
S. U. SUNNY

*

Music by:
NAUSHAD



Raj Kapoor

"Aag"
At The Opera House

Raj Kapoor has taken the case of a playwright who is also a producer, and has tried to put effectively the mental processes through which a play has to pass before it reaches the footboards. He is able to train one girl, who puts forward a good shown but the spiritual quality that lends an enduring appeal to the performance is sadly lacking. He feels sadly disappointed, only to receive a surprise from an unexpected quarter.

Nargis has given an exquisite performance. Kamini Kaushal, Premnath and Kamal Kapoor have given meat representations. Music by Ram Ganguli is in keeping with the moods of the story; a couple of songs have already become hits. Its photography and sound are to the credit of Mr. V. N. Reddy and Allaudin respectively.

"Sajan"
At The Novelty

Filmistan's "SAJAN" has been a popular fixture at the Novelty. Ably produced and directed by Kishore Sahu, "Sajan" offers cultured entertainment, with enjoyable music and scintillating dances. The story relates about the plight of true lovers who are parted by circumstances, yet united by the third sense of heart relationship.

Ashok Kumar and Rehana give fine portrayals in the lead. Another character that catches the eye is that of faked impersonating Prakash, realistically enacted by Ramesh Gupta. As an opportunist the fully lives it. In "Sajan", Ramesh Gupta gets the first break and he carries the picture as the villain of the piece. Others prominent in the cast are Ranjit Kumari, the gypsy-belle, and Puri, the good old man. C. Ramchandra gives a good musical score, as is attested by the popularity of the songs.

Raj Kapoor's "AAG" continues to attract crowds at the Royal Opera House where the picture is running for the 3rd week.

"Jai Hanuman"
At The Majestic

That sheer brute force is of no avail is the moral of Ranjit's Mythological picture 'JAI HANUMAN' that is running in the second week at the Majestic. As the name indicates the picture deals with the most dynamically energetic figure from Indian Mythology. Hanuman possessed immence strength, but that strength he used in the service of his righteous Master—Shri Ram. He was intense-

Tripathi As Ravana

ly and passionately devoted to his Mastr. It was this deep-seated sense that enabled him to achieve things which to others appeared as beyond the realms of possibility.

Director Ramchandra Thakur has handled the script from this point of view. Incidents are presented in their true perspective with the result that audience interest is maintained throughout.

The cast of 'JAI HANUMAN' is led by P. Kailas, Keshav Purohit, Babu Raje, S. N. Tripathi and Nirupa Roy. Its story, dialogue and songs are by Pandit Indra.

"Prakash"

Songs from 'Prakash', a social picture of Kalakar Chitra, were recorded at Mohan Studios on September 21. Many film personalities and others were present. Everybody appreciated the songs and greeted Sjt. Hari Krishna 'Premi', the producer and writer of the story, songs and dialogue of the Picture. Amirbai Karnataki and Miss Geeta Roy gave the play-back of the Songs. The picture stars Madhubala, Prem Adib and Shashikala. Pandit Badri Prasad, Dar Kashmiri, Munshi Khanjar, Shyam Sunder, Y. N. Josni etc. are in the supporting cast. Mr. Girish Trivedi, who directed the Film 'Vidya', is to direct the picture; musical contribution by Shyam Babu Pathak.

Ulhas and Madhubala in a doubtfu l mood in the comedy, "Parai Aag".

FORTHCOMING RELEASES

"Bhool"

While Banwasi continues a popular attraction at New West End, Rajkamal's latest "Bhool" is ready for release. It was certified by the censor only last week and is now expected to be shortly released in Bombay. As usual with Rajkamal, this picture will usher several newcomers while it will make

Suman

ace-cameraman V. Avdhoot's debut as a director, it will introduce a new romantic leading pair in Suman, who, it will be recalled, played spot roles in "Parbat Pe Apna Dera", and "Andhon Ki Duniya", and Umesh Sharma, and it will introduce a new music director in Pushottam and mark the return of two veteran artistes, Dewan Sharar and Keshvrao Date.

"Jharna"

"JHARNA", Produced and directed by India's only lady-director Protima Das Gupta, is a musical with a romantic back-ground. Music and dances are bright new feature of te film, which stars besides Protima herself, Begum Para, Maya Bammerji, David, Gope, Gulab and a number of others. It's musical numbers are contributed by Music Director Gnan Dutt. JHARNA is going to be released shortly through Varma Films at Lamington Cinema, Bombay.

"Hum Bhi Insan Hain"

May a Art Pictures' social, "Hum Bhi Insan Hain", produced by Ganshamdas and starring Romola and Dev Anand in the leading roles is scheduled to be released in Bombay shortly. Directed by Phani Majumdar, "Hum Bhi Insan Hain" brings to the screen the life of the slums. G. Nepali's lyrics set to the music of H. P. Das and Manna Dey and Ramola's pretty dances makes the picture highly entertaining.

"Janmapatri"

Popular Production's maiden production, "JANMAPATRI", is fast progressing under the direction of Mr. K. P. Shahani, who is also responsible for the story. A. Shah, who is leading the cast, says that he is popular as Udharchand Shikarpuri, but his role in "Janmapatri" will make him known as "Laloo Kaka". All the songs for this picture have been set to music by Mr. Gulshan Sufi of "AINA" and "DEWAR".

"Dard"

Kardar Production's "DARD", is booked as next change at Novelty. "Dard" is the story of an orphan who is brought up and educated by his rich benefactor; when he grows up and becomes a doctor, the benefactor's daughter falls in love with him, but he gives away his heart to a

Suraiya

village maiden. Torn between gratitude and duty on one hand and the solemn word of love on the other, the youth undergoes many tribulations. Directed by A. R. Kardar himself, Suraiya, Munawar Sultana, Nusrat, Husna Banoo, Badri Prasad, and Shyam Kumar play principal roles — Music by Naushad.

Nargis

"Mela"

All the world's a stage and we are only players, said Shakespeare. The story of "MELA" by Azm Bazidpuri enlarges on the idea. In the eloquent photography of the Fali Mistri, the simple story of MELA gathers dramatic force as episode after episodes unfolds before our eyes. Nargis, as the heroine, begins as a carefree young girl in love and gradually grows up into a serious young woman awakened to the responsibilities of life. Playing as her young men, Dilip Kumar offers a homely type of villager role. On the other hand, Jeevan plays a most complicated character, hilarious to all appearances but treacherous in purpose. Besides these three main roles, a fine string of artistes lead by Roop Kamal provides a most satisfactory supporting cast. The winning card of MELA is music by Naushad. The music director he has endowed poet Shakil Badayuni's songs with haunting beauty. Wadia Films' MELA is expected soon at a popular city theatre.

"Jugnu"

Directed by Shaukat Huseni, who gave you "Zeenat" and "Khandan", "Jugnu" presents an absorbing love-story wherein Noor Jehn's songs hit

Noorjehan

a new high. "JUGNU" will be on the Capital screen from Friday, 1st October, 1948, through Bharat Pictures Ltd., of Akola.

"Chaman"

Jaimini Dewan, the producer of "Rattan", has done the trick again. For, according to reports from Lahore and other centres in West Punjab where his new Punjabi Picture "Chaman" has been released, it is gathered that "Chaman" will be even greater success in Punjab than "Rattan"!

With eleven tunes by Vinod as its principal attraction, "Chaman" offers a thrilling dramatic story with a progressive theme. It is the story of a Punjabi youth who opposes the Money-lender in an election and defeats him. Directed by Roop K. Shorey, "Chaman" brings together Meena, Karan Dewan, Majnu, Gulab, Om Prakash, Randhir and Kuldip. The picture was produced at Shree Sound Studios

Nargis Art Concern

Akhtar Hussain, who is the chief director and producer of the Nargis Art concern, came to the forefront with his very first presentation of Shakespeare's "ROMEO & JULIET".

Encouraged by this, Akhtar Hussain went ahead with his activities and, having completed "ANJUMAN", a semi-costume social, is busy with two more productions.

The first being "DAROGAJI", a village social, featuring NARGIS and JAIRAJ, supported by Misra, Rashid Ahmed Khan, Raj Rani and Nisar.

The second is "NADIRA", a costume border historical, featuring NARGIS and TRILOK KAPOOR, with Aman, Rashid Ahmed Khan, Neelam and Nisar.

Both these productions are expected to be completed by November.

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Vad 7, 2004.
Muslim: Zilkad 21, 1367.
Parsi: Parvadin 23, 1318.
Sunrise 6-28 a.m., Sunset 18-33 p.m.
Hightide 03-58, 15-10 Lowtide 09-27, 21-50.

Today's Engagements

BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN: Lecture on "Literary Taste" by Prof. C. H. Shah at 4 p.m. today at the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan. The lecture is open to the public.

LAST DAY OF THE SOVIET EXHIBITION: The Soviet Exhibition running at Cama Hall will remain open today only from 12 noon to 3 p.m.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY: Nursing, Health and Education Films show, free to the public, today at 6 p.m. (S T) at St. John Ambulance, Parsi Division, Lady Willingdon Building, Lohobi Talao.

SHARE BAZAR STAFF UNION: Public meeting today at 1-30 p.m. in the Trading Ring to celebrate "Gandhi Javanti". Sri Abidali Jafferbhai will preside

BOMBAY TEXTILE TECHNICAL AND SUPERVISORY STAFF UNION: A meeting of the members of the Union on Sunday (tomorrow) in the Podar College Hall, Matunga at 9-30 a.m.

HOSPITAL KAMGAR SANGH: Mr. Abid Ali Jafferbhai will explain the Report of the Government Hospital Inquiry Committee to members of the Union at a meeting (today) 9-30 p.m. at the J. J. Hospital compound.

MULJI JETHA MARKET EMPLOYEES' UNION: A meeting of the members of the above Union will be held at Congress House at 9 p.m. Shri S. M. Bhrugushastri will preside.

THE SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY: Mr N V Modak, Special Engineer, Bombay Municipality will speak on "Greater Bombay-Master Plan", today at 6 p.m at Bhavatsky Lodge, French Bridge Mr K P Narayan will preside There will be discussion after the address

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL GARDENS EMPLOYEES' UNION The members of the managing committee and lawyers' panel of the above Union will meet the Superintendent of Municipal Gardens at Victoria Garden today at 2 p.m. to discuss the grievances of the employees and also about the settlement of residential quarters.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE Under the auspices of the BPCC an inaugural meeting of the Rashtriya Javanti Week will be held today at 6 p.m in Peoples Hall Congress House Smt M Y Nurie, Vice-President of the BPCC, will preside and Dr M U Mascarenhas, the Mayor of Bombay will inaugurate the Rashtriya Javanti Week Sevikas and Sainikas are required to be present at 5 p.m sharp for duty

BRAINS-TRUST (LABOUR COLLEGE, MATUNGA) Public meeting today at 6-30 p.m in Podar College Hall

Panel I Prof Vidyadhar Tricumdas (Law and Current Politics) 2 Prof. M L Dantwalla (Economics) 3 Prof P W. Dharap (Radio and Electrical Engineering) 4 Prof. V. D Rao (History and Sociology)

PROHIBITION GUARDS MEETING: A gathering of the Prohibition Guards of the 'D' Division will be held at Chinchpokli near Laxmi Narayan Vyayam Shala today at 8-30 p.m. Dr V. R Bhoosrath, J.P., Officer Commanding, 'D' Division will preside The programme includes drama physical feats and other instructive items.

SINDH HINDU SEVA SAMITI: Hon. Secretary writes, E. I. Railway authorities at Allahabad desire to recruit some passenger Guides for their Railway Candidates will be interviewed on 28th September 1948 at 10 a.m. at Allahabad. Sindhi Refugees who desire to appear at the interview for selection can call at the office of the Sind Hindu Seva Samiti on Mahatma Gandhi Road with copies of the application and testimonials to get further information.

REGAL Air-Cooled and Comfortable.
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

Sunday Morning at 10 a.m
ANGELS WITH DIRTY FACES"
Starring:
HUMPHERY BOGART, JAMES CAGNEY

ADVOCATES' EXAM. RESULTS

The following is the result of the Examination for the office of an Advocate of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay held on 18th and 20th August, 1948:—

Nos. 4 5 7 8 11 12 13 14 15 16 18 19 20 21 22 25 26 27 28 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 41 42 43 44 46 47 48 49 50 53 54 55 57 59 60 61 62 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 73 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 85 86 87 89 90 91 92 93 94 97 98 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 117 118 119 121 123 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 136 137 138 139 141 143 144 145 146 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 172 173 176 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224 226 227 228 229 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 329 241 and 242. Total: 200.

The Sir Chimanlal Setalvad Golden Jubilee Prize has been awarded to Narayan Vithal Saswadkar who stood first at the examination.

DYEING AND PRINTING WORKERS' UNION: Hon. Secretary writes all workers of the Dyeing, Bleaching and Printing trade, the workers of the Textile Process Industry and the workers of the Screen Printing Industry who are thrown out from the employment due to the present cloth distribution policy of the Government are hereby informed that the Dyeing and Printing Workers Union is organising an unemployment relief fund and all workers effected and desirous of help should get their names registered in the Union Office, 42, Kennedy Bridge, Bombay 4, between 6 p.m. to 8 p.m. on all week days.

GIRGAUM DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE: "As a part of Gandhi Jayanti programme there will be 'mass spinning' at 7-30 a.m. at Congress House, and a public meeting at Arab Lane (Bapty Road) (today) at 9 p.m. Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas, Mayor of Bombay will preside. Messrs. G. B. Mahashabde, Mirza Akhtar Hussain, Yusuf Miaji, Mahomed Taher Ansari and others will speak. After the meeting Mr. Mehshar Amrohi will sing poems on Gandhiji's life.

HINDUSTANI PRACHAR SABHA: Hindustani classes at the Aryan Education Society High School, Opera House, will be held at the office of the Sabha, Adenwalla Mansions, Chowpatty Seaface, (Sunday) at 8-30 a.m. (S T) instead of at the Aryan School.

The first, second and third examinations conducted by the Sabha will be held on Saturday (23rd October) and Sunday (24th October) at the different centres, respectively.

B B & C I. RAILWAY EMPLOYEE'S UNION: The Secretary writes, It has been decided to observe 'Railwaymen's Day' today for explaining the Railway workers demands and the resolutions of all India Railwaymen's Federation. Meetings have been arranged at Parel Workshop and Mahalaxmi Wagon Shop at 7-30 a.m. and Car-Shed, Bombay Central at 1-30 p.m. Peter Alvares, Assistant Secretary All India Railwaymen's Federation and Mr Karnik will also speak.

H.M.I.S. "DELHI": H.M.I.S. 'Delhi', which is anchored off the Gateway of India will be open to visitors between 2-30 and 5-30 p.m. today (Saturday) and also on 2nd Oct., 9th Oct. and 16th Oct. Persons wishing to visit are to make their own arrangements for passage to and from the ship. Entry of visitors on board will be controlled by H.M.I.S. "Delhi" at her gangway. Visitors are requested to wait in the boats until asked by "Delhi" to board the ship.

Radio

BOMBAY, SATURDAY, SEPT. 25.

244 m (1,231 kc s) 7-30 a.m. Clarionet Par Ek Halki Dhun (By L. K. Kunte. 7-40 News (M). 7-50 News (G). 8-0 News (E). 8-15 News (H). 8-30 G. N Josh 8-45 Shamla Mazgaonkar 12-0 p.m. Nabhovanchya Parisarat. 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G). 12-55 Madhur Gani. 1-25 News (H). 1-30 News (E). 1-40 You Asked For It! 4-20 Shamla Mazgaonkar. 5-0 Sheikhchand of Poona. 5-15 Bahuroopi. 5-45 News (K). 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H). 6-15 Kantilal Patanwala (Gujarati Bhajan). 6-30 Mohantara Talpade. 7-0 Topic of the Day. 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report. 7-15 G. N. Joshi. 7-30 Kritanek Namaskar. 7-40 Violin Par Shree. 7-45 Pilam Mathi. 8-0 News (M). 8-15 News (G). 8-30 Mohantara Talpade. 9-0 News (E). 9-15 News (H). 9-30 BBC News Relay. 9-40 Anything Goes. 9-45 Film Review in English. 10-0 'Buddhi Dhansak Mandal'. 10-30 Aprasidhha Raag. (Sung by Ramanlal Mehta). 11-0 Close Down.

VARIATIONS

41.44 m (7,240 kc. s) 7-40 a.m. Gurjar Mishra Sangeet. 5-45 p.m. Sheikhchand of Poona. 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners. 61.48 m (4,880 kc/s) 7-45 Commercial News. 8-0 Kantilal Patanwala. 9-0 G. N. Joshi. 9-30 Clarionet Vadan (By L. K. Kunte).

SEE THIS IMPORTANT FILM AT THE STRAND

Gandhi Jayanti Celebration In City

B. P. C. C. PROGRAMME: COLLECTION TO BE MADE FOR MEMORIAL FUND

The General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee writes:

In pursuant of the directions issued by the A.I.C.C. office, the B.P.C.C. has decided to celebrate this year's Gandhi Jayanti for a fortnight starting from today to 10th October both days inclusive.

The following is the programme which the Committee has fixed up:

TODAY (SATURDAY): 6 p.m. Public Meeting at Congress House to inaugurate Jayanti Celebrations.

SUNDAY, 26TH SEPT. 8-30 to 9-30 a.m. Mass Sacrificial Spinning at the Congress House.

THURSDAY, 30TH SEPT. Gandhiji's birthday according to Hindu Calendar. Also the 8th monthly Shradha Day. 8 a.m. to 9 a.m. Spinning at the Congress House. Public Meeting by Women's organisations. Place and time will be announced later. 9 p.m. Public meeting in 'C' Ward at Parsi Gali, Dhanji Street.

SATURDAY, 2ND OCT. Gandhiji's birthday according to Christian Calendar. Flag Salutation in the morning by B.P.C.C., D.C.Cs and T.C.Cs. 6 p.m. Public Meeting.

SUNDAY, 3RD OCT. 4 p.m. to 7 p.m. Hindustani Elocution Competition at the Congress House.

SUNDAY, 10TH OCT. Concluding Day of the Jayanti Celebrations. 5 p.m. Workers' Sammelan at the Congress House.

Besides the above, there will be public meetings and public lectures almost daily during the other days when speeches will be made on the significance of life and work of Gandhiji.

The citizens of Bombay are hereby requested to co-operate with the B.P.C.C. in making the celebration programme a success.

The entire celebration period will also be devoted for intensive collection to the Gandhi National Memorial Fund in co-operation with the local committee of the Fund. The collection for this memorial fund is a national responsibility which every Indian should share by generously contributing to the Fund. On behalf of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, we earnestly appeal to the Citizens of Bombay to contribute their quota of at least ten days' income to this National Memorial during the Jayanti Celebrations. The office of the local committte of the Mahatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund is located in the Indian Merchants Chamber premises, Churchgate Reclamation, Fort, and contributions should be sent to that office.

MUNICIPAL SCHOOL HEAD MASTERS' ASSOCIATION

Corporation Grants Recognition

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Schools Committee of the Bombay Municipality granted recognition to the Municipal Head Masters' Association, today at a meeting held at the Committee Room of the Bombay Corporation. Mrs. Sufi Tayabji presided in the absence of Mr. V. R. Tulla, Chairman of the Committee.

Moving a resolution for granting recognition to the Municipal Head Masters' Association, Mr. M. V. Donde argued that the Schools' Committee should grant it immediately. He pointed out that unnecessary discontentment was caused among headmasters as this issue had been postponed for the last 2 years. He added that the Association represented a majority of head masters of the Municipal Schools.

Mr. M. Harris seconding the resolution stressed that the recognition should be granted without any delay.

Mr. A. H. Mirza moved an amendment seeking to postpone the resolution. He moved another amendment to the resolution requesting the Schools' Committee to appoint a Special Committee to examine the question of the recognition of the Association. Both the amendments were defeated.

Mr. B. V. Varlikar moved an amendment stating that a ballot of all the head masters should be taken to determine whether they were in favour of the Head Masters' Association. The amendment was lost.

The resolution granting recognition to the Association was carried.

DEATH OF FAMOUS BONE-SETTER

Mr. Rustomji Suraliwala Passes At Age Of 47

(From Our Correspondent)
NAVSARI, (By Mail).

The citizens of Navsari of all classes and creeds mourn the sad death of Mr. Rustomji Nanabhoy Suraliwala, which took place in this town on 17th inst. at the age of 47. Mr. Rustomji was a very famous bone-setter who had his headquarters at Surali, a village in Surat District (on T. V. Ry.). Scion of an a very famous bone-setter and esteologist, Mr. Navrnji, who died about a year ago at an old age and who during his long life work wonders in the art of bone-setting—of human beings and animal alike—he followed in the footsteps of his illustvious father and earned the blessing of thousands of clients whom he cured without charging any fee. Not only that but they provided boarding and lodging arrangements for all villagers who came from all parts of the province, including the Bombay city. The art of bone-setting has been ancestral in the family and those who pratise the art are called "Bhims".—named after the famous "Bhim".

On learning his sad death hundreds of mourners of all classes attended his funeral, and the Uthamana ceremony performed here on the 9th, when a sum of Rs. 1,744 was subscribed in his memory to be distributed among charitable funds. The Uthamana ceremony was also performed at Udwada, when Dasturji Phirozeji eulogised the humanitarian work done by Mr. Rustomji, at considerable sacrifice of time and money. The poor villagers has lost in Mr. Rustomji, their true friend. May his sole rest in peace!

Panalal Ghosh's Musical Programme

Welknown radio artist and flutist Mr. Panalal Ghosh will present a musical Programme today at 6-30 at St. Xaviers College Hall. Mr. Panalal will show his mastery over flute. Besides that there will be Vocal music and dances by welknown cinema artists.

NANDA IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Sept. 24 (API): Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Minister for Labour and Housing reached Bombay today from Poona by car. Mr. Nanda will return to Poona tomorrow.

Tributes To Karnataki Musician

Semmangudi Srinivasa Iyer, the well-known vocalist and Karnataki music exponent, was warmly felicitated at the end of his recital under the auspices of the Shanmukhananda Fine Arts Society at Matunga on Sunday. Mr. D. K. Subramaniam, President of the Society, referred to the title of "Sangeeta Kalanidhi" conferred on Semmangudi by the Madras Music Academy and warmly eulogised the yeoman services rendered by him to the classic art of Karanataki music, both as an able executant and expounder and as Principal of the Trivandrum College of Music. Semmangudi, in reply, thnked the Bombay audience for the felicitations and declared that the confirment of the title brought more responsibility than pleasure to him. He referred to the Indian Government plans for establishing Hindustani and Karnataki Music Universities and called upon lovers to help implementation of that scheme. In the contex of the new eedom of the country, music has to quit durban halls and royal palaces, and has to find support from the comon man of democratic India. He referred to the great responsibility of Music Clubs and Sabhas in the new order, and urged that they should discover and encourage new talents, and not merely be content by listening to everworked and everbooked top-rankers. The music wealth of India was in the hands of rising talents, and had to be enriched by harnessing their energies in all fields by generous patrenage.

At the concert in Mantunga, Semmangudi rendered some fine selections from Thyagaraja, Swati Tirunal, Deekshitar and Bharathi, which were well appreciated. He was accompanied by Master Krishnan, violinist, and Nagerkoil Genesan, mridangam player.

Rajah Memorial Scholarship Essay Competition

Rajah Memorial Scholarships Essay Competition is open for students of High Schools and Colleges. It will be in two Sections: Section "A" for High School Students; and Section "B" for College Students.

For the prize-winning essay received from High School students in Section "A", two scholarships equal to the fee of an academic year of the class in which the two students are studying will be paid.

For the prize-winning essay from college students in Section "B", one scholarship equal to the fee of an academic year of the class in which the student is studying will be paid.

A second prize of Rs. 20/- will be paid to the second best essay in each Section "A" and "B".

Dr. Karam Chand Wade and Sri Swami Rajeswaranandaji will value the papers and award the scholarships and prizes. The subjects are:—SECTION "A" (for high school students):—(1) "Your mind makes your world; you make your mind." Discuss. (2) Value of Sports in building a health body and healthy mind. (3) Opportunities pass away like clouds. (4) A Good name is better than wealth.

SECTION "B" (for college students)—(1) Mahatma Gandhiji's Influence on Students. (2) Youths' Vision of a New World (3) Your experiences in Student-Life. (4) Philosophy and Modern Science.

For rules etc. write to the Editor "Students' Companion", 66/1 Royapettah High Road, Royapettah, Madras 14.

STEVEDORES UNION AGAINST STRIKE

Sri B. B. Panchotia, General Secretary of Bombay Stevedores and Dock Labourers' Union has exhorted all the workers of the Union affiliated to I. N. T.U.C. to the effect that they should not participate in any proposed strike of the A.I.T.U.C. which is absolutely against the interest of the workers in these days. The proposed strike will result in greater congestion in the docks which is to be avoided at all costs and those who feel genuinely for the interest both of the workers and the citizens should not co-operate in the said strike. A meeting of the above Union will be held on Saturday, 25th at 8 p.m. at the Congress House Compound when Mr. H. N. Trivedi will preside.

WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Sept. 24. (API.) Following is the daily weather summary for Friday 24th September 1948.

The deep depression in the east Arabian Sea off the Konkan coast intensified into a cyclonic storm yesterday evening. It is centred this morning about 150 miles westnorthwest of Bombay. It is likely to move northwest or north.

Rainfall has been widespread in the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan and the West United Provinces and local in Gujarat, East Rajputana, the West Central Provinces, Malabar, the Madras Deccan and the North Madras coast.

Forecast valid the evening of 26th:—Rainfall will be widespread in South Rajputana, Gujarat, the Konkan and North Malabar. There will be local light to moderate showers in West Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Orissa, the Central parts of the country, the Deccan and South Malabar.

Heavy rainfall warning:—Locally heavy rain is likely in west Gujarat and the Konkan during the next 48 hours.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Sept. 24 (API.) Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 23rd September 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours I.S.T. on 24th September 1948:—

Ahmedabad 98 81 0 8.2 minus 19.7 BOMBAY 83 73 0.4 63.7 minus 2.3 Calcutta 92 78 0 44.4 minus 1.1 Cuttack 90 79 0.1 47.3 plus 2.5 Delhi 92 72 1.7 31.4 plus 9.9 Madras 90 77 0 11.6 minus 2.1 Nagpur 88 74 1.2 34.5 minus 7.1 Patna 92 80 0.1 37.1 minus 2.1 Poona 84 70 0.1 18.0 minus 0.5 Shillong 77 62 0.1 69.8 plus 16.4 Sholapur 85 69 0.3 29.7 plus 10.7 Simla 60 53 0.1 40.7 minus 4.6.

Dearness Allowance Grants To Local Bodies

The Government of Bombay has directed that the Local Authority Municipalities should be paid the full share of the dearness allowance payable by the Government irrespective of the rate of grant paid by Local Authority Municipalities to their aided schools on condition that the additional amount received by the Local Authority Municipalities from Government on this account is wholly spent by them on increasing the grant paid to the aided schools for dearness allowance to the teachers serving in those schools and that the Local Authority Municipalities and the aided schools concerned do not reduce the expenditure which they are incurring at present on his head.

The Governor of Bombay has directed that the Bombay Local Boards (Amendment) Act, 1948 (Bom. XIX of 1948) shall apply to the partially excluded areas in the Province.

Bombay Soap Factory Dispute For Adjudication

The industrial dispute between the Bombay Soap Factory, Bombay, and its workmen has been referred for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal of Divan Bahadur D. G. Karmarkar.

Kher To Fly To Rajkot

Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, will leave Poona on Tuesday, September 28, at 3-15 p.m. by Poona Express for Bombay. He will leave there for Rajkot by air the next day at 8-0 a.m. and will return to Bombay on Thursday, at 5-0 p.m. also by air.

The Premier will return to Poona by the Deccan Queen on Friday, October 1.

BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE TRIBUNAL RULES

The Government of Bombay has has prepared rules governing the constitution of Bombay Co-operative Tribunals. These rules prescribe that a Tribunal shall consist of a President and two other members. The President shall be a person who has been a Judge of any High Court of Judicature in India or a retired District Judge or a person who has held the post of the Registrar of Co-operative Societies in any Provincial Government in India. The other two members saall be non-officials closely associated with the Cooperative Movement and at least one of these two shall be a lawyer with standing not less than 10 years.

They will hold office ordinarily for a period of five years.

CLOTH RATIONING IN AHMEDABAD?

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 24: It is learnt that Dr. Syamaprasad Mukherji has refused to give interviews to cloth representatives and told them to see his secretary.

It is rumoured that cloth may be given on ration-cards on coupon system.

ASTONISHING PICTURE OF TODAY'S REALITY

DUKHIYARI

DUKHIYARI

A MOST SENSATIONAL HIT OF THE SEASON

STARRING SEVEN BIG STARS

SURENDRA, TRILOK KAPOOR, MEENA, CHANDUR MOHAN, RANJIT KUMARI, BUDHO ADVANI, MAJNU, CUCKOO & OTHERS.

TO BE RELEASED VERY SHORTLY

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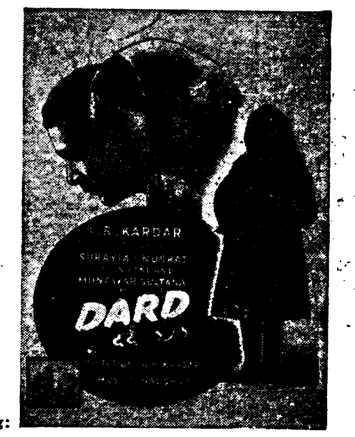
51, DUBASH MARKET, SHEIKH MEMON STREET, Bombay 2

ITS SONGS ARE ON YOUR LIPS.....

ITS STORY WILL STIR YOUR HEARTS!



A. R. KARDAR'S

DARD

Starring:
SURAIYA, NUSRAT, HUSNA BANU, BADRI PRASAD, SHYAM KUMAR & MUNAWAR SULTANA
Story: RAEES AHMAD JAFRI Dialogues: AZM BAJIDPURI
Songs: SHAKIL BADAYUNI Music: NAUSHAD

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PICTURES FOR ALL

OLD OR YOUNG, MAN OR WOMAN STUDENT OR TEACHER—
ALL OF YOU MUST SEE THESE TWO GREAT RUSSIAN FILMS

THE TRIUMPH OF YOUTH

—FREE & FEARLESS YOUTH OF ALL COLOURS & CREED IN SPORT PARADE IN COLOUR

HAPPY BRIDE

—A MUSICAL COMEDY & ROMANCE IN COLOUR

ADDED ATTRACTION U.S.S.R. TODAY

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY

Daily 4, 6-45, 9-30 p.m.
Plans open 10 to 12, 4 to 6
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NOW IT COMES TO CONQUER BOMBAY!
JAIMINI DEWAN'S Musical Hit

CHAMAN

(IN PUNJABI)

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY

From FRIDAY, 1st October

EXCELSIOR

A WESTERN INDIA THEATRES LTD. RELEASE

Direction ROOP SHOREY
Music: VINOD
Dialogues: AZIZ KASHMIRI
Starring: MEENA, KARAN DEWAN, KULDIP, MAJNU GULAB, BANDHIR, OM PRAKASH
Plans open from TODAY

The Bombay Chronicle

Lenity will operate with greater force in some instances than rigour.

—WASHINGTON

PROFIT-SHARING IN MODERN INDUSTRY

The Committee appointed by Government of India to consider the problem of enabling Labour to get a fair share of the surplus value created by its efforts in industrial production has, on their own admission, approached the question from the triple angle of (1) providing an incentive to production, (2) securing industrial peace and (3) ensuring a share to Labour in management. This is, however, far from recognising that the increased value imparted to raw materials manufactured into finished goods is the result, predominantly, of human labour and that, therefore, a large part of the increase in value,—what is called "surplus value",—belongs of right to Labour, including in that term all those who help to produce the goods. The conjunction of circumstances may doubtless, contribute to adventitiously increased value of output,—apart from the quantitative increase in production. Social factors, like increase in population or improvement in the standard of living of the masses, may also similarly result in qualitative increase in the value of the product. To that extent, no doubt, the right of labour to the "Surplus value" must be modified. But the basic justice of the principle cannot be questioned in any society intent upon assuring social justice. The Committee, however, merely content themselves with observing that association of labour in profits would induce the latter to be more content and so bring about a greater measure of industrial peace. This, even if true, is, however, not all that is sought in the acceptance of the principle of profit-sharing between Labour and Capital; and so the recommendations of the Committee in this regard may not find unquestioning favour with the representatives of Labour.

The Committee concede that, theoretically, it is possible that a formula be worked out to apportion Labour's share in the profits of industry, after ensuring that its due be given to Capital also,—what they call a fair return to Capital. But they despair, in practice, of working out a satisfactory sliding scale for this purpose and so decline to concern themselves with the third consideration they themselves have indicated, viz., profit-sharing as a step in the participation of labour in management. "We consider", they say, "that we are precluded from applying this criterion, as it raises political and economic issues ouside our terms of reference". It is difficult to say why the terms of reference should be so narrowly construed as to preclude the Committee from enquiring into this basic matter. The Committee overlook the corollary, from their own recommendations, that profit-sharing will not achieve its purpose so long as Labour has no legitimate share in the management of industry. There can be no real profits, so long as Labour is not paid its elementary return, wages on a predetermined scale co-related with the cost of living liberally settled. If profit-sharing is to be a real solution of the growing problem of industrial unrest, Labour must have a legitimate share in the management of an enterprise, including its basic policy and fair and adequate remuneration. The Committee do not seem to appreciate fully this basic consideration.

This is due to the fact that the Committee assume the social system to be essentially unaltered and unalterable; and so they recommend profit-sharing as a kind of 'experiment', which may be tried in a limited number of industries,—six in all,—to see if it works at all. Any productive activity or organisation is, primarily, the concern of the community as a whole and Labour, as a very large section of the community, must have its fair share in the total national wealth. The Committee view their reference as an isolated problem, which they seem to have further narrowed down by restrictive interpretation. The question, however, is an inseparable part of the entire social and economic problem of our days. No programme of national recovery would be possible so long as these questions are considered in isolated compartments, each in its own shall fully insulated against any contect with its cognates. All social problems are inextricably connected with one another. If we desire a satisfactory and abiding solution of any one of them, we must take in hand simultaneously all these connected matters and make a comprehensive Plan of all-round progress. The Committee cannot be blamed entirely for not taking this broad and comprehensive view. They were influenced by their terms of reference. We have no doubt Government will take such a comprehensive view and deal with all problems facing them from the single standpoint of social justice, increasing the wealth of the country and enabling each citizen to have his fair share of that increased wealth.

Need For Restraint

The Nizam's last Proclamation is a pathetic performance. His Exalted Highness confesses that he has been powerless, a tool in the hands of the Razakars. And there is a touch of bitter disgust at the thought that with the Union forces forty miles from his capital, the Razakars ratted. There is no desire on our part to dwell on a past which can be pleasing to no one. If the whole matter could be disposed of with the proverbial fatted calf to celebrate the return of the prodigal, then no one need concern himself with the problem of who-did-it. But sudden conversions are never very satisfactory, and there are circumstances attending this one which make it particularly unsavoury. The Nizam has gone the whole hog. He has referred to his faith in the secular State which India aspires to be and he pointedly mentions the over 80 per cent Hindu population of his Dominions. These assertions may be taken to mean that His Exalted Highness has decided on his present attitude as the most effective means of telling his people that a new leaf has been turned and that the old times are have gone for ever. The promise not to offend any more will be welcomed. But to every Indian the manner in which it has been uttered will be most regrettable. Nothing makes one feel more the utter uselessness of the past thirteen months than the broadcast proclamation.

The Laik Ali Ministry has been denounced equally with the Razakars. This cannot but strike the observer as more than unjust. Mir Laik Ali was rebuked more than once for exceeding his instructions. The last negotiations at New Delhi would have ended in a settlement but for the last-minute repudiation of the Nizam. In these circumstances it does seem ungracious on the Nizam's part to launch an attack on one whose only crime has proved to be too much subservience to his master. Then again, no one can easily overlook the fact that the Razakars and their leader were not disciplined by the Nizam during the days preceding the surrender nor even in the days following it. Kasim Razvi was in Hyderabad, presumably a free man. And that too at a time when Razakar morale was at a low ebb and the Nizam's forces could have done anything with them.

Whoever has been advising him, the Nizam's actions since the Military Governor took over have swiftly landed him in an impossible position from which the only solution is retirement from the muddle. Sir Mirza Ismail has proceeded to Delhi before responding to the invitations of the Nizam. Much will depend on what transpires there. Although it would have better, in the interests of the Union and of the Nizam himself, if Sir Mirza had been beside the Nizam advising him, in the altered circumstances the wisdom of his move cannot be questioned. The Nizam has revealed a changeable temperament. In his chastened mood, he is amenable to advice which he ignored in the not so distant past. It would be well for the Union Government to consider the siuation and deal with him with clemency.

HYDERABAD SOLUTION

Dr. S M. Hasan M.L.A., ex-Minister writes:—

"The much vexed and prolonged Hyderabad issue, which greatly agitated the mind of our Indian Govt. and the Muslims and non-Muslims alike, has been happily solved, much quicker than expected in a dignified way to the great relief of the peace-loving people of the Hyderabad State and the Indian Dominion, with very little of bloodshed and destruction.

We are, indeed, grateful to God for helping our Govt. in achieving their object in their mission of peace. The matter is now purely between the Nizam, his people and the Indian Govt. to settle up the whole affair in an amicable way honourable to all concerned, towards a democratic form of Govt. in that biggest State of our country, in keeping with the wishes of its people. The frank, magnanimous and un-equivocal speech of our Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, is a clear indication in that direction. We are now breething a sigh of relief as we are saved from the horrors of a war.

Indian Union Muslims, who have cho

It must be mentioned here that the sen to remain in the land of their birth, after a solemn declaration of their loyalty, felt from the unfortunate suspicion around, that there was a test of their loyalty on the Hyderabad issue, the Ruler and the Razakars being their co-religionists, but it is now admitted on all hands, particularly by our top-ranking leaders like Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Patel and Maulana Azad that the Indian Union Muslims have stood the test in such a national emergency admirably, well and that they solidly stood behind our Govt. along with the non-Muslims shoulder to shoulder.

This was undoubtedly a test case and it is proved beyond the shadow of doubt that they come out as loyal to the Indian Union as any body else The Muslims must have realised that the Indian Govt. had no option left but to take resort to such an action only to restore law and order in that State, owing to the Nizam's having thrown to the winds, under the evil influence of the Razakars, all proposals for an honourable and peaceful settlement. They must have also realised that the Indian Govt. who are non-communal in their out-look, will have taken a similar action had a non-Muslim ruler of any State behaved in the manner.

Fortunately the Hyderabad issue has established one thing very clearly and it is that how dangerous it is to mix up politics with religion, and the usual slogan "Islam in danger" will no longer drift them (Muslims) into the whirlpool of regorious fanticism after the tragedy of partition. Pakistan is bound to take a serious note of the change in the political idealogy of the Union Muslims.

Now that a Secular State is established and the loyalty of the Muslims in such a state is proved to the hilt, is is but natural for them to expect a fair deal in all the privileges that are enjoyed by their compatriots in the Dominion and then and then and then alone we will have India of our Bapu's dream."

CITY CORPORATION: WEEK BY WEEK

BY "CITIZEN"

The first Municipal Corporation of Bombay, elected on Adult Franchise has been getting a really good press. The proceedings of the two weekly meetings receive a fair amount of publicity, and editorial comment on civic problems is becoming more lequent. It is as it should be. The premier Municipal Corporation in free India, must function in full blaze of publicity, especially when it is for the first time that in its long life of over scores of years, (the first Municipal Act was passed in 1865) it has been elected on the basis of a vote to every adult citizen.

ORGANISED PARTIES

Another good reason why the new Corporation deserves attention from the Fourth Estate is the fact that for the first time organised parties, including an Opposition, are functioning in the House. The nationalist element in the city made its entry in the Corporation in the early twenties of this century, under the leadership of sjt. Vithalbhai Patel, the doyen of parliamentary opposition in the India that was struggling for her freedom. But constituted as the Corporation then was, the then opposition was more to the foreign bureaucracy that was dominating this country. Today things are so changed that the oppisition is no more to foreign rule or foreign interests. It is to the majority party from among our own people whom the electorate has put in charge of the administration. To that extent the nature of the opposition now is different from what it was or could be in the past.

After the days of Vithabhai Patel the Congress officially entered the Municipal Corporation and for almost a decade enjoyed a comfortable majority. But this, as the citizens of Bombay know full well, led to a sense of complacency and a slowness which are not uncommon in such circumstances. Happily things have changed now. As the working of the Corporation or the last few months shows, the Congress party has a majority in the House, but there is also a strong and well-knit opposition provided mainly by the Socialists. Their strength is further augmented by the Scheduled Caste Federation cum Independent Group, and between them they form a solid block of 40 as against the 65 supporteds of the Congress which include among them the erstwhile Muslim Leaguers who dissolved last week their short-lived Peoples' Party, and half of whom are so far reported to have joined the Congress Party.

Thus the Municipal Corporation provides today the first experiment of party system in the democratic functioning of a representative House wherein a majority is charged with the responsibility of "delivering the goods" and the minority with the job of working as the watchdogs who would prevent any possible abuse of power by the majority. It is but natural that the country in general and the city of Bombay in particular. Should watch this experiment with keen in terest. Both the parties in the House are on their trial charged with their respective jobs and in such circumstances the interest displayed by the local press in civic affairs is indeed welcome.

BOMBAY'S TRADITION

The "Citizen" now enters this field with a view to present an objective review of what happens in the Municopal Corporation from week to week. He will attempt to present a picture of the manner in which our city fathers are handling the job, the million voters of Bombay have entrusted to them. It will also be his endeavour to bring to light black spots and weaknesses in the administration of the Municipality with the object of helping the removal of those defects and buildings up a clean and healthy civic life. Bombay has very fine and rich civic traditions built up by men like Pherozshah Mehta, Vithalbhai Patel and Ibrahim Rahimtulla whose life size portraits adorn the Council Hall and remind any one who enters there that it is these tradition Bombay must keep up and if our city fathers tried to follow faithfully in the footsteps o these illustrious predecessors of theirs, they can hope to be able to render a good account of their work at the end of their careers. The "Citizen" undertakes the job of reviewing the Municipal administration in that spirit and begins the task with a tribute to the memories of these stalwarts and all others who laboured to make this beautiful city of ours really great.

The very first question that comes to one's mind is are the new city fathers attending to their job? If their attendance at meeting is of any indication then surely the answer is in the affirmative. The one serious malady from which the former House was suffreing was very poor and irregular attendance. Not so the present one. In the old House there used to be occasions when the majority of chairs used to remain unoccupied. So far as the new House is concerned the following chart will give an idea as to how far the city fathers are careful about this first duty of attending the meetings.

Month.	No. of days.	No. of Meetings	Average attendance.
April	10	12	99
May	4	5	85
June	4	9	82
July	10	19	86
August	10	15	84

These figures show that on an average 75 per cent of the 117 members of the House attend the weekly meetings. The same average works out for attendance at Committee meetings, quite a number of which used to get adjourned for want of quorum in the past.

Apart from regularity in attendance the new members have shown fairly good interest in the problems that face the city. There seems to be an impression that too many special meetings of the Corporation are requisitioned, and problems other than civic get a priority in discusion. The facts, however, go to disprove this. True, as many as ten special meetings were held in the first five or six months, but all of them were for questions that affected the city. Some of these might look to a superficial observer to be out of the perview of the Municipality, but clause (K) of Section 63 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, which provides for matters which may be provided for by the Corporation at their discretion, covers such cases and, therefore, the Corporation has been strictly within its jurisdiction in discussing these problems. It might appear as though all special meetings were requisitioned by the Opposition who are eager to make use of this forum for airing their political views. Facts, however, disprove this contention as well and go to show that the "honours" are equally difided. Out of the ten special meetings six were causes at the instance of the Socialists and four by the Congress party. The subjects discussed were "encroachments on civil liberties" "gratuity to the B.E.ST. workers", "representation to the Corporation on the Bombay Port Trust", "Police firing on the Municipal sweepers" "behaviour of the B.E.S.T. staff" "the threatened strike of mill workers in the city" "concern at the possible removal of food-grain control from the city of Bombay" and "Welcoming the directive of the Central Government to the local bodies not to give recognition to communal organisations for certain purposes". As would be evident from this list all these are problems that affect the citizen vitally, and it would not have been proper to keep them out of discussion on the plea that they were more political than civic. The dividing line between matters civic and political has been very thin so far, and it is likely to be thinner in free India and especially when we go on working democratic institutions and function on party system.

COMMON MAN'S CORPORATION

Has there been any concrete achievement to the credit of the new Corporation? It is rather too early to give a verdict. But looking to debates as a whole there has been severe criticism of the very unsatisfactory administration of the Municipalised Bus and Tram services in the city and it is mainly due to this criticism that the experiment of all standing tramcars which were termed as "mobile cages" and in which citizens were made "to travel like criminals" have disappeared from our streets.

If one looks to the work of the first five months of the new Corporation one feels that although there is much to be desired and the tasks that face members of our Corporation are stupendous if they apply their minds to the jobs in hand the first corporation voted by the common man may be able to achieve much more than the Municipality did in the past when it was the preserve of the rich few.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Appeal To Bombay Citizens

We publish elsewhere an appeal to the Citizens of Bombay issued by the Bombay Committee of the Gandhi National Memorial Fund Committee. This city as well as the rest of the country will to-day begin the celebration of Gandhi Jyanti which will continue for a fortnight. As we stated the other day, the country has been sadly neglectful in the collection of the fund the target for which is now fixed at Rs. 34 crore. This is not a large amount, if the majority of the people contribute at least 10 days' income to the fund. We hope citizens of Bombay will not fail in their duty. This is the first celebration of Gandhiji's birthday after his death and we cannot celebrate it better than by providing the wherewithal to prosecute the constructive Programme which was so dear to him.

Textile Prices

The report of the Tariff Board on textile prices was submitted to Government, we believe, over two months ago. According to the writer of "City Notes" in a local contemporary, the Report is still under the consideration of the Central Government. This would be surprising if it were true. What would be still more amazing, if it were true, is that, as stated by the writer of the "City Notes", the Tariff Board's Report has been referred to a committee of three textile magnates! Could there ever be a more astounding case of the accused sitting in judgment over themselves? Is it proper and fair for Government to refer the report of an independent, impartial and expert body to persons who are interested in the matter and whose record, on the showing of the Minister of Industry and Supply himself, has been, by and large, hardly honourable and who have according to him, "let down" the Government during the past six months? If the textile magnates who have ruthlessly exploited the poor consumers, are to be consulted—which is itself improper—why should the representatives of labour and consumers, who are the real sufferers, not be consulted? The writer of the "City Notes" adds that "the final decision will be taken later on by Government in consultation with this Committee." If this is true, can the position be more preposterous? Government asks the Tariff Board to determine fair prices for cloth and yarn. The Tariff Board submits its report after five months' of inquiry and deliberation. Government then refers the Report to the textile industry itself whose committee will now advise Government what prices to fix! Surely, it would have been easier, cheaper and quicker for Government to short-circuit this elaborate procedure from the start and ask the textile industry itself to fix prices as was done during the control period when the millowners, textile controller's officers and the Delhi Secretariat were all happy and pleased and the consumer of cloth was nowhere in the picture! We do not know if the reports to which we have referred are authentic. However, we feel that an authoritative statement on the subject from the Minister of Industry and Supply, who is now in Bombay, is overdue if public misgivings are to be allayed.

Britain And South Africa

The public meeting held in London on Thursday to condemn the South African Government's policy of racial segregation may not have been representative of the people of London, but the sentiments expressed there deserve to be endorsed by all who value democracy. The British Government's attitude in this behalf has not been creditable. Nay, as Mr. Fenner Brockway remarked at the meeting, Britain's record in the U.N.O. on colonial issues in general has not been such as one can be proud of. If the British Government, he says, hopes to retain India and Pakistan within the Commonwealth, it should now at least "take a firm stand against the South African Government's policy of racial discrimination." Britain as an avowed champion of democracy ought to denounce that policy, whether or not India and Pakistan choose to remain in the Commonwealth. But if she does that India's relations with her are bound to be far more cordial than they would be otherwise.

A Key-Note Address

It was, perhaps, in the fitness of things as they are that the opening day of the U.N. Assembly Session should be marked by a speech by Mr. George Marshall, the United States Secretary of State. His country is the leader of the Western Group of Powers. And it is the prerogative of the spokesman of that country to give the keynote address on behalf of his group which is also the majority group in the United Nations. It is thus a statement of the policy of the majority and therein is its significance. Generally, the speech emphasises the rift between the West and the East. But more than that it creates the impression of an announcement that the rift is complete and final, that practically all hopes of a compromise have been given up and that the world should now make up its mind to await in a state of increasing tension and anxiety the inexorable progress of the present cold war through quick stages to the ultimate showdown. Indeed, the spirit of Mr. Marshall's speech is already being implemented everywhere, in both camps. The conspicuously common features of the international situation are political and economic mobilisation by the parties and their feverish efforts to increase and strengthen their military forces and their "defence" plans. What is being done in Britain as revealed by Mr. Alexander is going on all over the "West-East" world. In the context of all this, the Berlin crisis becomes a grave and imminent danger to world peace. And the United Nations will be faced with a life-and-death challenge when the Berlin issue comes before it as it is bound to do. A doom is hanging over that body unless a miracle happens, unless, that is, the Big Four suddenly change and become compromise minded.

The Important Question

Meanwhile, Mr. Marshall has given the Assembly a multi-point lead on what should be done and what should not be done in respect of many other issues. Three of them interest us most. As was expected, Mr. Marshall has called for recognition of the State of Israel and its admission as a member of the U.N. How it is an outrage on democracy, on human rights and on the U.N. Charter to carve a State out of an Arab land for an alien people from Europe and America is well-known. But the U.S. having taken the lead in supporting the outrage she must naturally take the lead in getting U.N. recognition for Israel. It is a pity that people, who talk of justice and of their desire to defend peace, should simultaneously act in the Middle East in a manner calculated to betray both. The second point relates to Indonesia. Mr. Marshall pleads for sovereign independence for Indonesians plus continued co-operation between them and the Netherlands. The formula is sufficiently ambiguous to mean all things to all men, especially to the Dutch. If Mr. Marshall does mean sovereign independence when he uses that expresses, let him say so clearly. But he cannot and he will not. Finally, we note with interest his concern about Kashmir. But we do so with some regret, too. Mr. Marshall continues to talk platitudes as if there was little to distinguish between the conduct and attitude of India and of Pakistan. The question that his platitude now raises is whether he and his friends are going to ignore the findings even of the authorised representatives of the Security Council itself?

Avert The Strike

It is disconcerting to learn that about 1,700 lower-paid employees of the different municipal hospitals in the city have threatened to go on strike with effect from Saturday if their demands regarding pay etc., are not conceded by then. We concede that the demands are not unreasonable and that they have been before the Municipality for some months past. But as the health and even the life of about 1,600 patients in the hospitals are in danger, the employees, if they decide to go on strike, should give reasonable time to the authorities to make alternative arrangements for the patients. Moreover as the Municipal Commissioner has agreed to let the dispute be decided by adjudication, the employees ought also to agree to adjudication. If they fail to do that and go on strike, they will most surely lose the sympathies of the public, a factor which no body of workers can afford to ignore.

RESTRICTIONS ON USE OF NEWSPRINT

Government Decision To Relax For Three Months

NEW DELHI, Sept. 24, (A.PI.): In pursuance of the recommendation of the Newsprint Advisory Committee at its meeting held on September 7, 1948 the Government of India have, as an experimental measure, decided not to enforce for a period of three months the existing restrictions on the use of newsprint for purpose other than the printing of newspapers says a press note.

Although the stockists, dealers and importers o newsprint as well as proprietors of newspapers may now dispose of newsprint without any restriction, it will be obligatory on them, as well as every consumer of newsprint, to submit to the Newsprint Officer, Simla on or before the seventh day of every month a true return in the prescribed form of the stock acquisition and consumption of newsprint. The existing ceiling prices of newsprint will continue to remain in force as before. Government will review the situation after a period of three months

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

LONDON, Sept. 23: Reports reaching the Foreign Office suggest that a conference of heads of Eastern European States is now meeting in the Crimea under the presidency of Generalissimo Josef Stalin, an official spokesman said today.

The British spokesman said that while reports of such a meeting could not be regarded as 100 per cent firm, there were strong indications that Rumania, Czechoslovakia and Bulgaria were represented.

According to reports reaching the Foreign Office Madame Anna Pauker, Foreign Minister of Rumania, H. Dimitrov, Prime Minister of Bulgaria and President Gottwald of Czechoslovakia had all gone abroad and were believed to be in the Crimea.

—Reuter.

* * *

His Exalted Highness broadcasts from the Hyderabad Radio: "I warn the Muslims all over the world not to be victims of interested propaganda".

It proves the Nizam's sense that he didn't waste his time warning the Churchills, Butlers, Beaverbrooks and Rothermeres of the world, the "victims" of self-interested propaganda.

* * *

"In the very nature of things", H. E. H. says, "Hyderabad, 86 per cent of whose population are Hindus, cannot possibly become an Islamic State".

But what had they—you know who the various "they" are—to do with "nature of things" even "very"?

* * *

Denouncing the eight months old terror rule of the Razakars, the Nizam also said that the Laik Ali Ministry was forced upon him.

The Laik Ali answer would be that Laik Ali himself didn't get himself forced upon the Nizam.

* * *

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, a member of the Constituent Assembly, says there is a strong view that India should remain within the Commonwealth as long as she has not militarily strengthened her hands, though he did not attach much importance to that view.

And we do not attach much respect to the argument for that view.

* * *

The principal speaker on the opening day of the U.N. Assembly Session was, as befitted the occasion, Mr. George Marshall, Secretary of State, the United States of America.

He accused "a small minority" of persistent obstruction which we can spot.

But he then proceeded to declare that he would have "no compromise on principles". Which puzzles and confuses us. What ARE "principles"?

* * *

Then Mr. Marshall put forward an umpteen-point programme, for instance, Greece must be made secure "from aggressive and unlawful interference from without".

From every "without" or only one "without"?

* * *

Mr. Marshall further called for a negotiated settlement "without further bloodshed" in Indonesia, sovereign independence for the people of Indonesia and continued co-operation between them and the Netherlands.

Brilliant. Positively brilliant. We mean the phrasing of this Marshall point.

* * *

By the way, he also called for continued mediation and negotiation between India and Pakistan in order to achieve a "peaceful settlement of an issue which has been charged with grave dangers".

How the Kashmir Commission will react to Mr. Marshall's overriding summons we don't know. But Sir Md. Zafrullah must certainly thank him, even dispensing entirely with clarifications and elucidations.

* * *

Addresing the U.N. Assembly, the Egyptian Foreign Minister, complained that peace in the Middle East and throughout the world was menaced by "the injection into Palestine of a heterogenous population from all parts of the world".

The Egyptian spokesman was being rather unfair. He should have realised sympathetically that this is a self-protective precaution by the injectors.

* * *

According to a U.P.A. report from London, Field Marshal Montgomery has declared that the British Government wanted 100,000 more men for the Territorial Army before spring.

O. K. We note it. And we note a whole lot of other incidental things too.

OPEN AIR

In the silence of the night we are able to hear all the small sounds which are drowned during the day by the noise of traffic and radio and the cries of street vendors! Then we hear the croak the frog, the squeak of the Blind Mouse, and above all, monotonous and earpiercing in the silence, the chirp of the crickets and large grasshoppers which come out to feed at night. Sometimes these large grasshoppers fly indoors in the evening and sit chirping stridently on the wall or curtain. Here they show up well against their unusual background, though in the garden it is generally impossible to see them, so well does their colouring, either green or shades of brown, mingle with the leaves. The wing cases of these large grasshoppers are long and narrow and protect the membranous flying wings which, when not in use, are folded under them like a fan. When the insect flies, we see that these flying wings are often beautifully coloured.

The female grasshopper lays her eggs in the ground and the larvae are very much like the adult insects in appearance though at first they have no wings at all. It is only after several changes of skin that the wings finally develop and the young insects are at last able to fly.

D.R.

Tenancy Bill In Bombay Assembly

HOLDINGS OF FIFTY & TWO HUNDRED ACRES

Government Reserves Right To Reduce In Specific Cases

(FROM OUR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE)

POONA, September 24.

The debate in the Assembly today was of a technical nature, all the time being taken up by the amendment to the new Tenancy Bill. The nett effect of the amendments accepted by the Government is that even in the case of a joint family with many branches, the right to possess more than 200 acres is removed, only four such branches with a right to 5 acres each being recognised.

A wife, a mother or a grandmother entitled to a share of an undivided Hindu property is not deemed to constitute a branch for this purpose. But the most important effect of the amendments asserted today, is that the Government reserves the power to still reduce in specific cases the holdings of 50 and 200 acres by notification in the official Gazette.

The provision for forfeiting land in cases where a landlord has taken possession of land and fails to cultivate it for twelve years, stands annulled.

Proceedings In Detail

Clause 32 of the new Tenancy Bill —the vital clause in the whole bill to which dozens of amendments have been tabled—came up for further discussion to-day.

Practically the very essence of the bill is embodied in this clause. This clause confers the right on a protected tenant at any time to purchase the land held in tenancy by him. But according to the bill the right of the tenant to such a purchase is conditioned by the fact that after such a purchase he shall not be in possession of more than fifty acres. Similarly it has been provided that no tenant can compel his landlord to sell him land in such a manner that after such a sale his holding is less than fifty acres. By a sub-section in the clause it was provided that in the case of an undivided Hindu family with many branches, there could be an aggregate at the rate of fifty acres per branch.

But by an amendment of Mr. K F. Patil, which the Government accepted, such an aggregate ownership has now been limited to 200 acres, irrespective of whether such branches are four or more than four.

Mr. M. A Bhatji, speaking on his amendment said that in order to enable mechanical cultivation the economic unit must be increased from 50 to 100 acres, irrespective of whether it is a divided or undivided family.

Mr. K. F. Patil regarded 200 acres as an economic holding for a joint family.

RIGHT OF PURCHASE.

Mr. A. A Kittur asked that provision be made whereby a tenant who buys land will not part with it to others or in other words he must buy the land only for 'bona fide' agricultural purposes. If he wanted to sell the land, the first right to purchase must belong to the landlord from whom he originally purchased.

Mr. Kittur also wanted that the buyer-tenant should not be the only person with the previlege of selecting the land he wants to purchase.

Dr Natu said that since the bigger landholders were few and far between, they must be given the chance to use mechanised agriculture.

The Thakore Sahib of Kerwada wanted the Government to specify the period in the year, when the tenant could exercise his right or otherwise he might make the demand at awkward periods in the middle of the season.

Another amendment to the same clause which was also accepted by Government, was also moved by Mr. K. R. Patil. This amendment only removes the vagueness of a sub-section in the clause which provides that disputes in respect of the particular area to be purchased shall be decided by a tribunal for whose constitution also the bill makes provision.

Mr. Patil's amendment makes the meaning of the sub-section more specific.

LOYALTY OF LANDLORDS.

When one of the members said that the landlords as a class were loyal and had always been loyal to the Government in power and as such they had a claim for the protection of their rights not only as landlords, but as citizens of India, Mr. Morarji Desai said that the loyalty of landlords had not been in doubt. But when loyalties were in doubt stringent measures had been taken. Loyalty was not something for which concessions and previleges could be claimed. It was just plain duty of every citizen. Here the question was one of rectifying certain injustices in society and even if they were the result of "the loyalty of landlords", those injustices had to be removed.

NO INCREASE OF LIMIT.

Earlier replying to certain amendments moved by the opposition, Mr. Desai said that he could not agree to raise the limit of 50 acres to a hundred. Hundred he said, was too large a limit and he did not think that more than 50 acres was needed for an economic holding

Referring to an arguments that the proviso about the joint Hindu family, coming as it did from a secular Government, appeared to favour one particular community, Mr. Desai said that such a proviso could not be incorporated in respect of any other community, as the system of joint family did not obtain among them.

The question of giving pre-exemption to landlords did not arise, he said. A tenant would not be allowed to alienate land unless with the permission of the Government and if the landlord himself was a cultivator he might get priority.

Another amendment which the Government accepted is explanatory to a clause which defines the meaning of a branch of an undivided Hindu family, entitled under the rules of Hindu law to a share "per stripes" in the property owned by the family.

By this amendment "a wife, a mother or a grandmother entitled under the rules of Hindu law to a share on the partition of the property of an undivided Hindu family shall not be deemed to constitute a branch of such family".

By another amendment which Government accepted, the Provincial Government may, by notification in the official gazette, direct that the limits of 50 acres and 100 acres specified in the bill be reduced in respect of particular areas. It may also direct by notification that the limits of 50 and 200 acres specified in the sections or the reduced limit specified in the notification shall consist of particular types of lands.

WELCOME HOME TO HOCKEY HEROES

(Continued from Page 1.)

"Chronicle" greeted the boys aboard, they told him that they were "happy to be back home".

They were unanimous that they had a nice time abroad snd it was an unique experience which they would remember all their life.

When Kishenlal came along to the quayside a simple-looking young woman with two bright little kids greeted him from behind the bars of the huge iron door of the Mole. The kids had garlands for him which they passed on through the apertures. Flying kisses to them, he walked on to a waiting automobile followed by other members of the team.

At Corporation Hall

At the civic reception at the Corporation Hall, the members of the Indian Olympic Hockey team and the managers were welcomed on behalf of the citizens by Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas, Mayor of Bombay.

Expressing the City's pride in the achievements of the team, the Mayor told the players: "You have brought glory to the country and enhanced the prestige of the motherland. You deserve our heartiest congratulations more because your unique success has brought lustre to our country's honour in the first year of her national independence".

The Mayor commended the team spirit and unity displayed by the players throughout the tour. It was this unity and team spirit, he said, which enabled them to keep the country's flag flying in the international field.

Dr. Mascarenhas expressed the hope that "those in charge of our hockey affairs will not rest content with the laurels gained, but will make ceaseless efforts to retain India's supremacy in international hockey in the years to come".

After the speech the Mayor garlanded Mr. Kishen Lal, Captain of the team. He presented bouquets to the other players as each of them was introduced to him by the Captain.

Mr. Pankaj Gupta, one of the managers of the team, thanked the Mayor and members of the Corporation for the reception accorded to them. He expressed satisfaction at the interest taken by Bombay in hockey and added that Bombay could be proud of the fact that the team was led by a player from the City.

Mr. Gupta said that the 1948 Olympics had a special significance because it was the first time that India's national flag flew at the Wembley Stadium and the national anthem was played when India won the Hockey title. Though this year's victory was the fourth in hockey, Mr. Gupta added, "this time it was real India which won".

Mr. Gupta observed that the 1952 Olympiad would be a severe test for India. He did not expect any smooth-sailing in future years because continental standard in hockey was improving rapidly. He warned the players against developing a superiority complex and hoped that those in charge of the game would play greater attention towards maintaining India's supremacy.

Mr. Gupta appealed to Government and public to help the hockey associations in India more than in the past.

Mr. Chatterjee, the other manager of the team, said that India's victory in the 1948 Olympics was particularly important because this was the first time in the last four occasions when Great Britain, who held supremacy in the West, participated in the hockey championship.

At the conclusion of the function, Mr. Pankaj Gupta introduced the players to members of the Corporation and others present.

Among those who attended were, Mr. Naval Tata, President of the BPHA and Dr. J. A. Collaco, ex-Mayor, and Dr. Valeriam Gracias, Archbishop of Bombay.

At The Taj

Later in the evening the Hockey Team were accorded another reception, by the Tata Sports Club at the Taj Mahal Hotel, at which Sir Homi Modi presided.

In the course of his address Sir Homi stated that the team had acquitted itself very creditably. Our players had not only won fresh laurels and retained the title for their country, but had made themselves the model for other nations to emulate.

Defending the gallant spirit evinced by the players during their tour of Europe, Sir Homi contradicted the opinion held by certain "superior" circles that the team did not acquit itself as creditably as teams in the past, pointing out that in the games played the Indian teams had shot 25 goals and conceded only two. This was a record which the country could be proud of. The Indian team nad maintained a standard which other countries were striving to attain.

Making a plea for the promotion of sports in India, the speaker expressed the wish that the Governments of the country would, instead of enacting laws which resulted in the loss of vast revenue, concentrate on utilising funds for the furtherance of sports.

He congratulated the players on their performance and success against the teams of Great Britain, which was the champion of the game until India came on the scene.

Dr. A. C. Chatterjee replying on behalf of the team in his capacity as its manager, stressed the need for adequate training for our players before they are sent abroad to defend the hockey crown. Weather conditions at Wembley were not very encouraging to the success of our team, and he felt that to ask our players to go on the field under conditions which were so very different from those prevailing in this country was not right. He further emphasised the need for playing hockey thoughout the year so that our players would get acclimatised to playing under varied conditions.

Dr. Chatterjee observed that the standard attained by Holland in the game could not be ignored. Dutch players were likely to provide stiff opposition to the Indian team in the 1952 Olympics, but he was confident that our players were capable of retaining the title.

Acceptances For Sunday

The following are the acceptances of Summer Races, Third Day, to be run on Sunday, 26th September, 1948.

THE BARODA PLATE. Division III. —Distance 6 furlongs.

Marvel 9-0; Just It 9-0; Morning 9-0; Vagabond Prince 9-0; Steve 9-0; Phone Again 9-0, Dhun 9-0; Who Knows 9-0; Flying Clipper 9-0; Golden Square 9-0; Lalkar 9-0; Cinesina 8-11.

THE HOLKAR PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Toistar 9-4; Princess Marnock 9-0; Chetna 8-13; Yemin Ul Mulk 8-1; Maha Nanda 7-13; Manipulator 7-11; Who's That 7-11; Kashmira 7-9; Plus Four 7-8; Home Spun 7-1; Sugar Palm 7-0; Mon Ami 7-0.

THE BARODA PLATE. Division I.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Full Poppy 9-0; Alma 9-0; Just Wait 9-0; Shirazi 9-0; Yearling 9-0; King's Star 9-0; Prince Jehangir 9-0; Gwalior Express 9-0; Fowzia 8-11; Rubayat 8-11 Noor Bano 8-11.

THE BARODA PLATE (Div. II)—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Reuter 9-0, Untamed Prince 9-0, Nasrullah 9-0, Bavaji 9-0, Battle Out 9-0, Jai Malhar 9-0, Gurjari 8-11, Golden Hind 8-11, Happiness 8-11.

THE E. S. GODFREY PLATE (Div. II)—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Akash Deep 9-0, Bronzewing 8-12 Mah-I-Nau 8-12, Kurleshwari 8-8, Carrots 8-8, Nizamuddin 8-4, Shah Nawaz.

THE INDEPENDENCE CUP—Distance 1 Mile.

Shan-E-Hind 9-7, Maratha Mandir 7-1, Sunbathing 9-4, Rim Jim 8-5, Gipsy Gem 9-0, Repartee 8-13, Kunigal Star 8-11, Bhopal Star 8-0, Raj Doot 8-9, Near Image 8-6, Paper King 8-5, Maid of Honour 7-9, Dragon Seed 7-11 Boop's Fancy 7-11, Irish Right 7-7.

THE E. S. GODFREY PLATE Div. I).—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Shubh Luxmi 9-0, Queen of Gwalior 8-12, Georgie 8-11, Gentle Whisper 8-10 Meghapushpa 8-10, Mirella 8-3, My Pet 8-2, Gay Pilot 7-13.

THE PATIALA PLATE—Distance 1 1/4 Miles.

Valiant Prince 9-1, Turf Star 8-13, Mardan 8-11, Star in a Million 8-9, Bellemere 8-8, Brilliant Sunshine 8-7, Ruby 8-6, C. G. 8-4, Ajinkya Tara II 8-2, Shamma 8-0, Ginger Lady 7-7, Yipee 7-4.

Khan Saheb Likely To Win The Chief Event

(By Our Racing Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Friday.

In to-morrow's chief event, the Lonand Plate, Gwalior-owned Khan Saheb, a facile winner last time possesses an outstanding chance.

Maratha Mandir and Damyanti, also Gwalior candidates, ar fancied to score in their respective events.

The following are my selections:—

1ST RACE:—
MA CHERIE ..... Win
HAPPINESS ..... Next best

2ND RACE:—
LALAJI ..... Win
AJINKYA TARA II ..... Next best
if absent LUMINARY

3RD RACE:—
KICKSHAW ..... Win
CHETNA ..... Next best
if absent FLYING JESTER

4TH RACE:—
MARATHA MANDIR .... Win
SWEET SERENADE ..... Next best
if absent BIG THREE

5TH RACE:—
KHAN SAHEB ..... Win
PRAMILA ..... Next best

6TH RACE:—
COCKTOP ..... Win
SHERDIL ..... Next best

7TH RACE:—
DAMYANTI ..... Win
MR. O. K. ..... Next best

CHOICE TREBLE:—
MARATHA MANDIR
KHAN SAHEB
DAMYANTI

FLUKES:—
GIPSY GEM
BATTLING ADMIRAL

TALYARKHAN ELIMINATES PRAKASH NATH

Shroff Prevails Over Jaini

BOMBAY, Friday.

It was a day of personal triumph for Homi Talyarkhan in the Invitation Badminton Tournament this evening at the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana Court. He succeeded in reaching the semifinal stage in both the singles and the men's doubles. In the singles he upset the Seeding Committee's calculations by eliminating Prakash Nath—seeded No. 3 in the singles—in two straight games, and then went on to win the doubles engagement with Anant Ullal against George Lewis and Madgaokar.

Homi Talyarkhan taking full advantage of an opponent who was obviously out of practice, never let the game go out of his hands, and combining deep tosses with carefully placed drops that mostly left Prakash standing on the court, he won the first game with the loss of only eight points. Inspired by this initial success he ran into a big lead of 9—1 in the second. Prakash was badly missing his strokes, and was mostly erratic. He needed practice which he has been unable to put in this year. Talyarkhan ultimately won the match by giving away only a brace of points in the second game. He thus qualified to meet Charanjit in the semi-final to-morrow evening.

In the other singles match of the evening that was played earlier Shroff played brilliantly to beat Jaini in three well-contested games. Shroff won the first game for the loss of only six points and led 7—0 in the next. Jaini made a bold attempt and went on to in eleven successive points to capture the game at 15—10. Shroff was serving badly, and on no less than eight occasions dropped his service by serving far beyond the base-line. The deciding game was a very keenly fought with both Shroff and Jaini contesting every point relentiessly and the players were level till six all changing over at 6—8, Shroff missed a very easy stroke that he hit outside, when he had Jaini completely at his mercy and had the whole court to place the shot, but he failed to drive home the advantage. A few good dropshots by Jaini enabled him to bring the score to 9—8, and once again Shroff made a gift of a point to him. Jaini receiving one of Shroff's dropshots cocked up the shuttle to Shroff at the net and Shroff, instead of killing it hit a half-hearted stroke right into the hands of the waiting Jaini who cleverly put it beyond Shroff's reach, to lead 10—8. Shroff made a brilliant recovery just when everything seemed lost for him, and hitting a series of powerful smashes levelled the scores at 10 all and went even further to lead by two points with the score reading 12—10 in his favour. Shroff clinched the issue by winning the game at 15—12. He now meets Henry Fereira in the semi-final.

In the doubles match against M. Guha and S. Bose of Bengal, Henry Fereira and B. D. Shroff, seeded No. 2, made the mistake of playing with the front and back combination in the initial stages of the first game, and paid the inevitable penalty when their opponents took a runaway lead of 9-1. Realising their error they rectified it at this stage, and they made a partial recovery to reduce the deficit and actually came within a point at 12-13, but that was as far as they could go and lost the game

Brilliant net play by Bose combination baffled the Bombay pair and the second seeded combination lost the match in two straight games.

Homi Talyarkhan and Anant Ullal adepting aggressive tactics against Lewis and Madgaokar, succeeded in winning their engagement in three games. Talyarkhan who had earlier beaten Prakash Nata was irresistible and although his partner Ullal was missing very badly on many occasions, he shouldered the whole burden and won a deserving victory.

A gesture of true sportsmanship that found right sort of appreciation from the crowd that had come to witness the matches was shown by Homi Talyarkhan in the earlier stages of the final game. Talyarkhan in returning a stroke that had gone outside, had touched the shuttle very slightly, and this had escaped the notice of the umpire, who announced the point in favour of the opponents, but Talyarkhan immediately told the umpire of his error and the score was rectified. The spectators appreciated this gesture by giving Talyarkhan a round of applause.

The results:

MEN'S SINGLES

B. D. Shroff beat S. L. Jaini, 15-6, 10-15, 15-12; H. K. Talyarkhan beat Prakash Nath, 15-8, 15-2.

MEN'S DOUBLES

M. Guha and S. Bose beat H. Fereira and B. D. SHroff, 15-12, 15-9; H. K. Talyarkhan and A V. Ullal beat G. Lewis and V. A. Madgaekar, 15-6, 13-18, 15-11; Prakash Nath and Davinder Mohan beat M. K. Bhopardikar and G. P. Shirke, 15-8, 15-4.

SATURDAY'S MATCHES:—

SEMI-FINALS

4-30 p.m. H. Fereira vs B. D. Shroff; 4-50 p.m. H. K. Talyarkhan vs J. Charanjit 5-10 p.m. S. Dinker Rao & Miss S. Moloobhoy vs G. P. Shirke & Miss S. Nigudkar; 5-30 p.m. A. G. Kalyanpurkar & Miss S. Phansalkar vs Davinder Mohan & Mrs. N. Lewis vs Davinder Mohan & Mrs. N. Lewis; 5-50 p.m. M. S. Patil & S. S. Nerurkar vs H. K. Talyarkhan & A. V. Ullal; 6-10 p.m. Davinder Mohan & Prakash Nath vs M. Guha & S. Bose.

FLORES KNOCKED OUT BY WILLIAMS

World Lightweight Title

NEW YORK, Sept. 25, (Reuter): A disappointingly small crowd, estimated at not more than 15,000, saw Ike Williams defend his world lightweight title against Jesse Flores in the Yankee Stadium here tonight.

Before the first Williams was a five to one on favourite.

Williams won by a knockout in the tenth round.

Flores went down six times in all and was never in the fight with a chance.

It was one of the most poorly-matched championship fights in recent years. All Flores had to offer against the vicious puching of the classy chamuion was tons of courage That was the only reason the fight went for ten rounds. For or fighting ability he was not in the same class.

ORGY OF SCORING AT PAREL

Twenty Goals Scored In Two Matches

BOMBAY, Friday.

Two matches were played in the first round of the Junior Rovers Cup Football Tournament at the St. Xavier's Ground, Parel, this evening. In the first game B. P. T. 'A' beat Telephone S. C. by 9 goals to nil scored through Abraham 3, Gomes 2, Rosario 2, Fernandes and D'Cunha, while in the game Young Aryan Goans 'A' prevailed over Bombay Metal & Alloys S. C. by eleven clear goals. The scorers were Aguiar 4, Fernandes 2, F. Lobo 3, Caridade and D. Lobo.

The following is the result of the match played at the G. T. P. Rly. Ground in the same tornament:

Kohinoor Mills S. C. 4 (Venkat, Raju and Moreshwar 2), Podar College 0.

Saturday's matches:

St. Xavier's Ground: 4-30 p.m. Rangers 'B' v/s Bombay Amateurs: 5-30 p.m. Burmah Shell S. C. v/s Firestone.

G. I. P. Rly. Ground: 4-30 p.m. Blue Wizards v/s Lightning S. C.; 5-30 p.m. B. P. T. 'A' v/s Volkart Bros. S. C.

KANGA LEAGUE FIXTURES

The following are the Kanga League fixtures for Sunday:—

At the Brabourne Stadium: C.C.I. vs Friend's Union S C.

At the Bombay Gymkhana: Bombay Gymkhana vs Dadar Parsi Colony S. C.

At the Azaad Maidan:— Ghatkoper Jolly C. C. vs Grand Union S. C.; Fort Vijaya C. C. vs Catholic Gymkhana; Young Zorastrian C. C. vs Sunder C.C. Bandra Gymkhana vs Bohra Cricketers; Parsee Cyclists S. C. vs Naoroz C. C.

At the Kennedy Sea Face:— P. J. Hindu Gymkhana vs Prabhu Young Cricketers: Parsi Gymkhana vs National C. C.

At Dadar:— Dadar Union vs Brothers' Club.

INDIAN HOCKEY TEAM TO PLAY IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, September 24. (A.P.I.): An exhibition hockey match will be played here at the Irwin Stadium on October 1 between the Indian Olympic hockey team, world champions, who have returned to India, and the Delhi Provincial hockey eleven. The match will be played under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General and the gate receipts will be devoted towards civil and military charities.

R

KUSHA MOTI was convicted for unlawfully obtaining Bajri and sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

LAXMAN KANHO GALABATI was convicted for importing rice without a permit and sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

BHAGWAN SHASHI, TRILOKCHAND and GUMON CHANDAR were convicted for transporting cloth and each sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 500 or to undergo further three months' simple imprisonment. VASUDEO SHYAMDAS was also convicted for a similar offence and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 300 or to undergo further three months' simple imprisonment.

GRADUAL RECONTROL OF FOODGRAINS

(Continued from Page 1.)

a Provincial or State Government. These bonuses would have to be spent on measures for increased food production.

BACK TO 1947

To relieve the pressure of demands on internal prices, it would be necessary to ensure maximum rationing in all the units. As stated earlier, the Government's objective would be to reach, by October next year, the position which existed in December, 1947.

To facilitate the transition from decontrol to control, the Central Government would make every possible effort to import sufficient quantities of foodgrains during 1949.

SUBSIDY FOR IMPORTS

Subsidy would be given to the Provinces and States on imported grain based on the expenses incurred on imported gain. and the issue rate of a unit.

To prevent a sabotage of their food plan by the anti-social activities of hoarders and speculators, the Government he said were considering the adoption of stricter measures against food offences. It had been done in the case of textiles, an amendment to the Essential Supplies Act would provide that a sentence of imprisonment should normally be obligatory in the case of offences against food laws.

ENOUGH STOCKS

Referring to the stock position the Food Minister said that the Government had "enough stocks to begin our new policy round about the end of October or beginning of November".

Detailing the stock position, he revealed that on 11th September, West Bengal had a stock of a little over 1,40,000 tons of foodgrains; Bombay had 1,07,000 tons; Bihar had 38,000 tons; C. P. and Berar had 1,25.000 tons, Madras had 2,56,000 tons; Orissa 57,000 tons; U.P. 85,000 tons; East Punjab 40,000 tons; and Assam 7,600 tons.

The province of Assam, he said, was more or less self-sufficient.

CENTRAL RESERVE

The Central Reserve at present is about 30,000 tons, lying in godowns in Bombay and other places. Government expect further imports from abroad during the period of September to December, of 10,00,000 tons. About 30 to 40 lakhs tons are expected to be procured by the provinces.

FIVE CRORES AS BONUS

In order to encourage procurement, Government have decided to give bonus to the tune of Rs. 5 crores per year to the provincial Governments, calculated on the basis of annas eight per maund of grain procured.

The amount would be utilised by the provincial authorities for increasing the production of foodgrains, by supplying to the cultivators manures and other facilities.

Replying to a question, the Food Minister said that he had a proposal under consideration to give less ration to the higher income group and correspondingly give an increase to the lower income group. But at the same time he expressed the fear as to whether "this proposal will easily go through".

PRICES TO BE ANNOUNCED

He hoped that the Provincial Governments would announce food grain prices within a few days' time. He assured there would be substantial reduction in prices from the present high level.

The Food Minister said that the sugar policy was under consideration of the Government. Pulses would not be controlled for various reasons. He appealed for full co-operation of both the consumers and the producers so that the new food policy should succeed.

POPULATION AND FOOD SUPPLY

A. R. P. adds:—

Asked whether Government were convicted that there was a food shortage in the country, the Food Minister explained at length that according to the figures made available by the Provinces to the Centre there was a shortage.

At the same time, there was another curious factor. It had been estimated that the population had increased by 5 crores in about 10 years. Despite this, the imports from abroad had not gone up proportionately. Undivided India used to import about 15 lakh tons of rice from Burma. Most of this quantity was utilised by areas which were even now within the Indian Union. Apart from this, some 7 lakh tons of foodgrains used to flow from areas now under Pakistan to the other areas. So, the territories comprising the Indian Union used to consume about 22 lakh tons of foodgrains by way of imports either from abroad or from areas now under Pakistan. Although the population had grown by 5 crores, even now the country was only importing some 28 lakh tons. This was a matter for further investigation. For, if the population had gone up, and really there was a shortage of food, the country should be importing at least 50 lakh tons more on the 12 ounce ration basis.

SURPLUS FROM PROVINCES

The surplus Provinces could not, it had been estimated, give over more than 4 lakh tons this year. The balance would have to be imported. Asked how much this would be, the Food Minister stated it would depend upon the amount of responsibility Government took over for feeding the people.

The Food Minister announced that Government proposed to deal severely with blackmarketeers and profiteers. The Provinces and States would this time take stricter measures, he hoped. Government were going to make offences against food control laws punishable with imprisonment. If it was found that the magistracy was awarding only light imprisonments to such offenders, then other measures would also be devised.

The Food Minister stated that he would be prepared to consider the suggestion that higher income groups of the population should be given less grains in order to enable the lower income groups, who could not afford to supplement their rations with other edibles, to get more food.

He did not know, however, whether such a suggestion would receive public response.

ISLAM GYMKHANA TABLE-TENNIS

Fixtures For Today

BOMBAY, Friday.

The following are the fixtures for Saturday, the first day of the Islam Gymkhana Open Table Tennis Tournament:—

3-30 p.m. First and Second rounds of the first half of Juniors' Singles; 5-30 p.m. first and second round of Women's Singles; 6 p.m. first and second rounds of the second half of Juniors' Singles.

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON DECEMBER

NEW YORK, Sept. 24

Previous Closing	30.87
Today's Opening	30.86
Difference	—1
Today's Closing	30.90
Difference	+3

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Sept. 24.

	Rs. As
Silver Bullion Forward	169 2
Silver Ready	171 0
Gold Ready	114 0
Sovereign	76 8
Expectation :	
Cotton Jarila Jan./Feb.	584 0

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.

Stock Exchange Opening Prices:

Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted.
General Motors 60-5/8
United States Steel Common unquoted.
Ditto Preference unquoted.

GUARDING TRADE ROUTES FROM KASHMIR INTO CENTRAL ASIA

Jawahar Puts Forth India's Claim To Defend State's Mountanous Region

NEW DELHI, Sept. 24 (UPI): Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister of India, in a letter to the U.N. Commission for India and Pakistan had demanded that in the case of cease fire' in Kashmir, the responsibility for the administration of the mountanous region in the north of Jammu and Kashmir State should be handed over to the Government of the State and its defence entrusted to the Government of India.

This is disclosed in the official correspondence between Pandit Nehru and the Commission, which has been released for publication today by the Commission.

NEHRU'S LETTER

Pandit Nehru wrote the following letter to the Chairman of the Commission on August 20, 1948:—

"Excellency, you will recall that in our interview with the Commission on the 17th August, I dealt at some length with the position of the sparsely populated and mountaneous region of the Jammu and Kashmir State in the north. The authority of the Government of Jammu and Kashmir over this region as a whole has not been challenged or disturbed, except by roving bands of hostilesfi or in some places like Skardu which have been occupied by irregulars of Pakistan troops. The Commission's Resolution as you agreed in the course of our interview on the 18th, does not deal with the problem of administration of defence in this large area.

"We desire that, after Pakistan troops and irregulars have withdrawn from the territory, the responsibility for the administration of the evacuated areas should revert to the Government of Jammu and Kashmir and that for defence to us (the only exception that we should be prepared to accept would be Gilgit). We must be free to maintain garrisons at selected points in this area for the dual purpose of preventing the incursion of tribesmen who obey no authority and to guard the main trade routes from the State into Central Asia.

Accept, Excellency, the assurance of my highest consideration.

(Sd.) Jawaharlal Nehru,
Prime Minister, India.

REPLY OF COMMISSION'S CHAIRMAN

Letter from the Chairman of the Commission to the Prime Minister of India in reply to his letter dated August 20:—

"Excellency, I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of 20 August, 1948, relating to the sparsely populated and mountaneous region of the State of Jammu and Kashmir in the north.

"The Commission wishes me to confirm that due to the peculiar conditions of this area, it did not specifically deal with the military aspect of the problem in its resolution of 13th August, 1948. It believes, however, that the question raised in your letter could be considered in the implementation of the resolution.

"Accept, Excellency, the assurances of my highest consideration.

(Sd.) Josef Korbel,
Chairman".

Fire In City Godown

BOMBAY, Friday.

A fire was reported at Poona Street, Wadi Bunder, late this evening. Smoke was noticed emanating from one of the godown in the street, and it was discovered on closer inspection that the articles stored within were ablaze. The fire brigade was informed and a crew rushed to the spot.

The extent of the damage is not yet known. No casualties have so far been reported.

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BRITAIN AIMS AT COLLECTIVE SECURITY

Alexander Announces Defence Measures In Commons

LONDON, Sept. 23 (Reuter).—Plans to prepare Britain for an emergency were announced by Defence Minister Albert Alexander in the House of Commons today He was opening a Debate on Defence.

Mobilisation machinery had been overhauled, he said, "and if unhappily such machinery had to be used it would be found to work satisfactorily"

Declaring that the "plain fact" was that collective security had not been achieved, Mr Alexander said: "We have an obligation so to maintain our armed forces that should a major emergency arise, they can be expected to make full contribution to collective security."

Plans for an emergency recall had been prepared as "a matter of common prudence" he said.

Mr Alexander enumerated the measures being taken to increase the reserves of the armed forces

For Britain's general preparedness, the build up of reserve and auxiliary forces" is one of the most urgent and necessary measures we are undertaking', he added.

GOVT.'S AIMS

He outlined the Government's aims for the various services as follows:—

ARMY.—It was vital in the next few months that the strength of the territorial reserve army should be increased by not less than 100,000 men and women, tens of thousands had come forward already and he hoped it would continue to expand.

AIR FORCE—The auxiliary air force and air force volunteer reserve between them wanted another 60,000 volunteers Recruits were also needed for the Observer corps.

There would be a scheme for the registration of reserves confined to men and women with previous experience of anti-aircraft work This was expected to give the necessary reserve of manpower required for this work.

NAVY—The Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve was seeking to increase its strength to 7,500 in the next six months, mostly from those who have already served

"The Government attaches the greatest importance to the success of these schemes, but they in no way diminish the need for the maximum voluntary recruitment of the auxiliary forces."

CIVIL DEFENCE—Thousands of men and women in the forces were now being trained in civil defence duties, except fire fighting

NEW WEAPONS

Mr. Alexander said there would be new types of armament and added: "We must look ahead. We shall not allow our present problems to deflect us from the vital task of assuring that in the many new fields we shall be abreast of, if not ahead of, development elsewhere."

Much of Britain's stock had become depleted since the end of the war and were not well-balanced. Measures now taken provide for the increased production of certain of the latest types and for reconditioning of certain other existing war-time equipment

Production of the latest type of jet interceptor fighters was being increased to nearly double the planned rate.

The rate of production of new armoured fighting vehicles was being increased The planned rate of small arms ammunition was being doubled

Anti-aircraft ammunition production was being greatly accelerated.

NAVY PROGRAMME

The Navy programme for the fighting ships reserves was being speeded up. All three services were taking steps with regard to essential spare parts

Referring to the Government's decision on September 14 to increase the length of service by conscripts by three months, which would give an extra 80,000 men at the end of the year, Mr. Alexander said the armed forces on January 1, 1949, would number about 8,25,000. On April 1, 1949, it would be, according to the present plan, 790,000 as against 716,000—originally planned.

GREAT PART TO PLAY

"While putting our whole strength behind the development of the Western Union we do not forget that Great Britain has a great part to play at the heart and centre of the British Commonwealth, and we must continue to strengthen and improve the effective machinery by which common ideals are translated into common policy.

"The whole question of the defence of the Commonwealth will be further explored at the forthcoming meeting of the Commonwealth Prime Ministers", Mr. Alexander said.

Mr Richard Crossman (Labour) said, "I believe that in the two years ahead war is unlikely but there will be a colossal test of strength as to whether a cold war shall lead to a shooting war.

"Our aim in this defence policy must not be to defeat the Russians but to deter them. This token rearmament will contribute to this diplomatic end."

Mr Frank Byers (Liberal), said, "We can no longer assume for planning purposes that there might be no war for another five years." He urged increasing the regular army to 400,000 but abolishing conscription.

Mr Frederick Bellenger (Labour) and ex-Minister, said, "The United States should provide some of the manpower and not merely dollars. If that great nation were to provide a more substantial portion of the manpower it would have a great effect upon Moscow."

MOCK BATTLE

LONDON, Sept 24 (Reuter).—Britain's warships, bombers and fighters were today engaged in one of the largest air and sea exercises since the war following the statement of Defence Minister Albert Alexander to the House of Commons that the nation was expanding its armaments production to make full contribution to collective security."

At the same time, Vice-Admiral Sir Wilfred Paling told Correspondents that Britain is planning to increase her naval reserve from 31,000 to 125,000 officers and ratings.

Simultaneously the Royal Air Force announced the opening of a recruiting drive for a supplementary list of men who would be willing to sign up immediately in case of emergency.

Only men over 35 will be required immediately for the army reserve forces under the proposals announced in Parliament.

There would be key personnel—the basis of a cadre of men trained in World War—to be known as the "Z" class.

Earlier yesterday the twenty ships of the Home Fleet, including the 35,000 ton battleship "Duke of York" and the aircraft carrier "Illustrious", sailed for a three-month autumn cruise.

At zero hour last night, they divided into opposing red and blue forces for a mock battle. Joining in the fray were submarines, vessels of the first and second motor torpedo boat flotillas, aircraft of coastal and bomber commands, and the naval air arm.

After the three-day North Atlantic exercises the Home Fleet will proceed on her cruise.

AUSTRALIA FALLS IN THE LINE

CANBERRA, Sept. 23 (Reuter).—Australia's policy in the British Commonwealth defence scheme is to become a main support area for Britain by expanding her industry and population, Defence Minister Mr. J. Dedman said tonight.

Outlining this policy in the House of Representatives, he said it would be contradictory at the same time to retard economy by withdrawing manpower for continuous military training for several months each year.

Australia's role was to provide a base organisation to sustain, not only her own forces, but British Commonwealth and Allied forces fighting in this part of the world.

Strategic planning for common empire defence measures had begun, he added, and Britain and New Zealand had accredited representatives to Australian defence departments under a reciprocal agreement.

GUN LICENCE TO LAW ABIDING PEOPLE

Kiran Shankar Roy's Reply In W. Bengal Assembly

CALCUTTA, Sept. 24 (UPI): "We would like the people to have guns if that does not go against the interests of the State," said West Bengal's Home Minister, Mr. Kiran Shankar Roy, replying to a question in the Provincial Assembly yesterday afternoon. When he was asked for detailed statistics on gun licence applicants in the Province, he declined to collect and give the figures as he thought the result would not be worth the time and labour spent nor would it be in public interest to disclose the information.

Speaking about the policy of the Government in this connection, he observed that the Government had in three conferences with District Magistrates, asked them to be liberal about issue of licences for guns and cautious about revolvers. The broad principle was that arms and ammunition must not be allowed to fall into the hands of lawless people. By 'lawless,' he added, he meant persons who resorted to violence. He made it clear that police reports on the political views and activities of an individual prior to August 15, 1947, were no considerations for determining eligibility for a licence, unless those views and activities were considered prejudicial to the interests and safety of the Indian Union under the existing conditions.

Racial Segregation Policy Denounced

Fenner Brockway Urges Britain To Declare Its Opposition

LONDON, Sept. 24 (UPI): The South African Government's racial segregation policy was denounced as a challenge to the United Nations' Charter at a largely attended public meeting here last night of Indians, Africans and others, organised under the auspices of the Swaraj House.

The meeting called upon the freedom-loving peoples and their Governments all over the world to help to eradicate this poison of colour and race prejudice.

Mr. Fenner Brockway, in urging British Government to declare in unmistakeable terms its strong opposition to this policy, said that the record of the British Government in the U.N.O. on colonial issues had not been such as one could be proud of. It had, he added, identified itself with the South African Government in regard to the question of Southwest Africa and again failed to take any action when recently the South African Government intensified its policy of discrimination against Indians in South Africa.

Continuing he emphasised that if the British Government hoped to retain the confidence of the coloured peoples of the world and also association of India and Pakistan within the Commonwealth, it should now take a firm stand against the South African Government's policy of racial discrimination.

Prominent among other speakers were Begum Hamid Ali, Indian Representative on the U.N.O. Women's Rights Committee, Dr. Gangulee, the noted Indian writer, and several African leaders.

Begum Hamid Ali speaking on the occasion, condemned the South African Government for this policy of racial discrimination and said it constituted a threat to the very existence of the U.N.O. and its noble principles as embodied in its Charter.

Dr. Gangulee characterised the South African Government's policy as similar to that based on the Nazi theory of 'Harren Volk' race supremacy, constituting a challenge to the United Nations Charter.

Transvaal Indian Congress Call To Indian Community

JOHANNESBURG, Sept. 24 (Reuter): A call to the Indian community in South Africa to stand together and prepare for a political struggle against South African Government's anti-Indian policy was made by the Executive Committee of the Transvaal Indian Congress yesterday.

The statement said: "Let us close our ranks to resist with all the means in our power the actions of this Government which aimed at our final and irrevocable political annihilation and social degradation. There is no room for petty or personal differences. We sink or swim together. We must say to this Government and to the world that we are South Africans and cannot live as helots, denied the fundamental rights guaranteed to all people by the United Nations Charter. In this year of 1948 the South African Government cannot turn back the wheel of history."

Copies of the statement were sent to Dr. Malan, South African Premier, and General Smuts

LOCATION OF NAVAL SCHOOL AT MYSORE

Vice-Admiral Parry Inspects Hessaraghatta Lake

BANGALORE, Sept. 23 (API).—Vice-Admiral Parry, Commander-in Chief of the Royal Indian Navy, yesterday halted at Bangalore for a short while on his way back from Cochin to inspect Hessaraghatta lake. The visit was in connection with proposal to locate a naval training school there. Hessaraghatta is about 15 miles from Bangalore and the lake is one of the biggest in Mysore spreading over 1200 acres with a depth of nearly 50 feet. Although this place is considered very suitable for the establishment of a naval training centre, it is doubtful if the lake would be available for the purpose at present for it is the main source of water supply to Bangalore. Government of Mysore cannot afford the pollution of the waters of this lake unless an alternative source of water is tapped and any such scheme will take years to complete. This had been explained to the Defence Department by Mysore's Home Minister, Mr. T. Mariappa, during his last visit to Delhi. At the same time he had placed at the disposal of the Government of India alternative places of equal facilities for the purpose of the location of the naval centre. One such is the Krishnaraja Sagar Reservoir on the river Cauvery which has vast expanse of water with sufficient all season depth.

Assam Move To Abolish Zamindari

SHILLONG, Sept. 23, (A.P.I.): In the Assam Legislative Assembly today, Mr. Mohendra Mohan Choudhury, Parliamentary Secretary, in the absence of the Revenue Minister, introduced the Assam State acquisition of Zamindary Bill, 1948, and moved that the Bill be referred to a Select Committee which was to report by the 15th January, 1949.

The Bill provides for the acquisition by the Crown of the interests of proprietors and tenure holders and certain other interests in Permanently Settled areas and certain other estates in the districts of Goalpara, Garo Hills and Cachar in the Province of Assam.

CUTTACK, Sept 24 (UPI): An intensive drive for collections to the Gandhi Memorial Fund will commence from to-morrow under the auspices of the Provincial Congress Committee.

The Provincial Congress Committee has also drawn up a programme for the celebration of the Gandhi Jayanti for a fortnight when collections to the fund will be made.

POONA UNIVERSITY TO START FUNCTIONING BY YEAR-END

Jayakar Stresses Need For Study Of Subjects Suited To Genius Of Maharashtra

POONA, Sept. 24 (API).—The University of Poona was expected to start functioning by the end of this year and conduct its first examination in March or April 1949, the Vice-Chancellor of the University, Dr. M. R. Jayakar told pressmen today. Regular teaching by the University—the teaching staff would consist of University Professors and Professors contributed by local colleges—would commence shortly afterwards from the beginning of the next academic year in June.

LINGUISTIC UNIVERSITY

Dr. Jayakar said that they would make great efforts to make the University a linguistic one. The study of Sanskrit and Marathi would receive special attention at the hands of the University which would be biased more towards humanities rather than applied sciences, although the latter would find their due place.

In taking this view, Dr. Jayakar hoped, that he would not stir up any conflict between the claims of humanities and applied sciences.

The present tendency in Europe and America was to exaggerate the claims of either subject. But it had to be noted, he added, that a University was a seat of learning and the raison d'etre for the establishment of the Poona University was the learning of such subjects as were peculiarly suited to the genius of Maharashtra. It should, therefore, be the business of this University to devote to the study of culture, civilisation and history of Maharashtra.

Dr. Jayakar said he welcomed the proposals for establishing linguistic universities in Gujerat and Karnatak.

Dr. Jayakar said that Maharashtra had the peculiar character of concealing its excellence "in a labyrinth of insignificance." There were nearly 40 small research institutions in Poona alone, guided by men who had devoted their lives to the study of their special subjects. All those institutions would find ample scope for development in the new University.

UNIVERSITY TOWN AT GANESHKHIND

At present the University offices were housed in the Bhandarkar Research Institute. But very soon they would move to the present Government House at Ganeshkhind, comprising an estate of nearly 700 acres. Dr. Jayakar hoped that the new seat of the University would eventually assume the form of a "University Town" where "scholars could pursue their work in quiet and attractive surroundings."

The Vice-Chancellor drew particular attention to the extra-rural activity which the University would undertake. Professors from the University would go out to the rural areas to lecture to the villagers in popular subjects and bring the University education within the reach of all.

Calling for generous donations to the University, Dr. Jayakar said "Maharashtra is on its trial. It yearned for a University. It has now obtained it. Owing to the Bombay Premier's kindness it has been in addition promised a habitation at Kirkee which it should be able to turn to good account."

TEACHER'S GREATEST SACRIFICE

Dr. Jayakar announced that the first donation had come from a primary school teacher of Bombay, Mr. Shivram Vithal Kale, who had contributed a sum of Rs. 1,001 out of his provident fund. If a donation were to be judged by the amount of sacrifice it entailed, then this donation could be considered the greatest, Dr. Jayakar said. The University, so far, had received donations amounting to Rs. 2,39,000.

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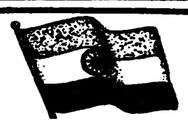

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EFFECTIVE CONTROL OVER MILL PRODUCTION

Textile Advisory Committee's Bid To Ensure Rationalised Output Of Durable Varieties

BOMBAY, Friday.

Steps to maintain effective control over mill production so as to ensure rationalised output of "durable" varieties of cloth and the possibilities of importing cotton from various foreign countries were considered at a meeting of the Textile Advisory Committee today.

Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee, Minister for Supply and Industry, Government of India, presided.

The meeting, which was attended by Bombay's Civil Supply and Finance Ministers and representatives of mill-owners' associations in the country, will reassemble on Saturday morning to take certain decisions for the effective implementation of the new textile control. These decisions will be communicated to a conference of central, provincial and states' Ministers who will meet immediately on the conclusion of the Committee's deliberations.

CONTROL OVER PRODUCTION

Dr. Mukherjee told the Conference that the Committee would advise Government on the methods of maintaining control over production so as to ensure the output of rationalised varieties of durable cloth and also on other issues relating to the proposed reimposition of cloth control. Complaints had been received, he said, that cloth production was not durable and there was also a feeling, shared by many, that the finer varieties of cloth which were in large demand led to difficulties of distribution and black-marketing. A suggestion had therefore been made that mills should go "coarse", provided the requisite quantity and quality of cotton was available and mill capacity was not left unutilised.

The Supply Minister said that the Government of India felt concerned over the fall in cloth production during August and made a plea to mill-owners for increasing production to the utmost limit possible.

He stated that there was a suggestion, which would have to be considered by the Committee, to link provinces and states to specific groups of mills. They could be asked to produce those particular varieties needed by their areas and this "zonal" production could benefit deficit areas by supplying them with those varieties most needed by them. The Minister also referred to the congestion of stocks in the mills due to the failure of provincial nominees to purchase and lift their cloth quotas.

COTTON TO BE IMPORTED

When the question of cotton prospects for the coming year was discussed, representatives of the trade recounted the difficulties in getting Indian cotton in sufficient quantities. To remedy this short supply the possibility of importing cotton from Pakistan, Egypt, Sudan, East Africa, Brazil, Peru, and United States of America was suggested.

The Conference heard points of view about the proposed organisation to be established for control over production and co-operation between the Government organisation and the mill-owners' organisations. The improvement of the machinery for the purchase of cloth from the mills by the agents of the provincial and state Governments and the linking of deficit regions with specified groups of mills in surplus areas were also discussed.

Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Bombay Civil Supplies Minister, and Mr. Vaikunt L. Mehta, Finance Minister, attended the meeting.

Among those present were, Mr. S. Venkatraman, Secretary, Ministry of Industry and Supply, Government of India, Sir Vithal Chandavarkar, Mr. Ambalal Sarabhai, Sir Sri Ram, Mr. M. Jaipuria, Sir James Doak, Mr. Khandubhai Desai, Mr. T. A. Ramalingam Chatiar, Sir C. E. Mehta, Mr. Necille Wadia, Mr. R. G. Saraiya, Mr. K. M. D. Thackersey, Mr. T. P. Barat, Textile Commissioner and Mr. A. K. Roy, Joint Financial Adviser.

MUKHERJEE TO HOLD PRESS CONFERENCE TODAY

Dr. S. P. Mukherjee, Industry and Supply Minister, will address a press conference afternoon at the Textile Commissioner's Office, Sudhama House Ballard Estate, on the proposed reimposition of textile control.

The exact time of the conference has not been fixed by the Minister who said that it will take place immediately on the conclusion of the meeting of central and provincial government representatives.

PARTY TO DATAR SINGH

Sardar Bahadur Sir Datar Singh, Vice-Chairman of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research and Additional Secretary to the Ministry of Agriculture was entertained at a tea party at the Taj Mahal Hotel by Raje J. R. Deshmukh this evening. Members of the Indian Central Cotton Committee, representatives of the textile trade in Bombay and leading business men were introduced to Sir Datar Singh.

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PROFIT SHARING SCHEME

Ashok Mehta's Criticism

Mr. Asoka Mehta, who was a member of the Committee on Profit Sharing, has issued the following statement on the Report of the Committee just issued:

"The Report of the Committee on Profit Sharing, appointed by the Government of India, has just been released to the press. The majority Report, supported by the Government officials and the three representatives of employers, suggest the following formula of profit sharing:

Gross profit — depreciation — taxation — net profit.

Net profit — 10% of the net profit as compulsory reserves — 6% as fair return on capital employed to be computed on paid up capital plus reserves—surplus profit.

The surplus profit to be divided equally between workers and shareholders.

Let us apply the formula to a few industrial concerns to translate the formula into concrete terms.

TATA IRON AND STEEL CO.

		1946-47 (Rs. in lakhs)	1947-48
(1).	Net profit	327	183
(2).	Capital + Reserve	1850	2000
(3).	Compulsory allocation to reserves (10% of (1) above)	32.7	18.3
(4).	6% fair return on (2) above)	111	120
(5).	Surplus profit (1) — (3) — (4)	183.3	44.7
(6).	Workers share.	91.65	22.35

It is interesting to note that as against 91.65 lakhs and 22.35 lakhs the workers got under the old TISCO scheme 106 lakhs and 56 lakhs in 1946-47 and 1947-48!

A.C.C

As capital plus reserves of this company come to about Rs. 12 crores; upto 80 lakhs the workers will, therefore get no share from net profit. In 1942, 1943 and 1944 — which were good years for the industry — the net profit was 64, 56 and 68 lakhs respectively. That means the workers share would have been nil!

COTTON TEXTILE:

Even in so flourishing a mill as the Bombay Dyeing the position is as follows:

		1946.	1947. (Rs. in lakhs)
(1).	Net Profit (after taxation and Depreciation)	30	18
(2).	Capital + Reserves.	322	335
(3).	6% on (2)	19.3	20.1
(4).	10% on (1)	#3	1.8
(5).	Surplus Profit	7.7	Nil
(6).	Workers' Share	3.9	Nil

Workers share is either nil or negligible!

JUTE:

		Howrah Jute.	Kamarhatty Jute. (Rs. in lakhs)
(1).	Net Profit	7	7
(2).	Capital + Reserve	124	62
(3).	6% on (2)	3.75	1.8
(4).	10% on (1)	.70	.70
(5).	Surplus profit	2.55	4.5
(6).	Workers Share	1.275	2.25

On the basis of six monthly balance-sheets available for this year the position in two of the flourishing jute mills is as above.

"A CRUEL JOKE"

The inescapable conclusion is that unless the rate of fair return on capital is drastically reduced, profit-sharing must become a joke, and a cruel joke at that.

Capital employed in industry must be computed on the basis of risk bearing function. It will, therefore, include not more than half the reserves over and above the paid up capital. As the profit-sharing scheme is to be applied to well established industries, the element of risk in them is limited. Fair return on capital should not, therefore, exceed a per cent on the Bank rate, especially because the fair return is more a notional than an actual limit.

Unless the Government accept the minority view point put forward by Mr. Khandubhai Desai, Mr. Karnik and myself they will fail to enlist the good-will of the workers in their industrial policy.

Profit sharing can enthuse the workers only if it means an experiment in industrial democracy. The terms of reference of the Committee precluded us from discussing this important aspect of the problem. Let us hope that the Government, in their untrammelled authority, will not allow so important an aspect to escape the focus of their policy."

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FACTS ABOUT ALUMINIUM INDUSTRY

Need For Impartial Study Of C. P. And Berar Scheme

(BY M. S. PATEL.)

I read with considerable surprise a note on "Aluminium Industry—C. P. and Berar Scheme" by the Times of India Staff Correspondent in Nagpur, in the 26th August, 1948 issue of the "Times of India". This note contains some statements attributed to have been made by Sir J. C. Ghosh. When I read the note I felt that a responsible officer of the Government of India will not make at least some of the statements found in the note. As no contradiction has appeared so far on the subject, it appears that the statements attributed to Sir J. C. Ghosh in the note in question must have been made by him. I would not have taken any notice of his note if it contained statements made by an ordinary high pressure super-salesman type of promoter, and if the public money was not involved.

2. Sir J. C. Ghosh has declared while giving his seal of approval to the C.P. and Berar aluminium scheme, that this province (i.e. C. P. and Berar) could be the largest aluminium producing region not only in India but in the world." This statement can easily apply to any part of India or to any part of the world if aluminium is to be produced anywhere at any cost whatsoever. If, however, aluminium is to be produced at a fair and reasonably competitive cost, any person who knows the details of the Aluminium Industry of the world and its economics will not state that C P and Berar could be the largest aluminium producing region in the world

ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES OF BAUXITE

3. The extent and quality of the Bauxite deposits in the C.P. and Berar have not been thoroughly as well as systematically and scientifically ascertained as yet. What reports have been published about the extent of the deposits are based on superficial observations. The estimate of quantity of Bauxite available in the region found in the various reports are based more or less on guess work and are not based on any systematic and scientific prospecting operations. The quantity of Bauxite suitable for the production of aluminum in a plant with a capacity, if not more, equal to the capacity of the largest existing plant in the world has yet to be systematically and definitely proved in the area. Even the guess wor information available at present indicates that there is not enough Bauxite and even potential cheap power resources available in that region to take care of the normal requirements of Bauxite and electrical energy of an aluminium plant with a capacity equal to the largest existing plant in world at present, for a reasonable time. As a matter of fact the largest aluminium producing plant in the world at present has got its own hydroelectric power station with a capacity of about 1,180,000 KW. while the Waingaga project if and when developed will be able to produce IN THE ULTIMATE STAGES only 600,000 KW. and all this 600,000 KW will not be exclusively available for producing aluminium.

COST OF PRODUCTION

4. The public would be interested to know the cost of aluminium produced in India by two Companies working for over five years now. There are two Aluminium virgin metal producing plants in this country at present. These plants produce at the present rate of the production about 4,000 tons of Aluminium Ingots per year. Both these plants are producing aluminium at present at very high cost when compared to the C.I.F. Indian port price of Aluminium Ingot imported from abroad. Due to certain commitments made by Government of India during the war, these plants are being directly or indirectly subsidised. The present C.I.F. value of Aluminium Ingot roughly amounts to about Rs. 1,100 per ton. With duty and clearing charges, etc., the cost of Aluminium Ingot comes to about Rs. 1,450 per ton. What Government does at present is they buy all the production of one Company at about Rs. 2,300 per ton and another Company at about Rs. 2,850 per ton and pool the imported metal as well as local production and sell the Aluminium Ingot to the Rolling Mills and other consumers, at about Rs. 2,170 per ton. From this it will be seen that the present two plants are very heavily subsidised. The plant projected in the C. P. and Berar if built using the power plant equipment which has been already brought will not have any overall advantages over either of the two existing plants, and so its cost of production also cannot be equal to the landed cost of aluminium. Sir J. C. Ghosh, however has "reason to feel that the production of aluminium in this province could be economical and the cost of production would not be higher than the landing prices quoted by importers."

5. The present price of Aluminium Ingot in Canada and U.S.A. is about 16 cents per lb which works out at roughly about 8 as 6 pies per lb. The Pool price of Aluminium Ingot as distributed to the Rolling Mills in this country at present works out a exactly 15 as 6 pies per lb. Government pays one company 16 as 5 pies and to the other 20 as 4 pies. The landed cost of Aluminium Ingot, with duty etc., works out at about 10 as. 5 pies per lb.

ECONOMIC UNITS

6. The post war low prices of aluminium and the very high post war cost of constructing aluminium plants has made it impossible to have an economic unit with less than 15,000 tons annual capacity and that too under specially favourable conditions. In view of these facts it can be stated without hesitation that the scheme worked out by the experts engaged by the C.P. Government and Sir J. C. Ghosh needs not only "certain readjustments" as declared by Sir J. C. Ghosh, but a complete revision.

7. It is stated in the note that in the beginning Sir J. C. Ghosh doubted the economic soundness of the scheme. Government should enquire and find out from Sir J. C. Ghosh and tell the public as to when he actually was convinced of the soundness of the scheme.

8. It is further stated that Sir J. C. Ghosh sent his experienced and reliable cost accounts officers to examine the scheme, and then he came down to Nagpur to examine the scheme further himself. A sound experienced technical person does not really need services of a cost accounts officer to arrive at the ost of production in an industry or in a factory that does not exist. There is more need for examining critically cost of production of the existing aluminium industry by 'experienced and reliable" cost accounts officers than of a plant that has not even been designed.

9 Further a statement attributed to Sir J. C. Ghosh is:— "have reason to believe that with certain readjustments in the scheme, etc." The public would like to know whether Sir C. Ghosh suggested these "certain readjustments" only recently when he examined the scheme after it was found that capital was not forthcoming from the public, or before he agreed to accept the directoship of the Company or before he became actually convinced of the economic soundness of the scheme.

10. A statement of a responsible Government officer to allay public fears in a political economic and allied fields where money is not to be raised for a Company to be managed by managing agents, is in order. A statement made by him regarding the soundness of an industrial scheme and that too for a managing agency firm of which he has been especially made a director, however, needs to be observed critically by all concerned.

11. From my personal knowledge of the Aluminium Industry not only in India but in several other countries of the world intimately, I can say that the C. P. and Berar Aluminium scheme which is based on and planned after hurriedly purchased power plant equipment discarded by a foreign firm is not sound. Has the Central Government ascertained the reasons in details why the power plant equipment in question was discarded and what ultimately became of the project for production of aluminium in South Wales for which this particular steam power plant equipment was designed before they gave permission to Sir J. C. Ghosh to become the director of the C.P. Aluminium Company of whose soundness he is reported to have become now so sure!

12. I hope the intelligent investors in this scheme will get the scheme examined by impartial experts who happen to have considerable knowlege of Aluminium Industry not only in India but in other parts of the world acquired not from books and journals but from actual personal contacts with the operators of aluminium plants in various countries of the world as well as by studying the plants critically by personal visits.

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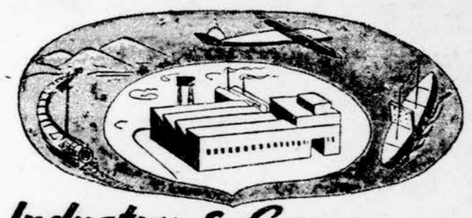

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TRADE AND FINANCE

SHARP DECLINE IN NOTES IN CIRCULATION

Small Improvement In Gilt-Edged Market

ALL-ROUND BUYING IN EVIDENCE ON STOCK EXCHANGE

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

BOMBAY Sept. 24.

Steay conditions continued to prevail in the shortiterm money market during the week under review, call loans being quoted at 1/2 per cent. Term deposits rates also continued steady; three months' deposits were placeable between 3/4 and 1 per cent and six months upto 1-1/2 per cent. The Treasury Bill discount rate registered a further rise to Rs. 0/9/0 per cent this week. Applications amounted to Rs. 120 crores against an invitation for Rs. 2 crores and the whole amount was accepted.

The weely satements of the Reserve Bank of India for the period ended 17th September register a sharp decline of Rs 9.25 crores in the notes in circulation and a contraction of Rs. 9.72 crores in the total note issue which is offset by a reduction of Rs 19 crores in the Government of India Rupee Securities held in the Issue Department. Government deposits have piled up by Rs. 13.13 crores but Bankers' balances show only a small decline of Rs. 95 lakhs. The item of "Balances held2abroad" shows a decrease of Rs. 93 lakhs, whilst investments have gone up by Rs. 10 73 crores on account of the transfer of securities from the Issue to Banking Department.

The weekly return of the Imperial Bank of India for period ended 17th September is devoid of any interesting changes; Fixed deposits are slightly up by Rs. 55 lakhs, whilst both Investments and Advances show only a negligible variation. The cash holdings of the Bank has improved by Rs. 83 lakhs to Rs 62 crores.

GILT-EDGED

The gilt-edged market ruled steady during the week and prices recorded a further small improvement following the announcement of the new 2-1/2 per cent 1955 loan, which reaffirmed the Government's determination to continue the cheap money policy. 3 per cent 1986 conversion loan was marked up from Rs. 99/11 to Rs. 99/15 during the week. Among dater loans 2-3/4 per cent 1960 loan was a shade steadier as Rs 100/2; 3 per cent 1949/52 loan was placed higher at Rs. 100/13 and 3 per cent 1951/54 loan at Rs. 102/11. 3 per cent 1957 Victory loan improved to Rs. 102/8, 3 per cent 1969/61 loan to Rs. 102/1 and 3 per cent 1963/65 loan to Rs 101/2. 3 per cent 1966/68 loan hardened from Rs. 100/10 to Rs. 101/1 and 3 per cent 1970/75 loan from Rs. 100/8 to Rs. 100/13 oking to the proximity of the interest oats 3-1/4 per cent 1877 New Municipal loan also improved to Rs 101/12.

2-1/2 P. C. 1955 NEW LOAN

The Government of India announced on Wednesday the 22nd September the floatation of a new loan, bearing interest at 2-1/2 per cent and maturing in 1955 for an amount of Rs 20 crores, issued at par. The subscription list will open on 1st October and will close on the same day without notice as soon as the whole amount is subscribed. The loan is redeemable at par on 1st October 1955

EXCHANGE

The rupee/sterling exchange market maintained a steady undertone with limited activity in evidence. For interbank2business sellers of spot T T on on London Rs. 5-31/32d. and buyers 1s 6d. Merchant rates fixed by the Exchange Banks' Association were unchanged as under:

Sellers of T T on London spot..... 1st. 5-32/32d.

Sellers of T T on London upto six months 1s. 5-15/16d

Buyers of T T on London spot and upto nine months 1s. 6-1/32d

In New York, the sterling/dollar cross-rate for ready remained stationary at dol. 4.03 but the forward rate moved up to dol. 4.01-3/4 at the close

GOLD

Owing to renewed rumours about some impending anti-inflationary measures by the Government and in sympathy with the steep fall in silver, there was a quiet undertone in the gold section of the bullion market. Ready gold, which was quoted at Rs. 115/12 at the opening, declined by stages to Rs. 112/10 mid-week, and after a temporary rally to Rs 114 on Wednesday and declined and closed at Rs. 113/10. The discount on 30th September delivery gradually narrowed from Rs. 1/10 at the start to about six annas at the close. The usual quantity of Indian mine gold augmented the local stocks, which were estimated to be in the region of 30,000 tolas. The average daily offtake is put at 5,000 tolas. The price of sovereigns also tended down from Rs 77/2 to Rs. 76 in sympathy with gold. The highest and lowest rates touched were Rs. 115/12 and Rs. 112/10 for spot and Rs. 114/4 and Rs. 112 for forward.

SILVER

The silver section of the bullion market registered a sharp fall during mid-week owing to unloading by bulls in view of the impending announcement by the Government to combat inflation But after mid-week the market staged a partial recovery on short-covering as also on improved up-country demand. From Rs. 176/2 at the opening, the quotation for spot silver declined precipitately to Rs. 167/14 on Wednesday but recovered to Rs. 171 the next on covering by bears and finally closed at Rs. 170/8. The new 2nd October silver settlement opened about Rs. 2/12 under spot but the backwardation later narrowed down to Rs. 1/12 and stood at Rs. 2/4 at the close. The carry over from the old to the current settlement was done at Rs. 2/10 to about six annas against the bears. During the latter half of the week, the upcountry offtake showed a marked improvement, the average for the week being about 40 bars a day. The stocks on hand are put at 8,000 bars In the overseas markets both the London and the New York silver price remained unaltered at 46d. and 75-1/4 cents respectively. The highest and lowest rates touched were Rs. 176/2 and Rs. 167/14 for spot and Rs. 173 and Rs. 166 for forward.

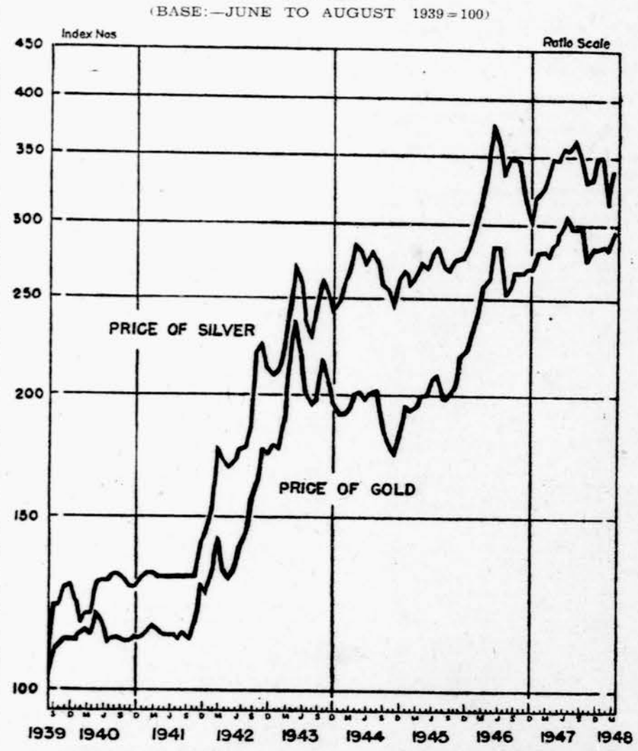
SHARES

Prices on the stock exchange moved up further on sustained bull activity following the successful conclusion of the Hyderabad campaign. There was was all-round buying in evidence both of a speculative as well as investment nature.

Tata Defds. gained from Rs. 1525 to Rs. 1570 and Ordinaries were marked up from Rs. 286 to Rs. 287/8, closing somewhat lower at Rs 1557/8 and Rs. 295/8 on weew-end selling. There was a sympathetic rise in textile where Bombay Dyeings were quoted higher at Rs. 1047/8; Nagpurs moved up to Rs. 281, Kohinoors and Swadeshis were both placed higher at Rs. 301/8 and Rs. 307, closing lower at Rs. 296 and Rs. 301/8 respectively. Hydro-electric and Bank shares maintainted a steady undertone on moderate enquiry: Andhra Valleys were quoted higher at Rr. 1475 and Tata Hydros at Rs. 164 Tata Powers reported business at Rs. 1612/8. Amongst Banks, Central Banks met with good support at Rs. 89/8, whilst Imperial Bank Fully Paids found buyers at Rs. 1982/8 and Bank of India at Rs. 209/3. Reserve Banks steadied up to Rs. 112/8. In the miscellaneous group of shares, Scindia Steams were fairly active, being marked up by a point to Rs 25/5 on some influential buying. Associated Cements also made some teeway to Rs. and Belapurs to Rs. 279.

Prices Of Gold And Silver

(BASE:—JUNE TO AUGUST 1939=100)



The above Diagram shows movement of gold and silver prices from September 1939 to March 1948 as published in the report on currency and finance for the year 1947/48 by the Reserve Bank of India. India's output of gold which had been steadily declining during the war recorded an increase in 1947, the estimated production rising to 171696 ounces valued at Rs. 3,48,90,251 in 1946. The Dominion's share in the total world output of gold as well as silver, however remained virtually unchanged at respectively 0.7 per cent and 0.01 per cent. In 1946, following the partial relaxation of the controls in regard to the import of precious metals, the Indian bullion market had to an extent shed its wartime insularity. But the reimposition of restrictions on 6th March 1947 meant the isolation, once again, of the Indian market from the rest of the world. Despite the flow of some imports from time to time under licences issued prior to the ban, the quotations in the Bombay Bullion market ruled higher in 1946/47 during the greater part of the year in case of silver and throughout 1947/48 in the case of gold, which touched an all time peak of Rs. 117/12 on 20th June. The average price for the year worked out higher at Rs. 108/0/4 for Gold and Rs. 166/12 for silver as against Rs. 101/1/2 and Rs. 162/4/10 respectively in the preceding year.

MEASURES TO INCREASE COTTON YIELD IN INDIA

Schemes Approved By Indian Central Cotton Committee

BOMBAY, Friday.

The necessity for extending the area under the superior type of cotton as rapidly as possible and the need for further reducing our dependence on the outside supply of cotton were stressed at the meeting of the Indian Central Cotton Committee which began its two-day session in Bombay to-day. Sardar Bahadur Sir Datar Singh, Vice-Chairman, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, presided.

The Committee considered over ninety items on its agenda which included progress reports and recommendations of various sub-committees appointed to examine technical details.

Considerable discussion ensued on the adoption of measures for improvement of cotton yields in India. It was emphasised that four factors, viz., seed, water, implements and manure deserved careful attention. Need for making the cultivator familiar about the scientific rotation of crops was also suggested.

Keeping in view the need for superior types of cotton in the country the Committee decided to send two cotton technologists to Egypt, U.S.A. and South America for collecting breeding material for trial in India.

The Committee also decided that a scientific and technical review of the work done on cotton in the past and the future requirements should be prepared and published with a view to giving the idea regarding the activities in this direction.

A decision for compiling and publishing all statistics pertaining to cotton, economic information and analysis by the central office of the Indian Central Cotton Committee was also taken during the day's session.

The Committee authorised the President, Sir Datar Singh, to negotiate with the Governments of Madhyabharat, Rajasthan, Saurashtra and other Unions regarding the future of the Committee's Research Station at Indore.

It was also decided to modernise the machinery of the Committee's Technological Laboratory and to extend the laboratory building with a view to making it more useful to the textile industry as well as the cotton-growers, specially in connection with the long staple cotton.

The Committee is again meeting to-morrow (Saturday) at 10-30 a.m.

Datar Singh's Address

BOMBAY, Friday.—Sir Datar Singh, Vice-Chairman, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, addressing the Indian Central Cotton Committee in Bombay today stressed the need for further reducing "our dependence on outside supplies of cotton and increasing our own production of medium and staple varieties."

"The desired expansion of production could be easily achieved if the work of the several seed schemes in operation is pushed on with vigour" he added.

Emphasising the imperative necessity for extending the area under the superior types of cotton, Sir Datar Singh said that the Committee had recommended to the Government of India an increase of the area under cotton of this type by 4.0 million acrs.

The reports of the surveys carried out, he said, would be considered by the Committee.

Expressing satisfaction at the fair progress made under the several seed distribution schemes for the extension of the area of cotton cultivation, Sir Datar Singh said that the area under Buri cotton in the current season would be higher by about 134,000 acres as compared with the previous year and the additional production would be about 27,000 bales of lint.

The figures of consumption of Indian cotton by mills during the first nine months of 1947-48 would be higher by about 5 lakhs bales as compared with the previous year, whereas the consumption of foreign cotton for the same period would be about 2.4 lakh bales less.

Sir Datar Singh hoped that the proposed mission to Egypt, U.S.A. and South America for collection of material for breeding of long staple varieties in India would greatly help in the production of types which were in much demand by the Indian textile industry.

SECRET EXPORT OF JUTE TO S. AFRICA

India Government Cancels Licence Of Calcutta Firm

NEW DELHI, SEPTEMBER 24 (API): IT WAS RECENTLY BROUGHT TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA'S NOTICE THAT A FIRM WAS ATTEMPTING TO SHIP JUTE GOODS TO SOUTH AFRICA ON THE PRETEXT OF EXPORTING THEM TO A COUNTRY IN THE WESTERN HEMI SPHERE, SAYS A PRESS NOTE.

HE LICENCE GRAND TO THE FIRM WAS ACCORDINGLY CANCELLED, AND THE QUESTION OF TAKING FURTHER ACTION AGAINS HE PARTIES CONCERNED IS UNDER CONSIDERATION.

EXPORTS OF COTTON FROM PAKISTAN

The High Commissioner for Pakistan in India has issued the following press note:

A Press Note issued by the Ministry of Commerce and Works says: Reports have been received that untimely rains and the recent floods in the Indus and breaches in its banks and protective works have caused damage to the cotton crop. Information regarding the extent of damage to the cotton crop on which a forecast of the reduction in yield can be based is being collected. As the quantity of 6½ lakhs bales which Pakistan has agreed to give India is an appreciable portion of the total yield, any irregular offtake from the market by Indian importers is likely to result in violent price fluctuations with consequent loss to producers. In order, therefore, to shelter the market from the effects of uneven demand and at the same time to ensure that India will be in a position to lift the agreed quota, it has been decided that exports to India should be under a licensing system which will stagger India's offtake of raw cotton month by month and no carry-over of any unlifted monthly quota will be allowed.

It has been reported that several thousand bales of cotton are now lying in Bombay which Indian merchants have not yet purchased. Sales of this cotton will be offset against India's quota of 6 lakhs bales. In order, however, to prevent a repetition of the circumstances in which Pakistan cotton exported to India remains unsold on arrival in Bombay, it is proposed to issue licences to exporters only on production of evidence that irrevocable letters of credit have been opened on a Pakistan Bank by Indian importers, as is the procedure in respect of other countries.

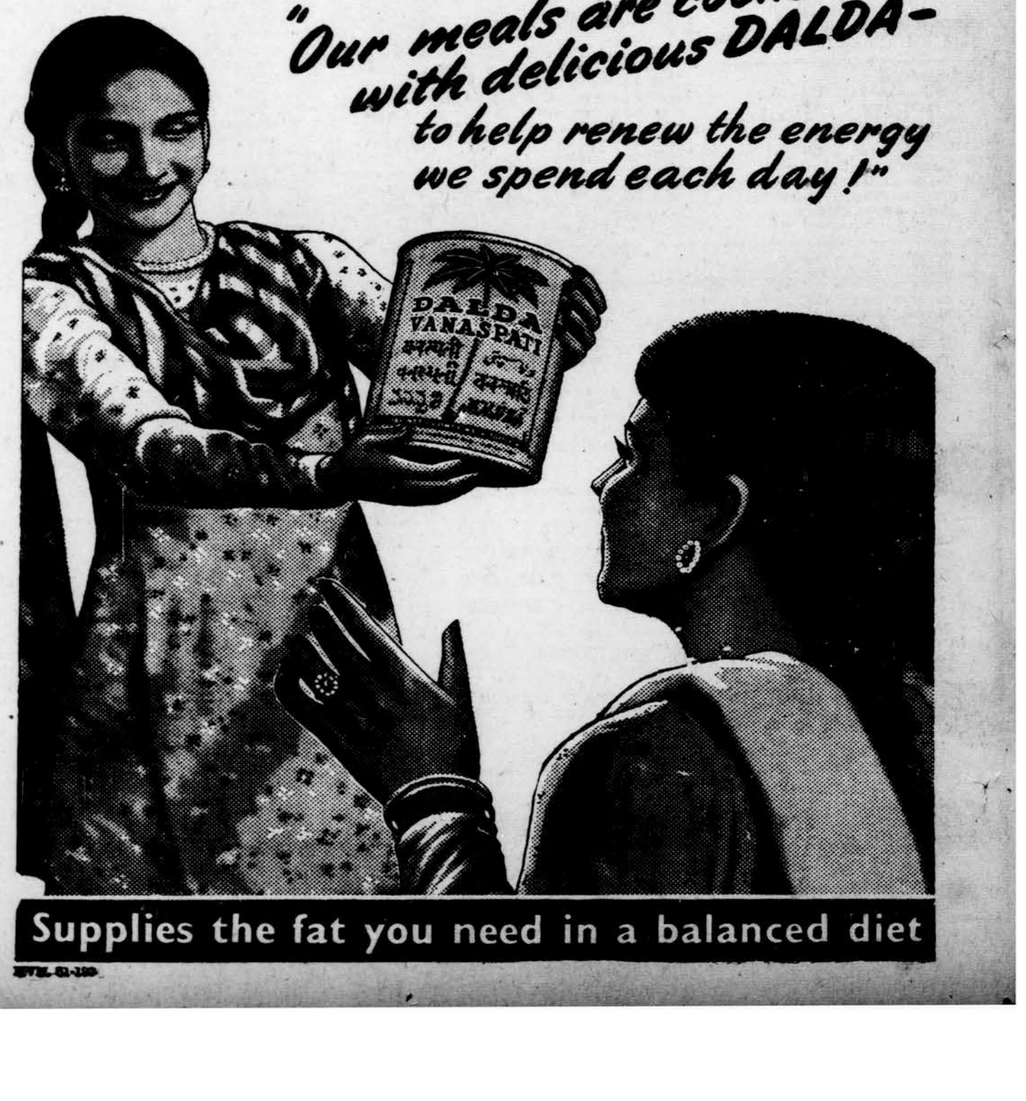
Exports of cotton to countries other than India will also be under a system of licensing.

As a reliable forecast of cotton production for the current year is not yet available, but is expected shortly, and as the effect of the closure of the Jodhpur Railway had disorganization of transportation due to floods on arrivals of cotton into Karachi is still under examination. A Press Note will issue separately showing the figures of monthly offtake fixed for India and the destinational quotas for other foreign countries.

It is also announced for the information of the public that the Government of Pakistan have no intention of fixing ceiling prices of cotton exported from Pakistan.

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD

The scheduled sailin for the ports of Diu, Nawabunder, Jaffrabad, Mahuwa and Bhavnagar for passengers fixed on Monday, the 27th instant has been CANCELLED on account of bad weather.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BOMBAY Stock Exchange

Early Improvement Attracts Profit-taking In Steel Shares

BOMBAY, Sept. 24.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was fairly steady today with further short covering in steel shares. Buyers were cautious and trading was restricted.

Tata Steel Defds opened Rs. 17/8 higher at Rs. 1560 and after declining at Rs. 1552/8 advanced at Rs. 1570 on short covering. At this level there was scattered profit-taking and Defds. reacted at Rs. 1562/8. Ordinary Shares were quoted at Rs. 296 with small changes on either side. Indian Irons were done at Rs. 26/5 while Bengal Steels were quoted at Rs. 21/12.

Bombay Dyeings opened Rs. 10 higher at Rs. 1047/8 and after declining at Rs. 1041/4 rallied at Rs. 1045. Finlays were quoted at Rs 285 while Central Indias were placed at Rs. 284. Kohinoors were done at Rs. 299/8 while Podars were quoted at Rs. 171/4. Gokaks changed hands at Rs. 293. Khataus came in business at Rs. 255, while Indore Malwas were placed at Rs. 510. Simplex shares were unchanged at Rs. 193 while Swadeshis were quoted at Rs. 305/8.

Central Banks were in good demand and maintained the upward trend at Rs. 89/8. India Bank shares were done at Rs. 207/8 while Imperials partly paid were quoted at Rs. 486/4.

In the Miscellaneous section Associated Cements were steady at Rs. 166 while Belapurs were quoted at Rs. 281. Burmas improved at Rs. 396/4 and Premier Constructions stood at Rs. 198. Scindia shares were done around Rs. 25/9. Tata Oils were quoted at Rs. 60 and Alcocks hardened at Rs. 352/8.

Tone of the market was steady.

FORWARD SECTION

Bombay Dyeing (12-8)	1038 12
Kohinoor Mills (6-12) XD	296 0
Swadeshi Mills (22)	301 8
Central India Mills (4)	281 0
Simplex Mills	190 0
New Great Eastern (10)	158 0
Gokak Mills (9 plus 3)	291 8
Indore Malwa (21)	510 0
Century Spinning (15)	527 8
Colaba Land and Mills (12)	160 0
Indian Bleaching (6)	173 8
Swan Mills (20)	330 0
Finlay Mills (15)	285 0
Morarji Goculdas	497 8
Edward Sassoon (30)	508 12
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	3 2
India United Ord. (0-13-9)	12 11
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	2-1-9
Madhusudan Mills (15)	241 4
Podar (8)	172 8
Khatau Makanjee (8)	256 4
STEEL SHARES	
Tata Steel Ord. (14) XD	295 8
Tata Steel Defd. (64-14-1) XD	1557 8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8) G.D.	137 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (5)	165 8
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	393 12
Belapur Sugar (12) XR	279 0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	35 8
Scindia Steam (1-4)	25 5
Premier Construction	198 0
Tata Chemicals	15 0
Tata Oil (2)	59 8
Indian Iron (0-6)	26 6
Bengal Steel (0-8)	21 10
Bellapur Coupon	73 12
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (4-8)	164 0
Andhra Valley (45)	1475 0
Tata Power (50)	1612 8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone Mills (5)	74 0
Phoenix Mills (50)	453 12
Indian Manufacturing	4260 0
Koorla Mills (5) X.R.	148 12
Dawn Mills (40)	1000 0
David Mills (6)	191 4
New City Mills (10)	198 8
Minerva Mills (12)	157 8
Bradbury Mills (12)	700 0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	5 4
Bharat Mills (2)	40 4
Mysore Spg. Mills	192 8
Madhovji Dharamsi (0-12)	15 10
Model Mills (12-8)	192 12
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	695 0
Vishnu Cotton (6) XD	281 4
Western India (40)	4010 0
Standard Mills (15)	580 0
Sholapur Mills (200)	3900 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	12 4
Hindustan Mills (40)	4185 0
Tata Mills (3)	68 12
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	277 8
Ahmedabad Advance New	195 0
Sassoon Silk (3)	91 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	12 4
Madhusudan B (2-8)	47 0
Shrinivas Mills	195 0
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	126 4
Berar Mills	275 0
Victoria Mills	225 0
Colaba Land Coupon	42 0
New Great New	142 0
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Ahmedabad Electric (3-8) X.D.	117 8
Ahmedabad New	13 2
Surat Electricity (2-8)	142 8
Surat New	142 8
Karachi Electric Supply (2)	150 0
Broach (0-5)	10 8
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 12
Amalgamated (0-12)	13 2
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	53 8
Poona Electric Supply	156 4
Bombay Suburban (3)	146 4
Bombay Suburban New	131 4
BANK SHARES	
Reserve Bank (2-12)	112 8
Imperial Bank of India (35)	1982 8
Imperial Bank of India (8-12)	485 0
Central Bank Old (1-8) XD	88 8
Central Bank New	88 8
Bank of India (4)	209 4
Union Bank of India	8 13
Bank of Baroda (2-8) XD	156 4
Habib Bank (4)	161 -
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	52 0
United Commercial (1-8)	64 0
Jaipur Bank (1/6)	48 0
Hindustan Commercial	27 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Exchange Bank	37 8
Eastern Bank	105 0
Bank of India Coupon	36 8
INSURANCE	
Oriental (125)	5150 0
Empire (10)	675 0
New India (1-4)	63 4
Jupiter	25 0
Vulcan (0-10) X.D.	12 12
Indian Mercantile (2)	42 4
Universal (0-4)	11 4
B.I.G. (1)	22 12
Industrial and Prudential	29 6
Neptune Assurance	7 0
New Great	25 0
All India Central	21 12
RAILWAY SHARES	
Central Provinces (1-4)	107 8
Mymensingh Guaranteed (1-4)	103 12
Pachora Jamner Rly (2-8)	115 0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Alcock Ashdown (15)	350 0
Bombay Steamer (28)	580 0
Bombay Burma New (5)	143 12
British Burma Petrol	2 0 6
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (6)	74 0
Kemp and Co. (New)	462 8
Kemp and Co. (30)	475 0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	150 0
Industrial Invest. Trust (4)	98 8
Western India Match (7-5)	306 4
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	34 8
Mukund Iron	10 0
Dena Trust (0-12)	21 0
Alembic Chemical (15) X.R.	205 8
Supreme India	123 12
Jam Wire (6)	73 0
Bombay Uganda	69 1
Bombay Motor Cycle	42 0
Indian Cement	25 0
Walchand Nagar Industries	215 0
United Motor	74 0
Associated Cement New (1-4)	105 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	1002 8
Hydary Construction	19 8
Mahmadi Steam	95 0
Gujarat Motor	25 2
Sardar Carbonic	750 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrela Batteries	51 0
Prince of Wales Press	610 0
Manmad Press	120 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6) X D	200 0
Andhra Valley (7)	1290 0
Tata Power (7-8)	1382 8
Hydro Electric (7)	130 0
Bombay Steamer (6)	310 0
Central India (5)	652 8
Swadeshi Mills	146 4
Vishnu Mills (7)	647 8
Lakshmi Mills	277 8
New Great Mills (5/8)	222 8
Podar Mills (4)	105 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	111 14
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	379 6
Surat Electricity (3-4)	140 0
Premier Construction 1st (6 1/4)	120 0
Premier Construction 2nd (6-4)	120 0
Amalgamated (5-8)	123 2
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical (5)	135 0
Walchand Nagar Indus (7)	160 0
Jupiter General	19 14
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	121 0
Mackenzie 1st	85 0
Mackenzie 2nd	80 0
Ahmedabad Advance	132 8
Mysore Mills	50 0
Standard Mills	101 0
Madhusudan Mills	12 0
Khatau Mills	105 0
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952 (4)	103 8
Bombay Steamer (1959) (4-8)	107 0
Indian Hume Pipe (6)	106 0
Tata Power 1951	103 0
Walchand Nagpur (6)	112 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Indian Copper (2-7) X-D	2 8
British India Corpn. (0-10)	7 15
Burma Corporation	3 2
New Victoria Mill	3 12
Phalton Sugar (8)	136 0
Gold Mohur (20)	325 0
New Kaiser-i-Hind	375 0
Sajjan Mills (3)	235 0
Osmanshahi Mills (10)	225 0
Azam Jahi Mills (10)	255 0
Air Service	11 0
Ambica Air Lines	15 2
Air India (X-D)	145 0
Hind Motor	5 14
India Steam	11 0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Sept. 24.

2 1/4 per cent 1954	98 14
2 1/4 per cent 1950	101 0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	97 10
2 3/4 per cent 1960	102 3
2 3/4 per cent 1962	100 2
2 3/4 per cent 1976	95 11
3 per cent Non-Terminable	59 8
3 per cent 1986 Con.	99 14
3 per cent 1949-52	100 15
3 per cent 1949-54	102 11 0
3 per cent 1953-55	102 14
3 per cent 1951	102 8 0
3 per cent 1959-61	102 0
3 per cent 1963-65	101 0
3 per cent 1966-68	100 13 0
3 per cent 1970-75	100 12 0
3 per cent 1954-59	105 8 0
4 per cent 1948-53	101 0 0
4 per cent 1960-70	110 12
4 per cent 1950-55	104 8 0
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	112 4
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	115 12
PROVINCIAL LOANS	
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	89 0
2 3/4 per cent U. P. 1961	98 0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	98 14
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100 8
3 per cent Bombay 1958	101 12
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100 6
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100 8
3 per cent N. W. F. 1952	99 10
3 per cent U. P. 1961-66	100 2
4 per cent Bombay Municipality D	111 0
5 per cent Bom. Mun. 1959	115 0
6 per cent Bom. Mun. 1954	116 0
3-1/4 per cent Municipality 1977	101 10
6 K. P. L.	114 0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September Cotton is 828 cent points below New York October at exchange rate 331.

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.

U. S. Pence of foreign silver 75-1/4 cents

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Sept. 24.—The cotton market was steady today and with slightly improved buying new crop months moved up.

Current September contract will expire tomorrow and oil was quoted at Rs. 597.

February delivery opened at Rs. 582/8 as expected and under steady buying advanced at Rs. 584/8. Tone of the market was steady.

Later on the market was steady with restricted business and February was quoted at Rs. 584-12.

Towards the close there was increased liquidation in September which declared from Rs. 600 to Rs. 590 closing quotations were as under:—

I. C. C. September	590 0 0
I. C. C. February	584 4 0
I. C. C. May	576 0 0
I. C. C. July	581 0 0
I. C. C. September	583 0 0

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Sept. 23

September highest 600 lowest 596 closing 598

February highest 583 1/2 lowest 580 1/2 closing 582 34

May highest 594 3/4 lowest 573 closing 574 3/4

July highest 580 1/4 lowest 578 closing 580 1/4

September highest 582 1/4 lowest 581 closing 582 1/4

Pepper Prices

BOMBAY, Sept. 24.

Mugar Dely.	222 to 224
Maha Dely.	220 to 222

TIN AND COPPER

BOMBAY, Sept. 24.

Tin Aso Dely.	60 12 0
Copper Ingots Aso	89 12 0

Sugar Prices

BOMBAY, Sept. 24.

Big Chrystal	114 0 0
Medium	107 8 0
Small	104 8 0
October Dely.	37 2 6
January Dely.	31 12 0
March	31 3 0

Hessian Market

BOMBAY, Sept. 24.

	Pies
45 X 11 Ready	111-1/2
Bags D. W. July Sept.	112-1/2
Oct/Dec.	114-1/2
Ready D. W. Ready	122 0 0
July Sept	120 0 0
Oct Dec.	118 8 0

Italian Art Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, Sept. 24.

150 D. Sept.	3 11 3
150 D Oct.	3 11 0
150 D. Ready	3 11 0
120 D. Ready	3 11 0

20/22 Yellow Silk

BOMBAY, Sept. 24.

September	25 8 0
October	25 10 0
Ready	25 7 0

LONDON PEPPER PRICES

LONDON, Sept. 23: The pepper market was distinctly easier today with black quoted at 4 sh. and white at 4 sh. 1 d.

New York was still buying feverishly in anticipation of an autumnal demand while Singapore was without stocks and with no fresh supplies arriving.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Sept. 23.

SILVER:	
Spot.	46 d
Forward.	46 d

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Sept. 24.

Tata Ordinary 295-8, Tata Deferred 1557-8, Indian Iron 26-6, Steel Corpn. of Bengal 21-10, Bombay Dyeing 1038-12, Central India 281-4, Gokak 297-8, Kohinoor 296-4, Simplex 190, Swadeshi 301-14, Tata Power 1612-8, Associated Cement 165-5, Belapur 279-6, Bombay Burma (Old) 393-12, Scindia 25-5, Central Bank 89-8, New India 64-6, Tata 2nd Pref. 137-8.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept. 23

Consols 2 1/2 pr cent	£78 1/8
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	105 1/16
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 and after	103 11/16
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960-90	114 3/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	117 1/2
National Bank of India	33 1/2

Transaction on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 5,461.

Bazar Gossip

The Banking Ordinance promulgated by the Government of India, because they could not proceed with the Banking Bill introduced in the Dominion Parliament last March is very much in the interests of the depositors. The depositor must be protected so that he may be encouraged to save and to deposit his money in banks, which is an alternative preferable to hoarding.

It is true that there is a tendency among small banks to overtrade and recently four banks in Calcutta were found to be in trouble. The Reserve Bank is said to be inspecting accounts to help them if possible. But, after all, small banks, although they may be doing business on orthodox banking principles, maintaining 50 to 60 per cent. liquid position, are never patronised by our millionaires. As a result these small banks have only men with limited means as clients, and, naturally, they find themselves in difficulties, on any depression in trade.

* * *

The Government of Bombay has given some relief in the Sales Tax on gold and silver. The Sales Tax is a legitimate source of revenue to the Government if it is collected from millionaires, blac-marketeers, and speculators. But there should be a device to exempt the poorer classes from the operations of the Sales Ttx. Because in India marriages and other auspicious occasions cannot be properly celebrated without some show of ornaments, and the poorest man longs for a little gold or silver that he can call his own. In this view, can it be suggested that retail sales of 10 tolas of silver and 2 tolas of gold be exempted from the Sales Tax?

* * *

The Government control on raw cotton has virtually resulted in standstill position in Sewree spot cotton market. Most of the varieties of cotton have reached the ceiling price fixed by the Government. Perhaps the most needy mills will have to buy 50 or 100 bales of cotton by paying small premium, which is not permissible.

Thus, due to its own action, the Government will now have to provide all cotton requirements of our mills either by imports of cotton from foreign countries, or by requisition of existing stocks of cotton.

This state of affairs will enable the "Muccadams" and merchants to have a long vacation which we hope they will enjoy to their heart's content.

* * *

It is the experience of all those who go to Dalal Street that some of the coming events cast their shadows before. Undue fears about drastic anti-inflationary measures had depressing effect on share values. But every cloud has its silver lining, and high hopes are entertained regarding the recommendations of the Tariff Board. Naturally, the bulls have lost no time in bidding up steel shares, and nearly half the battle is already won before the recommendations have seen the light of the day.

* * *

It is a curious coincidence that after each settlement of forward silver contracts, the market is depressed on some pretext. This declining tendency is encouraging short sales, while professional Bulls who hold the key to price movement become onlookers, and as soon as they find the market oversold, they come out as free buyers, undoing the work of Bears in no time. Bulls have in their possession most of the floating stock, and it is dangerous for Bears to trade in deep waters.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED

KHATAU SPINNING AND WEAVING CO., LTD.

Interest will be paid to those shareholders whose name would be on Company's Books upto 7-10-48. Dividends will be paid from 29-10-48 onwards.

The Directors have recommended following dividends:—

On Ordinary Shares Rs. 8 net.
On 1st Pref. Shares Rs. 6 net.
On 2nd Pref. Shares Rs. 4 net.

EDWARD TEXTILE MILLS LTD.

Subject to the approval of the General Body the Directors have recommended to give one new bonus share for each old share.

Shares will be issued to those shareholders whose name would be on Company's List upto 20th October 1948.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Sept. 24.

MILLS

Apollo 3-2 3-1-6 3-2
Bharat 40-8 40 40-4
Bombay Dyeing 1047-8 41-4 47-8 38-12
Central India 284 83-8 85 81
Colaba 160
Elphinstone 74
Elphinstone Pref. 111-14
Finlay 287 85
Gokak 292 93-8 92 93 91 91-8
India United Defd 2-2 2-1-6 2-1-9
India United Ord 12-14 12-1) 12-11
Indore 512-8 20 10
Khatau 255 56-4
Kohinoor 300 1-8 299-8 300-8 296
Laxmi 695
Madhavji Defd 15-8 15-10
Model 198-12
New City 198-12
New Great 159-8 58
Podar 171-4 72-8 68-12 72-8
Sassoon Cotton 12-8
Simplex 194-8 90
Swadesh 306 3 4-8 3 7 1 2 1-8
Tata Mills 69 68-12

BANKS

Central 88-8 89-12 88-8
Imperial Old 1985 82-8.
Imperial new 486-4 85.
India 207-8 9-4
Reserve 113 12-8
Union 8-13.
U. Co. 64.

ELECTRIC COS.

Ahmedabad Adv. 117-8 18-2 17-8.
Andhra 1475.
Andhra Pref. 1290
Suburban 146-4
Amalgamated 13-2
Surat 142-8.
Hydro 163-8 64.
Hydro pref. 130 29-6 30.
Power 1612-8.
Power pref. 1390 82-8

INSURANCE

B. I. G. 22-12.
New India 63-4.

STEAMER

Scindia 25-8 25-10 25-6 25-11 25-5.

STEEL

B. Steel 21/14 21/10
I. Iron 26/6 26/7 26/2
Tata Defd. 1560 55 65 52/8 70 63/12 67/3 52/8 57/8
Tata Ord. 296 95/8 97/8 96 97 94/8 95/8
Tata 2nd Pref. 137 37/4 37

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 347/8 52/8 50
A.C.C. 165 67 65/8 66 65/4 65/8
A.C.C. new 105 4 5
Belapur 280 79/8 82 79
B. B. Old 395 93/12 96/4 95 96/4 93/12
Petrol 2/0/6
Dharamshi 34/8
I. Bleaching 175
I. Trust 98/8
P. Construction 199/8 98 200 197 198
Shivrajpur 35/8
Tata Chemical 14/14 15/2 15
Tata Pref. 135
Tata Oil 60 59/8
Walchandnagar 215
Wimco 307/8 5/10 6/4

SPECIAL

Central New 88 8
India Coupon 36 37 36/8
Belapur Coupon 71/8 73/12

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, Sept. 24

The Produce market was fairly steady to-day with trading mostly restricted and price fluctuations were confined to narrow range.

Castorseed May delivery opened at Rs. 123 and after improving at Rs. 123-10 steadied at Rs. 123-8. Groundnuts and Linseeds markets were steady with a small turnover.

In London Linseed Calcutta is quoted at £59, Bombay at £60, Groundnut £68 and Castorseeds Bombay at £58 while Brazilian Castorseeds are placed at £39-10-0.

The market improved at Rs. 124-8 for Castorseeds. Teji Mundi will be settled to marrow and premium for the next settlement is Rs. 5-8. Closing quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS:			
Khandesh quality	34	4	0
Coromandal	33	0	0
Bold ready	33	4	0
Bold December-January	29	6	0
CASTORSEEDS:			
Ready	31	4	0
May delivery	123	12	0
LINSEEDS:			
Ready	27	2	0
Sept.-Oct. delivery	27	2	0
Nov.-Dec. delivery	27	6	0
GROUNDNUT OILS:			
Ready receipts	18	10	0
October	18	6	0
November	17	11	0
December	17	7	0
Linseed oil	16	9	0
Castorseed oil first pressing	19	0	0
Castorseed oil Commercial quality	17	8	0

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Sept. 24.

The local Bullion market was fairly steady with moderate business passing.

Price movement was confined to a narrow range on either side under short covering and long liquidation.

Forward Silver opened at Rs. 169/8 and declined at Rs. 169 on moderate liquidation. At this level there was active short covering and the market advanced at Rs. 169/15 but reacted at Rs. 169/8 on renewed selling. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 172/4.

Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 114 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 76/4.

The market finally closed as under:—

Ready Silver	172	5	0
Forward Silver	169	3	0
Ready Gold	114	0	0
Sovereigns	76	8	0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 24.

B. C. Rates I 1 D D 1/5 15/16 Ready
B. C. Rates T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 months
London Banks Buying I T 1/6 1/32 to 9th month
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5 32 to 4th month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th month
New York Montreal B C Rate I 1 Rs. 332-1/4
Banks Selling I 1 D D Rs 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs 330
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4
Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329 Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 L/C.
Paris Bank Selling I 1 Fcs 6400
Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 6550
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D Fl 79
Belgium Banks Selling I I D D Fcs 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D Gldi 79
Hongkong Banks Selling I I D D Rs. 84
Singapore Banks Selling I I D D Rs. 157
Manila Banks Selling T I D D Rs 165 1/4

CROSS RATE:—New York/London dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Afghani Rs 52.31/53.43; London Alexandria Pia 97 1/4-3/4; London Amsterdam Fl. 10.68-70; London Bangkok Tel 40; London Belgium Fcs 178 1/2-3/4 London Denmark Kr 19-32-36; London Hongkong 1-3 1/16; London Iran RS 128/130; London Java Fl 10.68-70; London Lisbon Es 99.80-100-20; London Manila Pes 8.09-8.14, London Montreal dol 4.02 3/4-4.03-1/4; London New York dol 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London Oslo Kr 19.98-20.02; London Paris Fcs 863.-40-864.60; London Prague K 201-202; London Singapore 2/4 2/4 1/8 London Stockholm Kr 14.47-50, London Switzerland Fcs 17.34—36 London Syria 880/5

DISCOUNT RATES:—London Discts 3 Mos 9/16 p c London Discts 6 Mos 5/8 p c. Reserve Bank Rate 3 p c Bank of England Rate 2 p c

Money: Call 1/2 p c 3 Mos 3/4 pc 6 Mos 1 p c 12 Mos 1-1/2 p c
Tone:—Easy

Canadian Gold Production Reaches Highest Point

OTTAWA, Sept. 23 (UPA). Canadian gold production during June reached its highest point since August 1943, amounting to 288,944 fine ounces, the Dominion Statics Board reported today.

The output for August, 1943 was 293,358 fine ounces the Bureau said.

In May of this year production was 287,055 ounces while in June of last year it was 268,900 ounces.

Gold production for the fire six months of this year totalled 1,694,741 fine ounces compared with 1,513,975 during the same period in 1947.

FAILURE OF CROPS IN AHMEDABAD DISTRICT

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 24 (API).—"Worst conditions on record are developing in many parts of Ahmedabad District as the result of failure of crops", according to an official source who said that the conditions would change if it rains even now about five inches.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, September 24.

S. S. KALAVATI

From Karachi: 26 cases perforated zinc sheets, 396 bags kishmish, 12 bags apricots dry fruits, 9,780 bags cement.

S. S. BARJORA

From Muscat: 14,211 bags dry dates, 48 bags wet dates, 248 bags sardines.

From Bunder Abbas: 200 cases assafoetida, 661 bags papaya seeds, 144 bags almonds, 63 jottas kishmish, 152 bags monster shells, 343 bags cumin seeds, 128 jottas resins, 35 jottas rose buds.

From Kuwait: 182 bundles wool.

S. S. LOUIS MCHENRY HOWE

From Los Angelles: 350 drums lubricating oil, 3,964 bags soda ash.

From San Francisco: 52 drums caustic soda, 1,171 bags soda ash.

From Hongkong: 198 cases hurrilantern's, 67 cases torches, 198 cases bulbs, 2,900 bales bilbi, 625 bales cassia ligma, 100 cases fire crackers, 63 cases tin torches, 420 cases resin, 36 cases camphor powder, 285 cases lanterns, 45 coils manila ropes.

S. S. STAR OF CAIRO

From Leghorn: 27 cases blankets and rugs, 278 bales Italian origin rugs, 8,059 cases marble marble tiles, 157 cases marble slabs, 25 cases plaids, 58 cases sewing cotton threads, 27 cases cinema apparatus.

From Genoa: 144 cases typewriters, 67 barrels aniline dyestuff, 25 bales art silk staple fibre yarn, 25 bale staple fibre yarn, 52 drums aniline colours.

From Alexandria: 1,001 bales cotton.

From Aden: 100 empty drums.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT:

S. S. DWARKA

To Karachi: 10 baskets betel leaces —Roshali Bros. 60 baskets betel leaves —Bombay Rebooking Agency. 35 baskets betel leaves—K. Vaallabhdas. 24 bales cotton piecegoods—Vijaykumar & Co. xm

To Kuwait: 5 bales cotton piecegoods—A. H. Shaya.

S. S. GAMARIA

To Singapore: 50 bags corriander seed and 20 bags turmeric— P. Bhiyanjilal.

To Penang: 10 bags turmeric and 15 bags fenel seeds—H. Abidali.

S. S. FATIMA

To Karachi: 50 drums mawra oil—D. H. P. Moosa.

S. S. LOUIS MCHENRY HOWE

To New York: 85 bags celery seeds and 107 zags niger seers—B. Ramsingh. 167 bags niger seed—J. Jagdishsingh.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVAL

"JEHANGIR" from Jeddah in balast on 23rd September. Agents: Turner Morrison & Co. Ltd.

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO, Sept. 13.

Grains were quiet and steady on scattered commission house demand and buying by commercial interests with flour mills lifting hedges in wheat against export flour sales to the production and marketing administration stop. The P.M.A. purchased an estimated 700,000 hundred pound weight overnight reportedly paying 515 cents per 100 pounds weight for 72 per cent extraction and 505 for 80 per cent delivery Gulf ports prior to November 6th. Towards the close maize declined to new lows for the day largely reflecting the lower trend in the cash market. Other grains held about steady.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, Sept.23.

American Telephone & Telegraph,	151-3/8
Amerex Holding Co.,	24-3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining,	35
Chase National Bank,	35-3/4
Sinclair Oil,	24-1/2
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.,	46-1/4
General Electric Co.,	39-1/4
General Motors.	60-1/2
Ingersol rand,	66 bid
International Nickel,	30-5/8
National City Bank of New York,	39-3/4
New York Central Rail Road,	16-1/2
Socony Vacuum Corporation,	18-3/8
Texas Corporation,	55-1/2 ex div
Union Carbide Newstock,	40
U. S. Smelting refining mining Co.	44-3/4 ex div bid
U. S. Steel Corporation common,	79
Western Union Telegraph	19-1/8

WALL STREET MARKET BARELY STEADY

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.

Interest slackened materially owing to the international political uncertainties. Changes either way rarely reached one dollar with losses slightly in majority. Leading department stores, textiles, steels, rails chemicals, aircrafts and oils averaged lower. Oils wer ea trifle unsettled by the effects of the continued westcoast refinery strike. The averages were 178.43 and Rails 59.48. Still sluggish prices sagged occasionally. The settlement of the Briggs manufacturing strike helped motors somewhat. Textiles averaged fractionally lower under high pressure, particularly cotton and woolen mills operating in New England in which price resistance has brought numerous production cutbacks to avoid piling up of inventories and a complete shutdown in some highcost Units. The session closed barely steady with the composite average rate slightly lower.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Sept. 23

December	2.25 3/4 to 2
May	2.16 3/4
July	2.01

LONDON WHEAT

London, Sept. 23

London Australian wheat bulk October-November 109

London Exchanges unchanged.

Mass Production Of Cotton Picking Machines In U.S.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24: Cotton picking machines now are being produced in the United States by assembly-line methods. The assembly-line production will increase substantially the number of machines available in cotton-growing regions where labour shortages have developed during and since the war.

The assembly-line picker is a one-man, single-row picker of the selective type, which harvests cotton from open bolls without damaging those unopened. The International Harvester Company, manufacturer of the picker, has designed it particularly for areas in which several pickings are necessary, such as the rich delta region in the states of Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi and Missouri. It is reported that the picker can do the work of between 15 and 20 men.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture estimates that about 1,000 of the assembly-line pickers are now in use in the southern section of the United States and in irrigated areas in the states of New Mexico, California and Arizona, in the western part of the country.—USIS

New York Cotton Market Dips Finally Under Flurry Of Hedge Selling

NEW YORK, Sept. 23 (UPA).—Cotton futures dipped finally under a flurry of hedge selling and liquidation to end an otherwise quiet and unexciting session. The volume was light and fluctuations the narrowest at the same time. The trading stalemate is expected to continue until some new and definite incentives materialize.

The open position for October was below 185,000 bales while certificated stock was below 53,500 bales. Most of the stock was reputed to be owned by one spot firm which also was presumed to hold long positions for October futures.

October was around 31-35 cents per pound, about 15 points about the Houston spot basis. The theory is that futures contracts will have to go to a substantial premium to bring about contract deliveries.

A leading spot firm in its weekly crop letter describes conditions now as very favourable with harvesting making good to excellent progress in nearly every section. The firm estimated that about 30 per cent of the crop was gathered in the east, 25 per cent in the central belt and about 40 per cent in the western states.

Overnight the Economic Co-operation Administration announced authorizations to buy nearly $25,000,000 worth of American cotton for shipment to French and Bizonal Germany. The appropriation would involve upwards of 142,000 bales but the news was uninfluential since ECA indicated what portion, if any, was already contracted for by European receivers.

The market opened unchanged to five lower. It backed and filled within a range of five points until a final flurry of selling when the market closed at seven to twelve lower.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept. 23

October	31.31—07
December	30.87—07
December highest	30.95+01
December lowest	30.87—07
March	30.64—10
May	30.42—09
July	29.73—08
Middling Spot	32.01—12

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Sept. 23.

October	31.23—09
December	30.87—05
March	30.65—08
May	30.42—10
Middling Spot	31.10—10

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

Alexandria, Sept. 23

KARNAK:—	
January	74.45—230
March	74.63—230
ASHMOUNI:—	
December	49.00—151
February	49.35—152

WORTH STREET TRADING MIXED

NEW YORK, Sept. 23: Trading on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market saw a mixed pattern today.

Print cloths remained under pressure feeling the effect of consistently lower bids. Drills and twills remained dull with bu

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd No B 1065

Rama Rau Praises India League's Work In America

JUSTIFIES ACTION AGAINST NIZAM'S STATE

Plea For U. S. Machinery And Dollar Exchange To Help Raise Our Standard Of Living

NEW YORK, Sept. 23 (Reuter): Sir Benegal Rama Rau, India's Ambassador in Washington, paid a tribute tonight to the United States "for the tremendous moral support they gave us during our struggle for independence.

Speaking at an India League of America dinner in his honour, Sir Benegal said: "Ever since Mahatma Gandhi descended from his spiritual heights into the Indian political arena the Indian struggle for independence attracted worldwide attention.

"The high spiritual ideals which inspired all his actions and the novel political technique of non-co-operation which he evolved to achieve independence without resort to violence, evoked a great volume of goodwill among all thinking classes in this great country.

"India can never be sufficiently grateful to the United States for the tremendous moral support they gave us during our struggle for independence."

"The India League played a great part in counteracting the malicious anti-Indian propaganda that had been carried on in this country during and after the war. The League was also largely responsible for mobilising public opinion in favour of the Indian Immigration and Neturalisation Bill, which became law in 1946."

Sir Benegal said that although India had now achieved her independence, there were nevertheless many important spheres in which the League could do useful work for India.

"The establishment of cultural relations between India and America is a matter of great importance."

He added, "apart from the cultural aspect, I hope you will continue to do valuable propaganda work for our country American public opinion is a vital factor in international affairs, and it is essential that the true facts about India be widely known in this country."

NO INDO-PAK RE-UNION WITHOUT CHANGE OF HEART.

Dealing with the question of Indo-Pakistan relations, Sir Benegal said: "If in the dim distant future there is to be a re-united India, it must be as a result of a change of heart. It would be better if in the interest of both dominions we talked less about re-union and more about the establishment of cordial relations between the two dominions".

There was, of course, no objection to the League functioning for both India and Pakistan, he asserted, but he cautioned "you will be placed in an embarrassing position on occasions when the two dominions differ, as they unfortunately do, on various issues".

Sir Benegal said that one of the objects for which he understood the League was working was the re-union of India and Pakistan.

"Pakistan has been born out of fear and suspicion", he said, "and I feel that any attempt at this stage to re-unite the two dominions so far from bringing them into closer friendly relations, would only result in intensifying these fears and suspicions.

"As the Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, has stated in unambiguous terms in more than one public speech, Indian leaders have accepted the separation as a settled fact, and I do not think they would be prepared to consider a re-union at this stage, even if Pakistan initiates such a proposal.

TAKE DIVISION OF INDIA AS SETTLED FACT.

"I feel you could do far more useful work if you slightly readjusted your aims and objects. If you definitely recognised the division of the country as a settled fact, it would, I think be possible for you more effectively to promote friendly feelings between the two dominions and encourage collaboration in domestic as well as international affairs.

"The problem of re-union is not merely political and economic, but also psychological".

INDIA'S ACTION AGAINST HYDERABAD

Sir Benegal than dealt with "the two burning issues of the day, Hyderabad and Kashmir", and said he welcomed the opportunity of "placing the true facts about these questions, especially as there have been misunderstandings and misstatements in regard to these matters."

He outlined the circumstances that forced the Indian Government to demand that the section of the Indian Army which had been withdrawn last year to re-enter Hyderabad to restore law and order, and put a stop to the terrorist activities of the Razakars.

NOT AN 'INVASION'

The leadership of Pandit Nehru and Shri Rajagopalachari, "the most devoted friends and disciples of Mahatma Gandhi," he said, "is a guarantee that the Indian Government would not resort to force unless events made it absolutely impossible to stop such terrorist activities by peaceful methods.

"The so-called 'invasion', is not an 'invasion' in the sense in which that word is ordinarily used. It was an attempt to restore the Indian Army in Hyderabad in view of the widespread atrocities committed by a fanatical Muslim organisation, which had presumably reduced even the Nizam to a state of impotence.

"Now that Hyderabad has surrendered, it is the intention of the Indian Government to allow the people of Hyderabad to decide their future political destiny in accordance with their own wishes.

UNMISTAKEABLE INVASION BY PAKISTAN.

Sir Benegal said there were two aspects of the issue to which he wished to draw attention.

"For many months the representatives of Pakistan", he said, "had contended that they were not helping directly or indirectly the raiders from the north-west frontier who had invaded Kashmir. We produced on our side unassailable evidence of unprejudiced persons who, from personal observations, endorsed the Government of India's contention that Pakistan was rendering effective assistance to the raiders.

"Nevertheless a United Nations Commission was sent to India and, much to everyone's surprise soon after the Commission had arrived in India and was, of course, in a position to discover the actual facts, Pakistan in a memorandum, admitted that their troops had been fighting in Kashmir at any rate since May 1.

"They had given no intimation of the despatch of troops on this date, either to India or to the United Nations. Here is a definite unmistakable "invasion" in the real sense of the term, without any notice either to India or to the United Nations, who had taken cognisance of the Kashmir dispute.

"The Union Government have definitely accepted the cease-fire order on the conditions specified by the U.N.O. Commission Pakistan has not done so. The statement in some of the papers that India has imposed conditions which were unacceptable is, I can authoritatively state, incorrect".

U. S. NOT AGAINST INDIA.

After welcoming the Ambassador, Mr. J. J. Singh President of the India League of America, referred to the "widespread impression currently prevalent in India that the people and the Government of the United States were against India". Mr. Singh said: "My colleagues and I are rather disturbed that certain sections of the press in India and of the people of India have the erroneous impression that the Government and the people of the United States are against India. Let me categorically state that neither the Government, nor the people of the United States are against India.

"True, there are a lot of misunderstandings and misconceptions, and it is also true that vast numbers of Americans know little about India and therefore their understanding of happenings in India is far from perfect.

"My colleagues and I are constantly in touch with American public opinion and with the American Government. On the strength of our knowledge, I can assure you Mr. Ambassador, that by and large the American people are most sympathetic towards the ideals and aspirations of the people of India".

Referring to Hyderabad he said: "Instead of accepting, as 561 out of 562 other Indian Princes have done, the right of the people to have voice and representation in the Government, the Nizam has wanted to continue his feudalistic and medieval rule.

IF NIZAM WERE HONEST.

"If the Nizam had been honest, he would have announced months ago that he was willing to introduce democratic institutions. He would have put down the small, bigoted, zealous and fanatical society of Muslims with their "brown shirt" armies and "hooded" associations.

"After the assassination of Mahatma Gandhi, the Government of India banned all the so-called private armies—not only those connected with the Muslim organisations. But the Nizam of Hyderabad did not do so. He not only did not follow the excellent example of the Indian Government, but he encouraged these private armies and openly financed them.

NOT BECAUSE NIZAM IS MUSLIM.

"We do not believe that the Indian Government attacked the Nizam because he is a Muslim There are four other Muslim princes, including the powerful Nawab of Bhopal, who have acceded to India and who are to-day enjoying the same rights and privileges as Hindu princes.

"It is because we are for the civil liberties and the rights of the people, it is because we firmly believe in the principles of democracy, it is because we consider totalitarianism in any part of the world a danger to peace, that we are against the Nizam of Hyderabad.

HELP RAISE INDIA'S STANDARD OF LIVING.

Sir Benegal, diverting from his written text, appealed to Americans to help raise the standard of living of Indians.

"India deserves as much assistance as the Western European countries do," he asserted, and I hope America, which gave us such great moral support in our fight for independence will not fail us when we ask her to continue this cooperation and contribute towards the stability not only of Asia but of the whole world.

"We are not asking for subsidies. All that we want is machinery and dollar exchange".

Mr. N. L. Schram, President of the New York Stock Exchange, declared that India would grow "because Indians are a great people".

ADVICE TO INDIANS.

He added: "There is one thing you people must learn"—you must forget you are Hindus, Muslims or whatever term you use. You must be Indians".

Mr. William Phillips, President Roosevelt's personal representative to India, in a tribute to Sir Benegal said: "The powers that be in Washington are greatly impressed by his ability and his keen desire to explain to our Government the views and policies of his Government. I know no one in India who is so eminently qualified to represent his country in the United States".

FAMINE CONDITIONS IN AMRELI DIST.

Baroda To Despatch Foodgrains

(From Our Correspondent)

AMRELI, Sept. 24: The Hon. Revenue Minister, Sjt. Magxinbnai Patel specially came from Baroda to inspect the famine conditions in Amreli District. He toured in Damnagar villages, and also in Chalala, Khambha Dhari, Kodinar. Mammoth meeting was held in Amreli to hear him under Prant Prajamandal. Mr. Patel said they had all to fight against famine and in his tour he found officers and people co-operating.

Continuing he said: "I have gathered all materials and data about famine situation, relief and about crops and fodder He promised to try best to get foodgrains from Central Government and despatch them to Amreli.

Mr. Desai, Secretary to Mr. Patel then spoke.

It is reliably understood that the Subha has submitted a memo for grants and reliefs.

A.I.S.F. To Meet In Delhi In December

NEW DELHI, Sept. 24 (API): The All-India Student's Federation will hold its 12th annual conference in Delhi in the last week of December, it was announced here today by the General Secretary of the Federation.

STORM HAVOC IN CITY DOCKS

Scene at Alexandra Docks where two barges sank on Thursday when strong winds Hit Bombay.

Harijan Right Of Worship

Amendment To Bombay Temple Entry Act

BOMBAY, FRIDAY.

The definition of 'temple' for the purposes of the Bombay Harijan Temple Entry Act 1947 is being so enlarged as to confer on Harijans the same right to worship as is available to the Hindu Community or any section thereof. The 1947 Act, no doubt conferred on Harijans the same rights as other Hindus in general have regarding worship in temples, but the definition of 'temple' referred 'inter alia' to its use as of right by the Hindu community in general. In practice, this led to difficulties in establishing rights of Harijans, and in some cases temples which were freely open previously have since the passing of the Act been closed partially or wholly on the ground that they did not come within the purview of the Act.

The proposed definition reads: "Temple means a place, by whatever name known and whomsoever belonging which is used as a place of religious worship by custom, usage or otherwise by the members of the Hindu community or any section thereof and includes all land appurtenant therto and subsidiary shrines attached to any such place."

The amending legislation published in the Bombay Government Gazette of September 23, also repeals the Bombay Harijan Temple Worship (Removal of Disabilities) Act, 1938.

MORE FOOD SHIPS IN BOMBAY

Further Consignment Of Wheat From Russia

BOMBAY, Friday.

During the week ended September 18, 1948, three more food ships arrived in Bombay Port and started discharging the cargoes. Two brought 16,798 bags of East African wheat and 68,023 bags of Egyptian rice respectively while the third had a bulk cargo of 6,869 tons of Russian wheat.

Five more steamers, which were under clearance in the previous week, continued to discharge foodgrains during the period. The total discharges during the week under review were 5,858 tons giving a daily average of 837 tons.

DEFENCE ORGANISATION FOR PAKISTAN

Semi-Military Training For Volunteers; Rifle Clubs To Be Set Up In Different Parts Of Dominion

KARACHI, Sept. 24 (UPI): The Pakistan Minister for Interior, Information and Refugees, Khwaja Shahbuddin announced yesterday at a Press Conference, the Government's decision to establish a defence organisation with immediate effect throughout the Dominion.

He added: "Volunteers will perform their duties such as guarding, patrolling, traffic control and reporting, and intensive training of a semi-military nature would be given to make them useful during an emergency".

The Minister also revealed that the Government was setting up rifle clubs in various parts of Pakistan. Karachi alone would have a dozen rifle clubs with five thousand rifles to begin with, he said.

In reply to the question as to whether he thought that war was more likely now than before, Khwaja Shahbuddin said: "I am not thinking of war as being more likely now. We think it is necessary to strengthen our defences, both military and civil".

RUMOUR-MONGERING

In reply to another question the Minister stated that a very clever agency was creating rumours. "Its concentration is mainly in Karachi", he said.

COMMUNIST ACTIVITY

Stating that the activities of the Communists were engaging the attention of the Government, Khwaja Shahbuddin said: "We do not think that their activities are necessarily anti-Pakistan".

Khwaja Shahbuddin disclosd that the Government of India on Wednesday had submitted its list in respect of the exchange of prisoners between the two Dominions and that the Pakistan Government had also submitted its list to the Government of India.

Referring to the exchange of prisoners between India and Pakistan he said that the physical exchange of prisoners would most probably take place, as reported in the press, on 14th October at Ferozepore Cantonment in the East Punjab.

Asked if Doctor Abdul Ghani Qureshi's name was included in Pakistan's list of prisoners he replied in the affirmative.

The Minister observed that the question of the liberalisation of the Arms Act was under the consideration of the Ministry of Interior.

Asked about the recent arrest of a Karachi journalist, Khwaja Shahbuddin stated that the journalist had not been arrested for his journalistic activities and added tnat the measures that were being adopted in connection with ending rumour-mongering would in no way affect freedom of the press.

Bombay To Have Custodian For Evacuee Property

The Government of Bombay proposes to appoint a Custodian for all the evacuee property situated in the Province. The necessary enabling legislation, published in the Bombay Government Gazette of September 23, contains Provisions for the maintenance of accounts of the property of evacuees and its return to them on their coming back to the Province.

BERLIN, Sept. 23 (Reuter): The Soviet Military Tribunal in Berlin tonight drastically reduced the sentence of 25 years' hard labour imposed on five Germans for anti-Soviet activities during the big anti-Communist demonstration of September nine to sentences ranging from one to eight years hard labour.

RAZVI'S HUMBLE START IN LIFE

From Supervisorship Of Dining Halls To Razakar Leadership

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 24, (U.P.I.): The village of Bilram in the Etah district of the United Provinces has the dubious distinction of being the home of notorious Razakar leader, Kasim Razvi, now in military custody. His family still lives there.

Kasim Razvi, whose father was employed in the Awagarh Estate, also in Etah district, as a Ziledar, is a law graduate of the Aligarh University, having taken the degree about the year 1929. He stayed on at the University as supervisor of its dining halls on a small monthly salary, but his services were dispensed with after a brief period. He then started a restaurant at Etah but the business failed and he moved to Allahabad where he joined the Bar starting practice in the Lower Courts.

This brought no better luck and like so many others of his kind before him, he drifted to Hyderabad in search of livelihood. Once there, he did not take long to discover that he was useless as a lawyer and sought some other occupation. So he turned his attention to other pursuits, seized control of the Majlis Ittehadul Muslimeen, formed the Razakar organisation and launched on his career of plunder and murder.

CUTTACK, Sept. 24 (UPI): A panel of three names have been submitted by the Utkal University Senate to the Governor of Orissa for nominating the Vice-Chancellor of the Utkal University for the ensuing year.

Rai Bahadur Chintamani Acharya, Pandit Godavari Misra and Dr. P. K. Parija were elected in respective order for submission to the Governor by the Senate at a meeting held yesterday.

BARODA'S NEW ORDINANCE

Periodicals Endangering Public Safety To Be Prohibited

BARODA, Sept. 24, (A.P.I.): The Maharajah of Baroda has promulgated an ordinance to control publication prejudicial to public safety or public order in Baroda State It will come into force immediately.

Called the publication and Press (Control) Ordinance 1948 the Ordinance empowers Government to prohibit entry or circulation in the State of any periodical or any other publication. Printing in the State of any publication or of any matter relating to certain subjects may also be prohibited and Government may demand for scrutiny any matter relating to a particular subject or may keep a press under seal for a period not exceeding three months.

The Ordinance also provides that the Government or the officer to whom powers of the Government are delegated will be the final judge of the circumstance justifying the exercise of the powers under the Ordinance and it will not be within the province of any court of law to question this discretion. Contravention of the provisions of the Ordinance is punishable with imprisonment for a term extending to one year or with fine, or with both.

BHANOT GOES BACK EMPTY-HANDED

Explosives Expert Too Ill To Give Evidence

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. P. N. Bhanot, Registrar, Special Judge's Court at Red Fort, Delhi, trying Nathuram V. Godse and others in the Mahatma Gandhi Murder Case, who came here to record the evidence of Mr. Y. S. Paranjpaye, explosives expert and one of the witnesses in the case, is leaving Bombay on Sunday without examining Mr. Paranjpaye.

Mr. Paranjpaye was seriously injured some time ago while he was examining a bomb at the Haffkins Institute and since then he is lying ill in his house at Shivaji Park, Dadar. Mr. Bhanot was deputed from Delhi to record Mr. Paranjpaye's evidence here but Dr. G. M. Phadke and Dr. V. S. Bapat who are attending on Mr. Paranjpaye informed Mr. Bhanot that the condition of Mr. Paranjpaye was not fit to give evidence at this stage and they requested Mr. Bhanot to postpone recording of evidence till Mr. Paranjpaye's recovery.

Mr. Bhanot, accompanied by Mr. C. K. Daphatry, Chief prosecuting counsel, and Deputy Commissioner Nagarwala are, therefore, leaving Bombay by air for Delhi on Sunday, while Mr. V. V. Oak, defence counsel, is leaving for Delhi tomorrow.

C.P. REFUGEE CAMPS TO CLOSE ON OCT. 1

Countless Families Returning To Hyderabad From Union Territory

NAGPUR, Sept. 23 (API): The closure of all camps in which Hyderabad refugees had been sheltered on the border of C. P. and Berar districts and Hyderabad State have been ordered with effect from Oct. 1. Reports received here in the office of the Refugee Commissioner to the Provincial Government indicate that during the last four days countless families of Hindu refugees from Hyderabad already returned to their homes in Hyderabad territory and the trek-back from Indian Union border to Hyderabad territory was still in progress. The latest figure of these refugees about a week ago who had been sheltering on the border areas of Berar and Chanda in C. P. was 1,08,000. Many refugee families returned of their own accord to their places within Hyderabad territory after Nizam's capitulation and the assumption of full control by the Military Governor, Major General J. N. Chowdhry over the administration of State territory. These camps had been functioning for the last eight months in the border areas and C. P. Government border officials continued to give all possible help to Hyderabad refugees. Fully confident of practically normal conditions now prevailing in areas of Hyderabad State adjoining C. P. and Berar border, these refugees still continue daily to return to their places in Hyderabad territory of Parbhani, Nanded and Adilabad districts. The C. P. Government have therefore ordered the closure of all the camps on the C. P. Hyderabad border with effect from Oct. 1.

SALVAGE OF CITY MILCH CATTLE

Committee Visiting Bombay Today

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Salvage of City Milch Cattle Committee, appointed by the Indian Agricultural Research Committee, will be visiting Bombay tomorrow to investigate the problem of the salvage of city milch cattle.

The Committee will be in Bombay upto October 1, and will visit the cattle stables in the city and suburbs, Government Milk Colony at Aarey, slaughter houses, cattle salvage centres at Palghar, livestock siding and hay markets, gowshallas and milk distribution arrangements in Bombay. They will also examine a number of witnesses and representatives of all sections of trade and then make the recommendations to the Government

MUTT AND JEFF—Box Score: Two Runs, No Hits No Errors

By BUD FISHER

MUTT, LOOK AT THE PRETTY CAT I FOUND IN THE WOODS!
?
GET OUT OF HERE WITH THAT!
WHY, MUTT? SHE'S A NICE LITTLE PET!
YOU CAN'T KEEP THAT THING IN MY KITCHEN!
WHY, MUTT?
JUST THINK OF THE ODOR IN HERE!
OH, HECK! THAT'S ALL RIGHT SHE'LL GET USED TO IT, SAME AS I DID!

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